APPENDIX A

STANISLAUS COUNTY HOUSING ELEMENT

COUNTY OF STANISLAUS, CALIFORNIA HOUSING CONDITION ASSESSMENT



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VI-182



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SECTION 1

STANISLAUS COUNTY: HOUSING CONDITION ASSESSMENT

INTRODUCTION

In July 2002, the County of Stanislaus Redevelopment Agency contracted with Laurin Associates, Inc. for a Housing Condition Survey to be conducted in specified unincorporated portions of the County.

The Housing Condition Survey will enable the County to evaluate the housing conditions, types, locations and number of dwelling units throughout the unincorporated areas and to target areas most in need of housing rehabilitation. The primary use for the housing condition survey is to incorporate the data into the County's housing element and to allow planners and decision-makers to determine if opportunities exist for securing state and federal funding for housing and community redevelopment.

REGIONAL SETTING

Stanislaus County

Situated in the Central Valley of California, 70 miles west of San Francisco, Stanislaus County is famous for its beauty, charm and one of the most productive agricultural regions in the world. The County was created on April 1, 1854 from a portion of Tuolumne County, and is named for the Stanislaus River, first discovered by Gabriel Moraga in 1806.

The 1,516 square miles (970,169 acres) of Stanislaus County reach from the foothills of the Sierra Nevada Mountains to California's Coastal Range. The area averages 12 inches of rainfall each year and experiences a full spectrum of the seasons, with temperatures ranging from an average low of 38° F in the winter, to an average high in the 90's during the summer months. The County contains over 386,000 acres of farmland and over 375,000 acres of grazing land, ranking number eight among California counties in the value of its agricultural commodities, with a gross total of over \$1.3 billion in 2001. The primary farm products are dairy, almonds, poultry, cattle, and fruit and nut nursery stock. The diverse economy includes manufacturing, high technology, consumer products, packaging, and food processing.

Several major highways including Interstate 5 and Highway 99, two of California's major north-south routes, intersect Stanislaus County. Highways 132, 108, and 120 are the east-west arteries running through the County. This highway system provides convenient and efficient means of shipping to all major markets. Over 90 interstate truck lines and over 100 contract carriers

operate in Stanislaus County. Overnight delivery is available from all Stanislaus County locations to all major domestic and international markets. The Port of Stockton, 30 miles north of Stanislaus County, provides a deep-water port with direct access to the Pacific Ocean. The Port of Oakland, 70 miles to the northwest, is Northern California's world-class container port. It is the fourth largest in the United States and one of the largest in the world. Modesto City-County Airport offers service through Sky West. Local air charter service is available through Modesto Flight Center and Sky Trek Aviation. Full domestic and international service is available at Sacramento, San Jose, Oakland, and San Francisco airports, which are all within 90 to 120 minutes from Stanislaus County. An Amtrack station located on Parker Road in Modesto opened in October 1999, and serves commuters between the County and the Bay Area. Greyhound Bus Lines and Dial-a-Ride, as well as local fixed route bus services within the communities are available throughout much of the County.

The Altamont Commute Express (ACE) train runs twice daily in both directions through the Altamont Pass from Stockton to San Jose. Burlington Northern Santa Fe and Union Pacific Railroads serve many County locations. The locally-owned and privately operated Modesto & Empire Traction Company (M&ET) short-line, operates a modern intermodal facility in the Beard Industrial Tract. M&ET services heavy industrial users with interconnections to transcontinental lines.

There are fourteen school districts spread throughout the County offering K-12 education, as well as California State University, Stanislaus in Turlock, and Modesto Community College. The Stanislaus Partners In Education (SPIE) is a countywide organization founded by the Stanislaus County Board of Supervisors in 1991. SPIE's purpose is to facilitate business and education partnerships to help the schools prepare students for the workplace.

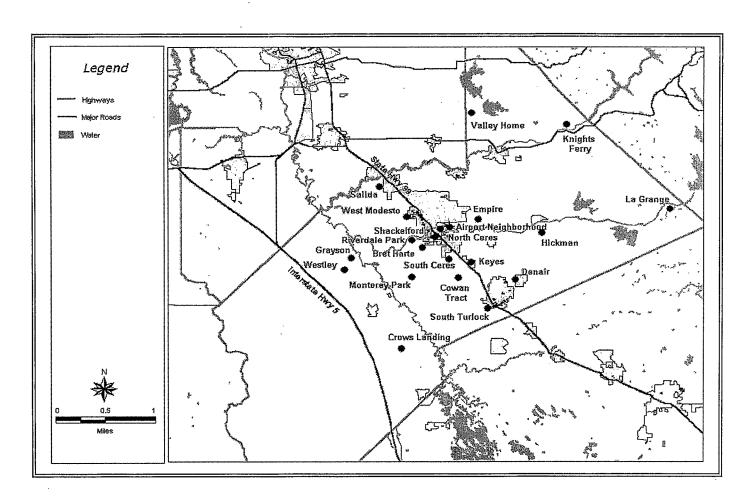
UNINCORPORATED STANISLAUS COUNTY HOUSING CONDITIONS

The County of Stanislaus identified 21 unincorporated communities and neighborhoods for the Housing Condition Survey. They are:

Airport Neighborhood, Bret Harte Neighborhood, Cowan Tract, Crows Landing, Denair, Empire, Grayson, Hickman, Keyes, Knights Ferry, La Grange, Monterey Park, North Ceres, Riverdale Park, Salida, Shackelford Neighborhood, South Ceres, South Turlock, Valley Home, Westley, and West Modesto. See Exhibit 1.

The results of the housing condition survey are presented in a narrative and tabular format for each community and neighborhood. In each community or neighborhood, its residential housing units are identified by housing type and housing condition.

EXHIBIT 1-1 UNINCORPORATED COMMUNITIES STANISLAUS COUNTY, CALIFORNIA



SURVEY PROCEDURE

The Housing Condition Inventory was conducted from July 2002 to March 2003. Personnel of Laurin Associates completed a Housing Condition Inventory assessment for each residential structure found in the designated communities and neighborhoods, but omitted housing units scattered beyond the concentrated neighborhoods. Housing units on large agricultural parcels and in distant rural areas beyond the concentrated housing tracts were deemed impractical to assess given the time and fiscal constraints of the survey.

Each structure was rated according to criteria established by the State Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD). There are five structural categories: foundation, roofing, siding, windows, and doors. Within each category, the housing unit is rated from "no repairs needed" to "replacement needed." Points are added together for each unit and a designation is made as follows:

SOUND	9 or less points: no repairs needed, or only one minor repair needed such as exterior painting or window repair.
MINOR .	10 to 15 points: two or more minor repairs needed, such as patching and painting of siding or roof patching or window replacement; or one major repair needed, such as roof replacement.
MODERATE	16 to 39 points: two or three minor repairs needed, such as those listed above, or a combination of minor and major repairs.
SUBSTANTIAL	40 to 55 points: repairs generally needed to all surveyed items: foundation, roof, siding, window, and electrical.
DILAPIDATED	56 or more points: the costs of repair would exceed the cost to replace the residential structure.

Only identifiable residential properties were surveyed. It is possible that some of the recreational vehicles (RVs) are inhabited. It is also possible that there are living units within commercial or industrial buildings, however, these were not considered.

The following table summarizes the number of persons, households and housing units assessed in the inventory. Some demographic data was unavailable due to the lack of a cohesive geographic census-tracking unit available.

TABLE 1-1 SURVEY DISTRIBUTION UNINCORPORATED STANISLAUS COUNTY - 2003

NAME OF	POPULATION 2000	HOUSEHOLDS 2000	NUMBER OF HOUSING UNITS
COMMUNITY			ASSESSED
AIRPORT	1,590**	550**	561
NEIGHBORHOOD	1,550	330	301
BRET HARTE	5,028	1,162	2,144
CERES SOUTH	1,415**	430**	436
COWAN TRACT	316.	98	89
CROWS LANDING	218	71	102
DENAIR*	3,588	1,155	521
EMPIRE	3,784	1,120	1,034
GRAYSON	1,086	274	268
HICKMAN	409	140	202
KEYES	4,442	1,373	1,650
KNIGHTS FERRY	77.	27	40
LA GRANGE	37	22	49
MODESTO WEST	10,404**	3,600**	3,777
MONTEREY PARK	72	22	55
NORTH CERES	5,722**	1,980**	1,991
RIVERDALE PARK	2,658	738 .	205
SALIDA*	12,560	3,560	1,402*
SHACKELFORD	5,054	1,304	828
TURLOCK SOUTH	1,967**	660**	669
VALLEY HOME	. 67	26	28
WESTLEY	757	120	23 .
TOTAL	40,084	11,194	16,074

NOTE: For this study, the estimated number of households refers to full-time or year round households.

Source: 2000 US Census; Laurin Associates, 2002-2003

^{*} A 33 percent sample of housing units was conducted in the communities of Denair and Salida

^{**} US Census 2000 data unavailable. Population and Household numbers are estimated based on average persons per household and average occupancy rate

HOUSING TYPES

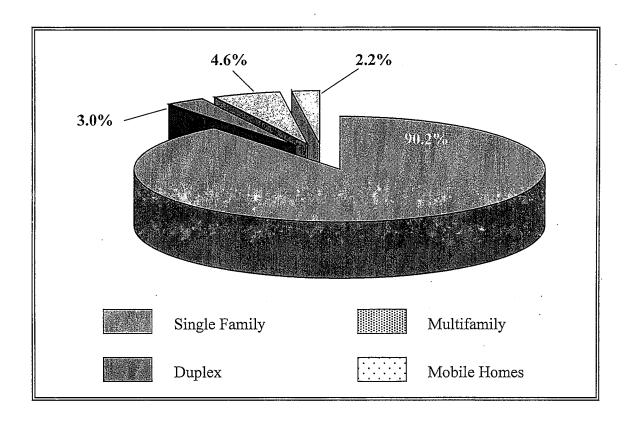
A total of 16,074 residential units were surveyed in the entire study area. The survey showed a total of 90.2 percent of the housing units were single-family units, 3.0 percent were duplexes, 4.6 percent were multifamily units, and 2.2 percent were classified as mobile homes.

TABLE 1-2 HOUSING UNITS, UNINCORPORATED STANISLAUS COUNTY

COMMUNITY OR DEVELOPED AREA	SINGLE EAMILY	DUPLEX	MULTI FAMILY,	MOBILE HOME
Airport	484	14	53	10
Bret Harte	2,067	44	28	5
Ceres South	245	. 98	12	81
Cowan Tract	85	0	0	4
Crows Landing	102	0	0	0
Denair*	450	· 12	34	25
Empire	886	16	56	76
Grayson	263	0	0	5
Hickman	193	0	0	9
Keyes	1,510	44	86	10
Knights Ferry	38	0 .	0	2
La Grange	40	0	0	9
Modesto West	3,673	56	48	0
Monterey Park	46	0	0	9
North Ceres	1,701	120	76	94
Riverdale Park	204	0	0	1
Salida*	1,226	22	153	1
Shackelford	802	10	15	1
Turlock South	429	42	184	14
Valley Home	25	0	0	3
Westley	23	0	0	0
TOTAL	14,492	478	745	359

^{*} A 33 percent sample of housing units was taken in these communities

FIGURE 1-1 HOUSING UNITS BY TYPE UNINCORPORATED AREAS OF STANISLAUS COUNTY - 2003

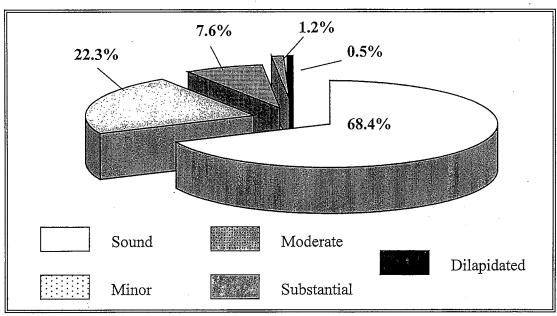


Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey, 2002-2003

HOUSING CONDITIONS

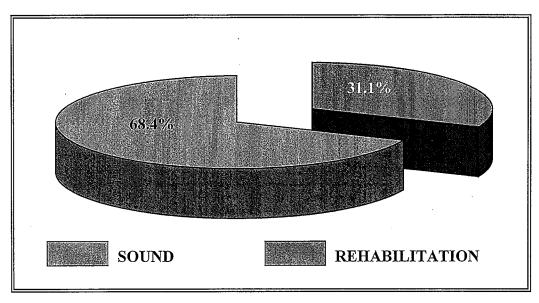
A total of 11,000 housing units (68.4 percent) are in sound condition, with no repairs needed, while 3,593 units (22.3 percent) need minor repairs. An additional 1,222 units (7.6 percent) need moderate repairs, and only 185 units (1.2 percent) require substantial repair. A total of 74 housing units (0.5 percent) were found to be dilapidated. As a result, a total of 5,000 (31.1 percent) of the residential units are classified as qualifying for rehabilitation due to their current state of disrepair.

FIGURE 1-2 HOUSING UNITS BY CONDITION UNINCORPORATED AREAS OF STANISLAUS COUNTY 2003



Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey, 2002-2003

FIGURE 1-3 HOUSING UNITS IN NEED OF RAHBILITATION



The following table shows the housing condition summary by community, housing type and number of housing units within a specific housing condition category:

TABLE 1-3 NUMBER OF HOUSING UNITS BY CONDITION UNINCORPORATED AREAS OF STANISLAUS COUNTY - 2003

	The second secon	Sales of the second sec	September 600 September 500	CONTRACTOR SEASONS OF THE SEASONS OF	***************************************	Allers Const. Serv. Process		A Section of the Sect	CONT. CONTRA	Sales Margaret C. J. Sci.		S Kamaran Maria			10.00			
NAME OF COMMINITY	S	SOUND		N	MINOR		MOD	MODERATE	LE	SUBS	SUBSTANTIAL	IAL	DIL	APIDATED	TED	\mathbb{L}	FOTAL	
All the real file and the real file of the second s	SF	MF	MH	SF	MF	MH	SF	M	MH	SF	MF	MH	SF	MF	MH	SF	MF	M
								Ĥ										
Airport	234	19	5	215	46	5	34	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	484	29	10
Bret Harte	894	38	4	787	32	0	321	2		51	0	0	14	0	0	2,067	72	5
Ceres South	134	92	59	75	18	20	28	0		7	0	-	-	0	0	245	110	81
Cowan Tract	39	0	0	34	0	3	6	0	,1	2	0	0		0	0	85	0	4
Crows Landing	09	0	0	33	0	0	7	0	0	-	0	0		0	0	102	0	0
Denair	329	46	0	103	0	25	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	450	46	25
Empire	563	99	73	. 277	14	3	38	0	0	5	0	0	3	7	0	988	72	9/
Grayson	190	0	4	38	0	П	22	0	0	9	0	0	7	0	0	263	0	5
Hickman	137	0	9	37	0	2	15	0	0	2	0	1	2	0	0	193	0	6
Keyes	1,098	59	0	304	52	10	26	19	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	1,510	130	10
Knights Ferry	25	0	1	8	0	-	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	. 38	0	7
La Grange	19	0	2	7	0	5	10	0		3	0		I	0	0	40	0	6
Modesto West	3,118	74	0	445	26	0	100	4	0	6	0	0	I	0	0	3,673	104	0
Monterey Park	19	0	0	16	0	0	4	0	4		0	2	9	0	3	46	0	6
North Ceres	1,018	133	47	446	35	26	207	28	21	26	0	0	4	0	0	1,701	196	94
Riverdale Park	137	0	1	64	0	0	2	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	204	0	
Salida	1,154	175		53	0	0	11	0	0	9	0	0	2	0	0	1,226	175	-
Shackelford	382	7	1	213	6	0	162	. 5	0	40	0	0	5	4	0	802	25	
Turlock South	296	210	8	\$8	8	2	32	∞	3	∞	0	0	8	0	П	429	226	14
Valley Home	21	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	25	0	m
Westley	6	0	0	8	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	23	0	0
TOTAL	9,876	606	215	3,250	240	103	1,122	89	32	180	0	5	64	9	4	14,496	1,223	359
Note: For the purposes of this table, duplex and multifamily have	ses of this t	able dur	lex and	multifami	11-	neen merged togeth	ed together	r under	the category	١,٠	Multifamily	14						

Note: For the purposes of this table, duplex and multifamily have been merged together under the category "Multifamily.

Stanislaus County

Housing Condition Assessment 2003

County Summary

HOUSING CONDITION RANKING

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as in need of Minor, Moderate, or Substantial repair. Housing units classified as dilapidated are excluded because it is assumed that the cost of rehabilitation exceeds the cost to replace the existing structure. The following table ranks the proportion and number of housing units in need of rehabilitation for each community or neighborhood. The Community of Bret Harte ranked number one for both the percentage and number of housing units in need of rehabilitation. The remaining survey areas ranked at different places with respect to proportion and number, except for Valley Home, which ranked eighteenth on the list of areas in need of significant rehabilitation.

TABLE 1-4
NEED OF REHABILITATION RANKING
UNINCORPORATED AREAS OF STANISLAUS COUNTY

COMMUNITY			HOUSING UNITS		
OR DEVELOPED AREA	TO SERVICE OF THE PARTY OF THE	RANK BY NUMBER	ACCOUNTS TO SERVICE OF THE SERVICE O	ED OF EITATION Percent	
Airport	3	7	229	53.7%	
Bret Harte	1	1	1,204	56.2%	
Ceres South	9	8	152	33.7%	
Cowan Tract	2	13	49	55.1%	
Crows Landing	6	14	42	41.2%	
Denair Denair	14	9	146	28.0%	
Empire	11	6	337	32.6%	
Grayson	15	11	67	25.0%	
Hickman	13	12	57	28.2%	
Keyes	12	4	501	30.5%	
Knights Ferry	16	16	13	22.5%	
La Grange	2	15	27	55.1%	
Modesto West	17	3	586	15.6%	
Monterey Park	5	15	27	49.1%	
North Ceres	7	2	789	40.6%	
Riverdale Park	10	11	67	32.7%	
Salida	19	10	70	5.0%	
Shackelford	4	5	429	51.8%	
Turlock South	17	9	146	15.6%	
Valley Home	18	18	2	7.1%	
Westley	8	17	9	39.1%	

Depending on the County's objectives, ranking areas requiring rehabilitation is generally a subjective decision based on either the number or percentage of total housing units in a specific area in need of minor to substantial repair. For this reason the areas have been ranked by both proportion and number of housing units in need of rehabilitation. The following table ranks the communities or neighborhoods with the highest *percentage* of residential units in need of rehabilitation.

TABLE 1-5 NEED OF REHABILITATION RANKING BASED ON PERCENTAGE OF UNITS

COMMUNITY OR NEIGHBORHOOD	RANK BY PERCENT	PERCENT OF HOUSING UNITS IN NEED OF REHABILITATION
Bret Harte	1	56.2%
Cowan Tract	2	55.1%
La Grange	2	55.1%
Airport	3	53.7%
Shackelford	4	51.8%
Monterey Park	5	49.1%
Crows Landing	6	41.2%
North Ceres	7	40.6%
Westley	8	39.1%
Ceres South	9	33.7%
Riverdale Park	10	32.7%
Empire	11	32.6%
Keyes	12	30.5%
Hickman	13	28.2%
Denair	14	28.0%
Grayson	15	25.0%
Knights Ferry	16	22.5%
Modesto West	17	15.6%
Turlock South	17	15.6%
Valley Home	18	7.1%
Salida	19	5.0%

The following table ranks the communities or neighborhoods with the highest *number* of residential units in need of rehabilitation.

TABLE 1-6
NEED OF REHABILITATION RANKING
BASED ON NUMBER OF UNITS

COMMUNITY OR NEIGHBORHOOD	RANK BY NUMBER OF UNITS IN NEED OF REHABILITATION	NUMBER OF HOUSING UNITS IN NEED OF REHABILITATION
Bret Harte	1	1,204
North Ceres	2	789
Modesto West	3	586
Keyes	· 4	501
Shackelford	5	429
Empire	6	337
Airport	7	229
Ceres South	8	152
Denair	9	146
Turlock South	9	146
Salida	10	. 70
Grayson	11	67
Riverdale Park	11	67
Hickman	12	57
Cowan Tract	13	49
Crows Landing	14	42
La Grange	15	27
Monterey Park	15	27
Knights Ferry	16	13
Westley	17	9
Valley Home	18	2

The most common repair required in the unincorporated areas is repainting of the exterior structure, where 28.5 percent of the housing units showed various degrees of this need. The next most common repair was re-roofing of the primary dwelling unit, where 22.4 percent of the units require this repair. Patching of exterior siding and repainting was third in the ranking of needed repairs, where 18.7 percent of the units showed need of this improvement. Electrical repairs were found to be the least needed improvement in the unincorporated area (0.7 percent), followed by foundation repairs (1.4 percent).

A total of 68.6 percent of the housing units in the unincorporated area lack sidewalks, and an additional 60.3 percent lack curbs and gutters. Very few instances were found where there were not paved streets, although numerous instances of paved streets in disrepair were found. In the older sections of the Community of Salida a major street improvement project was being conducted during the time of the survey.

TABLE 1-7 STANISLAUS COUNTY UNINCORPORATED AREAS: NEEDED REPAIRS

NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER	NEÉDÉD RÉPAIR	NUMBER
FOUNDATION		SIDING/STUCCO	
General Repair	136	Re-painting	4,584
Partial Foundation	51	Patching/ Painting	3,007
No or Needs Foundation	40	Replacement/ Painting &/or lead — based paint	904
ROOFING		WINDOWS	
Shingles Missing	1,429	Broken Pane	68
Re-roofing	3,606	Repair	705
Roof Structure Replacement	652	Replacement	468
ELECTRICAL		FRONTAGE IMPROVEMENTS	
Minor Repair	59	Sidewalks	11,022
Replace Main Panel	58	Curbs and Gutters	9,690
Source: Laurin Associates H	lousing Condition	n Survey 2002, 2003	

As the housing condition survey was conducted, vacant residential parcels were noted on the parcel maps used in the inventory. Vacant parcels varied from one-fifth acre lots to several acres. Many parcels were noted to be under utilized in that only one housing unit was found on a very large residentially zoned parcel. Underutilized parcels were most common in rural communities, especially near the edge of the community where the parcel bordered on open space or agricultural land. It was also common to find vacant parcels dedicate to drainage facilities within many of the residential communities. Since these parcels served a function more related to infrastructure and were planned as such, they were not counted in the vacant land inventory. Large agricultural parcels bordering residential parcels were not counted in this inventory. The total number of vacant parcels is summarized in Table 1-8.

TABLE 1-8 STANISLAUS COUNTY UNINCORPORATED AREAS VACANT RESIDENTIAL PARCELS

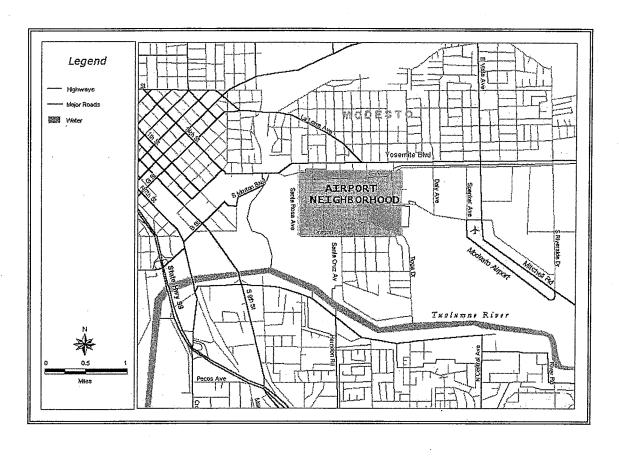
COMMUNITY OR NEIGHBORHOOD	VACANT RESIDENTIAL PARCELS	COMMUNITY OR NEIGHBORHOOD	VACANT RESIDENTIAL PARCELS
Airport	0	La Grange	1
Bret Harte	20	Modesto West	25
Ceres South	0	Monterey Park	12
Cowan Tract	4	North Ceres	32
Crows Landing	15	Riverdale Park	0
Denair	12	Salida	24
Empire	9	Shackelford	20
Grayson	7	Turlock South	25
Hickman	6	Valley Home	0
Keyes	19	Westley	4
Knights Ferry	3	TOTAL	238

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 68.1 percent are in sound condition, 22.4 percent require minor repair, 7.7 percent require moderate repair, 1.2 percent require substantial repair, and 0.4 percent are dilapidated. Of the multifamily units, 74.3 percent are in sound condition, 19.6 percent require minor repair, 5.6 percent require moderate repair, no units require substantial repair, and 0.5 percent are dilapidated. Of the mobile homes, 59.9 percent are in sound condition, 28.7 percent require minor repair, 8.9 percent require moderate repair, 1.4 percent require substantial repair, and 0.5 percent are dilapidated.

SECTION 2 AIRPORT NEIGHBORHOOD

The Airport Neighborhood is located in central Stanislaus County, immediately south of the City of Modesto. The neighborhood is defined by Yosemite Blvd/Highway 132 on the north, Santa Rosa and Santa Rita avenues on the west, Oregon Drive on the south and Conejo and Empire Avenues on the east.

EXHIBIT 2-1 AIRPORT NEIGHBORHOOD, STANISLAUS COUNTY



A total of 561 housing units were surveyed in the Neighborhood. The Neighborhood is made up primarily of single-family residences, a significant percentage of which are in need of rehabilitation.

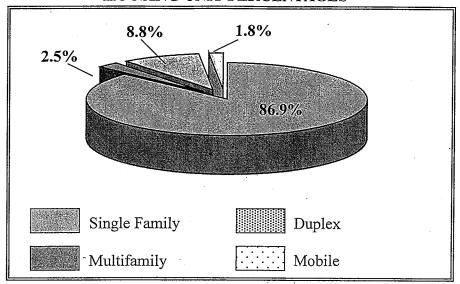
484 500 450 400 350 300 250 200 150 53 100 14 10 50 Multifamily Mobile Home Duplex Single-Family

FIGURE 2-1
AIRPORT NEIGHBORHOOD HOUSING TYPES

Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

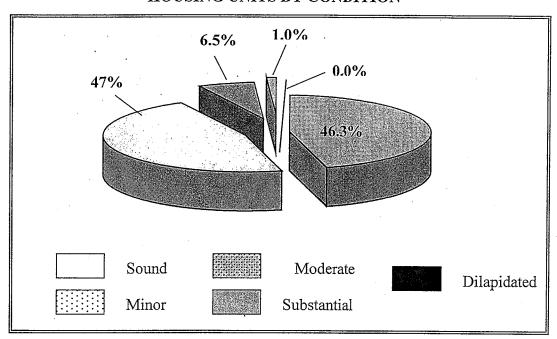
A total of 86.9 percent of the surveyed units are single-family units, 8.8 percent are classified as multifamily units; 2.5 percent are duplexes, and 1.8 percent are mobile homes. A total of seven duplex were found in the area, for a total of fourteen housing units, and thirteen multifamily complexes were found, for a total of 53 housing units

FIGURE 2-2 HOUSING UNIT PERCENTAGES



Of all units, 46.3 percent are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while 47.0 percent need minor repairs, and an additional 6.5 percent need moderate repairs. Less than one percent of the units surveyed need substantial repair, and no dilapidated units were found in the Neighborhood.

FIGURE 2-3 HOUSING UNITS BY CONDITION



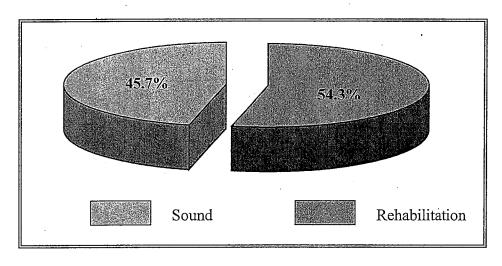
Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

TABLE 2-1 AIRPORT NEIGHBORHOOD HOUSING UNIT CONDITIONS

Housing	Single		ber Di	Duplex		ultiber (c.) mily	Mobil	e Home.	Total
- Condition	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	- %	
Sound	234	48.3%	4	28.6%	15	28.3%	5	50.0%	258
- Minor - L	215	44.4%	8	0.0%	38	71.7%	5	50.0%	266
Moderate	34	7.0%	2	0.0%	0	0.0%	Ö	0.0%	36
Substantial	1	0.2%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1
Dilapidated	0	0.0%	0 ,	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
Total	484	100%	14	29%	53	100%	10	100%	561
Source: Laurin As	sociates	Housing Co	ondition	Survey 2002	2. 2003	<u> </u>			Pt - Pt - M. /

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as in need of Minor, Moderate, or Substantial repair. In the Airport Neighborhood a total of 54.3 percent, or 303 of the 561 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 2-4 HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 303

The primary repair needed in the Neighborhood is repainting of the external structure, with 66.2 percent of the units requiring this, followed by 53.0 percent of the units in need of re-roofing. Very few units require foundation or window repairs, and no units were observed to be in need of electrical repairs. Sidewalks, curbs and gutters are entirely absent in the Neighborhood.

TABLE 2-2 AIRPORT NEIGHBORHOOD NEEDED REPAIRS

NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER	NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER
Foundation		Siding/Stucco	
General Repair	7	Re-painting	284
Partial Foundation	0	Patching/ Painting	78
No or Needs Foundation	0	Replacement/ 0 Painting &/or Lead – Based Paint	
Roofing		Windows	1
Shingles Missing	3	Broken Pane	.12
Re-roofing	273	Repair	5
Roof Structure Replacement	19	Replacement	12
Electrical		Frontage Improvements	
Minor Repair	0	Sidewalks	452
Replace Main Panel	0	Curbs and Gutters	452
Source: Laurin Associat	tes Housing Cond	ition Survey 2002, 2003	

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 48.3 percent are in sound condition and 51.7 percent are in need of rehabilitation. No housing units are considered dilapidated. A total of 28.6 percent of individual housing units configured as duplexes are in sound condition, with 42.9 percent in need of rehabilitation. The survey showed that 28.3 percent of multifamily units are in sound condition, with 71.7 percent in need of rehabilitation. Finally, a total of 50.0 percent of the mobile homes in the Neighborhood are in sound condition, and 50.0 percent are in need of rehabilitation.

SECTION 3 BRET HARTE NEIGHBORHOOD

The Bret Harte Neighborhood is located in central Stanislaus County, approximately two miles west of the City of Ceres. The Neighborhood is defined by Hatch Road on the north, Tucson Avenue on the west, Whitmore Avenue on the south and Crows Landing Road on the east.

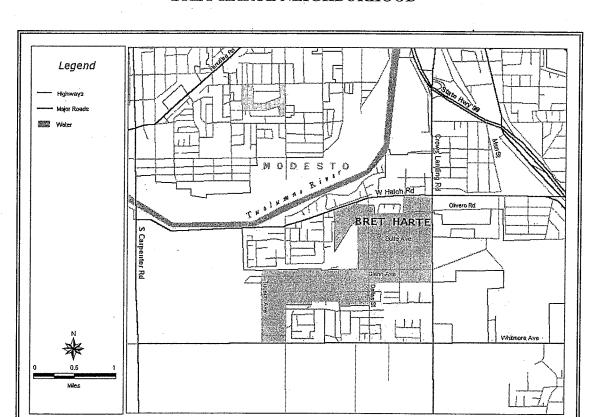


EXHIBIT 3-1 BRET HARTE NEIGHBORHOOD

A total of 2,144 housing units were surveyed in the Neighborhood. The Neighborhood is made up primarily of single-family residences, with the majority being in sound condition.

2,067

2000

1500

44

28

5

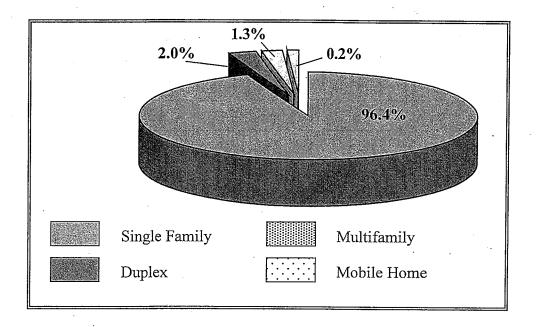
Single-Family Duplex Multifamily Mobile Home

FIGURE 3-1 BRET HARTE NEIGHBORHOOD HOUSING TYPES

Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

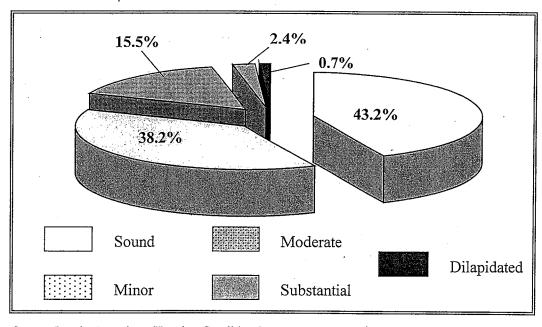
A total of 98.2 percent of the surveyed units are single-family units, 0.3 percent are classified as multifamily units; 1.3 percent are duplexes, and 0.2 are mobile homes. There was a total of 22 duplexes containing 44 housing units, and six multifamily complexes containing a total of 28 housing units.

FIGURE 3-2 HOUSING UNIT PERCENTAGES



Of all units, 43.2 are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while 38.2 percent need minor repairs, and an additional 15.5 percent need moderate repairs. Only 2.4 percent of the units surveyed need substantial repair, and 0.7 percent of the housing units are dilapidated.

FIGURE 3-3 HOUSING UNITS BY CONDITION



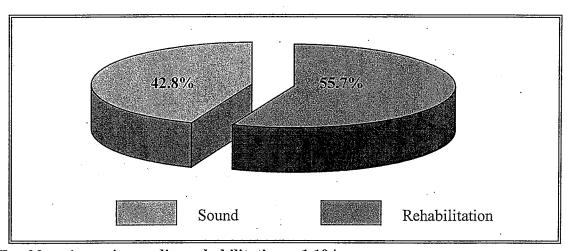
Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

TABLE 3-1 BRET HARTE NEIGHBORHOOD HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing Condition	Single	Family:	D	uplex	Mul	ti-Family	Mo	bile Home	Total
	# #	%	#	- %	#	%	#.	%	1 Utan
Sound	894	43.3%	38	86.3%	0	0.0%	4	80.0%	936
:::::::::::Minor	787	38.1%	6	13.7%	26	92.8%	0	0.0%	819
Moderate	321	16.5%	0	0.0%	2	7.2%	1	20.0%	324
Substantial	51	2.5%	0	0.0%	0	0%	0	0.0%	51
gai. Dilapidated	. 14	0.1%	0	0.0%	0	0%	0	0.0%	14
Total	2,067	100%	44	100%	28	100%	5	100%	2,144
Source: Laurin Associates	Housing	Condition	Surve	ey 2002					

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as in need of Minor, Moderate, or Substantial repair. In the Neighborhood of Bret Harte a total of 55.7 percent, or 1,194 of the 2,144 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 3-4 HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 1,194

The primary repair needed in the Neighborhood is repainting and/or patching or siding replacement of the external structure, with 87.7 percent of the units requiring this repair. A total of 51.2 percent of the housing units require re-roofing or roof repair. Only 1.4 percent of the units require foundation repair, and 14.6 percent need window repair or replacement. Only thirteen units (0.6 percent) were found to require electrical repairs. A total of 97.0 percent of the housing units have no sidewalks, curbs or gutters.

TABLE 3-2 BRET HARTE NEIGHBORHOOD NEEDED REPAIRS

NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER	NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER
Foundation		Siding/Stucco	1
General Repair	24	Re-painting	662
Partial Foundation	0	Patching/ Painting	997
No or Needs Foundation	5	Replacement/	
Roofing		Windows	
Shingles Missing	18	Broken Pane	3
Re-roofing	915	Repair	187
Roof Structure Replacement	165	Replacement	122
Electrical		Frontage Improvements	
Minor Repair	4	Sidewalks	2,079
Replace Main Panel	9	Curbs and Gutters	2,079
Source: Laurin Associat	es Housing Cond	ition Survey 2002, 2003	

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 43.3 percent are in sound condition and 56.1 percent are in need of rehabilitation. Fourteen single family homes (0.6 percent) are considered dilapidated. A total of 63.6 percent of individual housing units configured as duplexes are in sound condition, with 36.4 percent in need of rehabilitation. The survey showed all of multifamily units are in need of rehabilitation. Finally, a total of 80.0 percent of the mobile homes are in sound condition, and 20.0 percent are in need of rehabilitation.

SECTION 4 SOUTH CERES NEIGHBORHOOD

The South Ceres Neighborhood is located in central Stanislaus County, immediately south of the City of Ceres. The Neighborhood is defined by Industrial Way on the north, Central Avenue on the west, Service Road on the south and Moffett Road on the east.

Legend

Itaghways

Najor Roads

Eswice Rd

South CERES

South CERES

And Miles

EXHIBIT 4-1 SOUTH CERES NEIGHBORHOOD, STANISLAUS COUNTY

A total of 436 housing units were surveyed in the Neighborhood. The Neighborhood is made up primarily of single-family residences, with the majority being in sound condition.

250 245

200 98 81

100 50 12

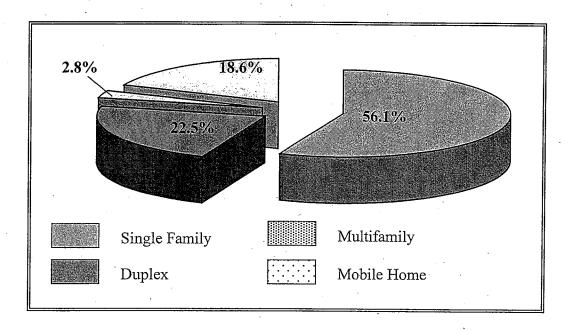
Single-Family Duplex Multifamily Mobile Home

FIGURE 4-1 SOUTH CERES NEIGHBORHOOD HOUSING TYPES

Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

A total of 56.1 percent of the surveyed units are single-family units, 2.8 percent are classified as multifamily units; 22.5 percent are duplexes, and 18.6 percent are mobile homes. There were a total of 49 duplexes found in the Neighborhood, for a total of 98 housing units, and only three multifamily complexes, for a total of 12 housing units

FIGURE 4-2 HOUSING UNIT PERCENTAGES



Of all units, 65.4 percent are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while 25.9 percent need minor repairs, and an additional 6.4 percent need moderate repairs. Only 1.8 percent of the units surveyed need substantial repair, and 0.1 percent of the housing units are dilapidated.

FIGURE 4-3 HOUSING UNITS BY CONDITION

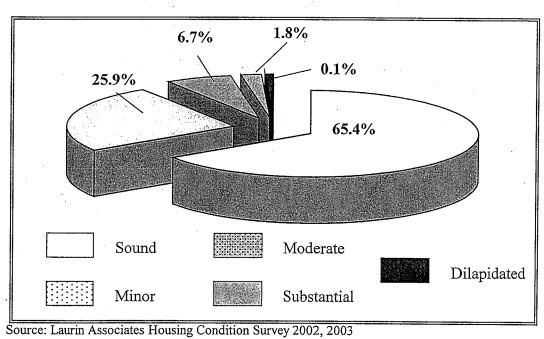
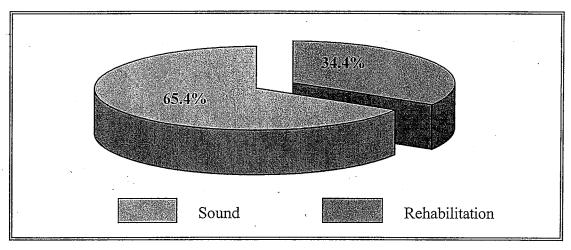


TABLE 4-1 SOUTH CERES NEIGHBORHOOD HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing Condition		ngle :/ mily	(T. D)	uplex		ultie = :: mily :		obile ome	Total
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	% -	
Sound	134	54.7%	84	85.7%	8	66.7%	59	72.9%	285
Minor	75	30.6%	14	14.3%	4	33.3%	20	24.7%	113
Moderate	28	11.4%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	1.2%	29
Substantial	7	2.9%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	1.2%	8
Dilapidated:	1	0.4%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1
Total	245	100%	98	100%	12	100%	81	100%	436
Source: Laurin Ass	sociates I	Housing Co	ndition S	Survey 2002		·			

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as in need of Minor, Moderate, or Substantial repair. In the South Ceres Neighborhood a total of 34.4 percent, or 150 of the 436 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 4-4 HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 150

TABLE 4-2 SOUTH CERES NEIGHBORHOOD NEEDED REPAIRS

NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER	NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER
Foundation	Siding/Stucco		
General Repair	0	Re-painting	154
Partial Foundation	22	Patching/ Painting	51
No or Needs Foundation	4	Replacement/ Painting &/or Lead – Based Paint	11
Roofing		Windows	
Shingles Missing	4	Broken Pane	2
Re-roofing	109	Repair	10
Roof Structure Replacement	14	Replacement	19
Electrical		Frontage Improvements	
Minor Repair	1	Sidewalks	270
Replace Main Panel	1	Curbs and Gutters	270
Source: Laurin Associat	tes Housing Cond	ition Survey 2002, 2003	

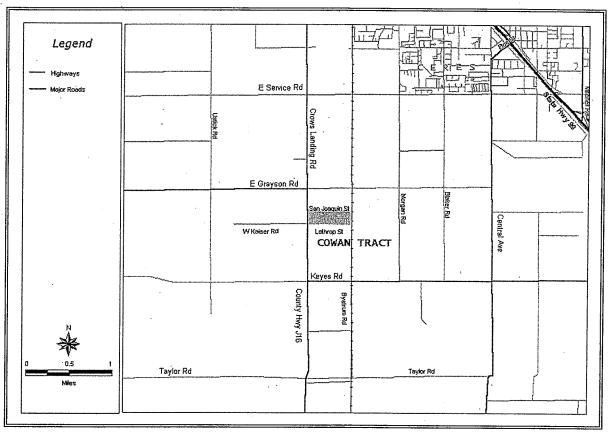
The primary repair needed in the Neighborhood is repainting and/or patching or siding replacement of the external structure, with 49.5 percent of the units requiring this repair. A total of 29.1 percent of the housing units require re-roofing or roof repair. A total of 6.0 percent of the units require foundation repair, and 7.1 percent need window repair or replacement. Only two units were found to require electrical repairs. Over half of the housing units (61.9 percent) have no sidewalks, curbs or gutters.

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 54.7 percent are in sound condition and 44.9 percent are in need of rehabilitation. Only one single family home is considered dilapidated. A total of 85.7 percent of individual housing units configured as duplexes are in sound condition, with 14.3 percent in need of rehabilitation. The survey showed that 67.7 percent of multifamily units are in sound condition, with 33.3 percent in need of rehabilitation. Finally, a total of 72.9 percent of the mobile homes in the Neighborhood are in sound condition, and 27.2 percent are in need of rehabilitation.

SECTION 5 COWAN TRACT NEIGHBORHOOD

The Cowan Tract Neighborhood is located in central Stanislaus County, approximately one mile southwest of the City of Ceres. The neighborhood is defined by San Joaquin Street on the north, Crows Landing Road on the west, Lathrop Street on the south and the Union Pacific Railroad tracks on the east.

EXHIBIT 5-1 COWAN TRACT NEIGHBORHOOD, STANISLAUS COUNTY



A total of 89 housing units were surveyed in the Community. The neighborhood is made up primarily of single-family residences, a significant percentage of which are in need of rehabilitation.

85 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 0 0 10 **Duplex** Multifamily Mobile Home Single-Family

FIGURE 5-1 COWAN TRACT HOUSING TYPES

Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

A total of 95.5 percent of the surveyed units are single-family units and 4.5 percent are mobile homes. There were no duplexes or multifamily units found in the neighborhood.

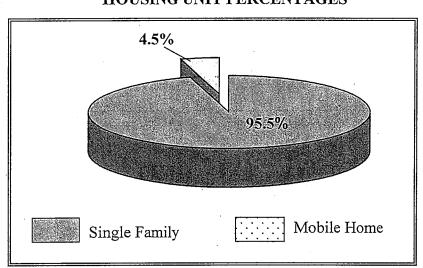


FIGURE 5-2 HOUSING UNIT PERCENTAGES

Of all units, 43.8 percent are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while 41.6 percent need minor repairs, and an additional 11.2 percent need moderate repairs. A total of 2.2 percent of the units surveyed need substantial repair, and one single-family unit is dilapidated.

Sound Moderate Dilapidated Minor

FIGURE 5-3 HOUSING UNITS BY CONDITION

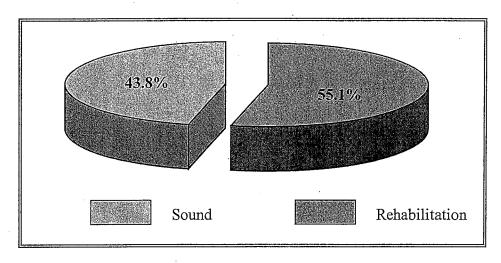
Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

TABLE 5-1 COWAN TRACT NEIGHBORHOOD HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing. Condition		ngle : mily	i. Di	iplex:		ulti- mily	≟Mobil	e Home	Total
	##	%	#	%	#	% -	#	- %	
Sound :::	39	45.9%	0	0.0%	, 0 ,	0.0%	0	0.0%	39
Minor	34	40.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	3	75.0%	. 37
Moderate	9	10.6%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	25.0%	10
Substantial	2	2.4%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2
Dilapidated	1	1.2%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1
Total	85	100%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	4	100%	89
Source: Laurin As	sociates	Housing Co	ndition	Survey 2002	2, 2003				

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as in need of Minor, Moderate, or Substantial repair. In the Cowan Tract Neighborhood a total of 55.1 percent, or 49 of the 89 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 5-4 HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 49

TABLE 5-2 COWAN TRACT NEIGHBORHOOD NEEDED REPAIRS

NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER .	NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER
Foundation		Siding/Stucco	-
General Repair	0 Re-painting		21
Partial Foundation	2	Patching/ Painting	14
No or Needs Foundation	0	Replacement Siding/ &/or Lead -Based Paint	12
Roofing		Windows	
Shingles Missing	1	Broken Pane	0
Re-roofing	37	Repair	5
Roof Structure Replacement	7	Replacement	3
Electrical		Frontage Improvements	
Minor Repair	0	Sidewalks	89
Replace Main Panel	· 1	Curbs and Gutters	89
Source: Laurin Associa	tes Housing Condi	tion Survey 2002, 2003	

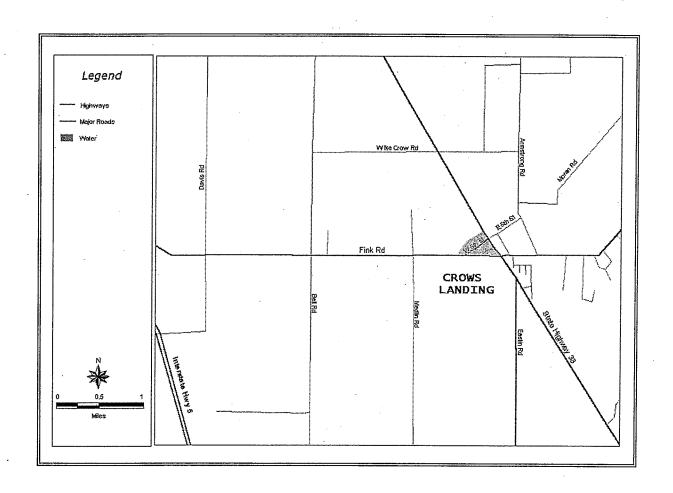
The primary repair needed in the Neighborhood is repainting or patching and repainting of the external structure, where a total of 52.8 percent of the units need this improvement. The next most common need is re-roofing or roof repair, where 51.7 percent of the units are in need of this repair. Very few units require foundation or window repairs, and only one unit was observed to be in need of electrical repairs. Sidewalks, curbs and gutters are entirely absent in the Neighborhood.

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 45.9 percent are in sound condition and 50.6 percent are in need of rehabilitation. One single-family home was considered dilapidated. All four mobile homes are in need of at least minor rehabilitation.

SECTION 6 COMMUNITY OF CROWS LANDING

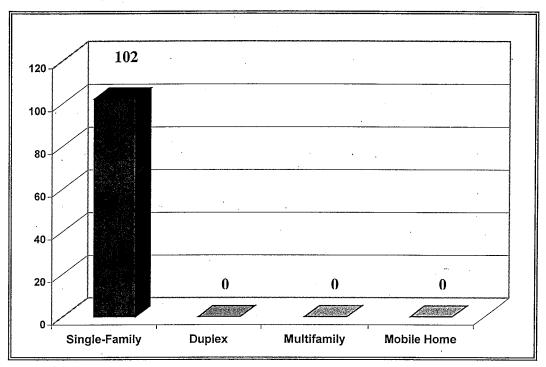
The Community of Crows Landing is located in southwestern Stanislaus County, approximately 13 miles southwest of the City of Turlock. It is defined by 4th Street on the northwest, Bonita Avenue on the west, Fink Road on the south and Highway 33 on the northeast.

EXHIBIT 6-1 COMMUNITY OF CROWS LANDING, STANISLAUS COUNTY



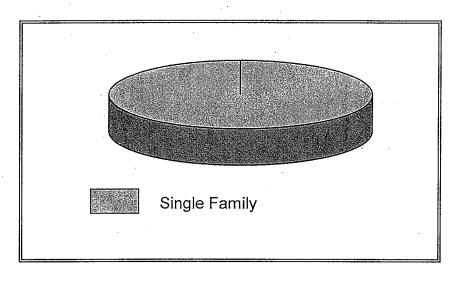
A total of 102 housing units were surveyed in the Community. The neighborhood is made up exclusively of single-family residences, with the majority being in sound condition.

FIGURE 6-1 COMMUNITY OF CROWS LANDING HOUSING TYPES



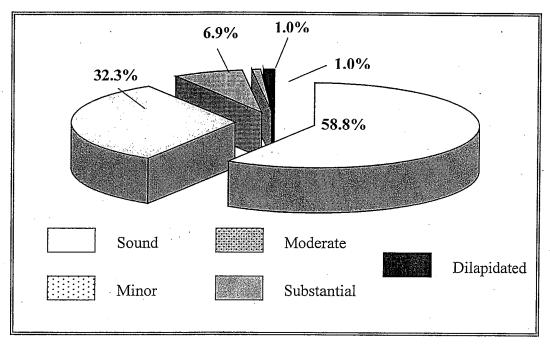
Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

FIGURE 6-2 HOUSING UNIT PERCENTAGE



Of all units, 58.8 percent are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while 32.3 percent need minor repairs, and an additional 6.9 percent need moderate repairs. Only one percent of the units surveyed need substantial repair, and one percent of the housing units were dilapidated.

FIGURE 6-3
HOUSING UNITS BY CONDITION



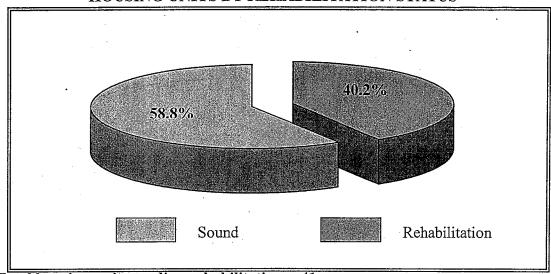
Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

TABLE 6-1 COMMUNITY OF CROWS LANDING HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing Condition		ngle mily	i Di	uplex	,	ulti- mily		obile ome:	Total.
	=#	%	#	%	# #	%	#	%	
Sound -:	60	58.8%	0	0.0%	0 .	0.0%	0	0.0%	60
Minor	33	32.4%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	33
. Moderate	7	6.9%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	7
Substantial	1	1.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1
-Dilapidated	1	1.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1
Total	102	100%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	102
Source: Laurin Assoc	ciates Ho	ousing Con	dition Su	rvey 2002, 2	2003			 -	

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as in need of Minor, Moderate, or Substantial repair. In the Community of Crows Landing a total of 40.2 percent, or 41 of the 102 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 6-4 HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 41

The primary repair needed in the Community is repainting of the external structure, with 41 percent of the units requiring this, and 32 percent of the units in need of re-roofing. Very few units require foundation or electrical repair and less than eight percent need window repair or replacement. Sidewalks, curbs and gutters are entirely absent in the Community.

TABLE 6-2 COMMUNITY OF CROWS LANDING NEEDED REPAIRS

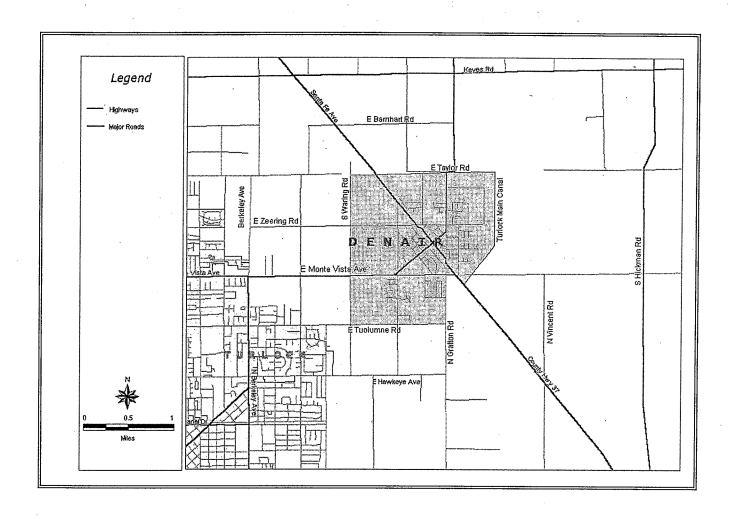
NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER	NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER
Foundation		Siding/Stucco	100
General Repair	2	Re-painting	42
Partial Foundation	0	Patching/ Painting	23
No or Needs Foundation	0	Replacement/ Painting &/or Lead – Based Paint	3
Roofing		Windows	
Shingles Missing	3	Broken Pane	0
Re-roofing	33	Repair	2
Roof Structure Replacement	4	Replacement	6
Electrical		Frontage Improvements	
Minor Repair	0	Sidewalks	102
Replace Main Panel	1	Curbs and Gutters	102
Source: Laurin Associat	tes Housing Cond	ition Survey 2002, 2003	

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 58.8 percent are in sound condition and 40.2 percent are in need of rehabilitation. Of the housing needs in need of rehabilitation, the majority, or 80.5 percent, require only minor repairs or repainting. The remaining 19.5 percent need moderate to substantial repair. Only one housing unit is considered dilapidated.

SECTION 7 COMMUNITY OF DENAIR

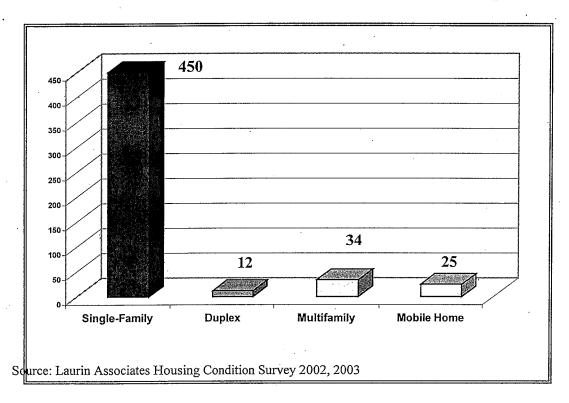
The Community of Denair is located in central Stanislaus County, immediately east of the City of Turlock. It is generally defined by Taylor Road on the north, Waring Road on the west, Tuolumne Road on the south and the Turlock Main Canal on the east.

EXHIBIT 7-1 COMMUNITY OF DENAIR



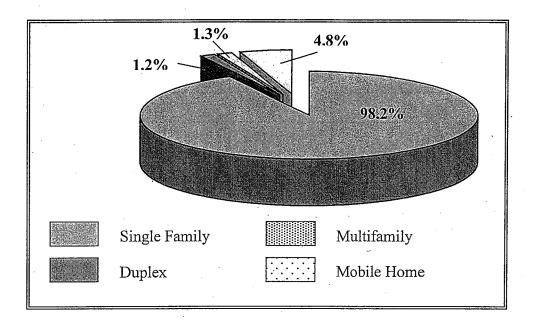
The US Census reports 1,553 housing units in the Community in 2000. Due to the large size of the Community, a sample of 33 percent of the residential housing units was determined to be representative of housing conditions. A total of 521 housing units were surveyed in the Community. The Community is made up primarily of single-family residences, with the majority being in sound condition.

FIGURE 7-1 COMMUNITY OF DENAIR HOUSING TYPES (33% sample)



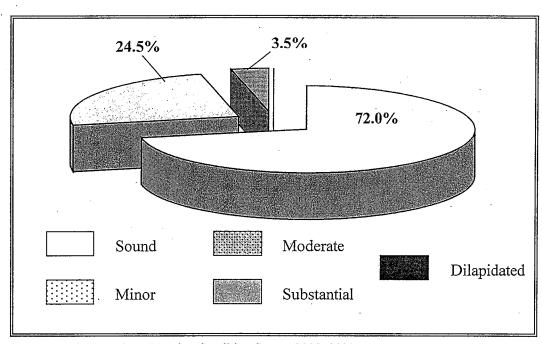
A total of 86.3 percent of the surveyed units are single-family units, 1.3 percent are classified as multifamily units; 1.2 percent are duplexes, and 4.8 are mobile homes. There were a total of six duplexes found, for a total of 12 housing units, and seven multifamily complexes, for a total of 34 housing units.

FIGURE 7-2 HOUSING UNIT PERCENTAGES



Of all units, 72.0 are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while 24.5 percent need minor repairs, and an additional 3.5 percent need moderate repairs. None of the units surveyed need substantial repair, and no dilapidated housing units were found.

FIGURE 7-3 HOUSING UNITS BY CONDITION



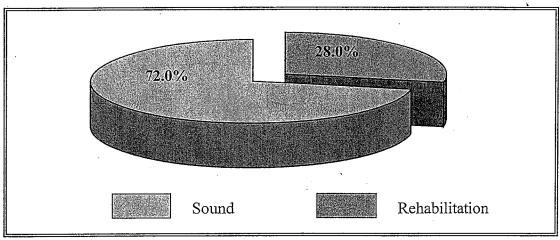
Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

TABLE 7-1 COMMUNITY OF DENAIR HOUSING TYPES HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing		ngle ::: imily	l D	uplex	Mul	ti-Family	Mol	oile Home	Total
Condition :	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	- %	
Sound :	329	%	12	100.0%	34	100.0%	0	0.0%	375
ri. : Minor	103	%	0	0.0%	0	60.7%	25	100.0%	128
- Moderate	18	%	0	0.0%	0	39.3%	0	0.0%	18
. Substantial	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0%	0	0.0%	0
Dilapidated	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0%	0	0.0%	0
Total	450	100%	12	100%	34	100%	25	100%	521
Source: Laurin Associa	tes Housi	ng Conditic	n Surv	rey 2002			•	·	<u> </u>

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as in need of Minor, Moderate, or Substantial repair. In the Community of Denair a total of 56.2 percent, or 146 of the 521 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 7-4 HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 146

The primary repair needed in the Community is re-roofing or roof repair, where 40.3 percent of the units require this repair. A total of 35.1 percent require painting and/or patching or siding replacement of the external structure. Only 1.7 percent of the units require window repair or replacement, and only two units require foundation repair. No units were found to be in need of electrical repairs. A total of 35.5 percent of the housing units have no sidewalks, curbs or gutters.

TABLE 7-2 COMMUNITY OF DENAIR HOUSING TYPES NEEDED REPAIRS

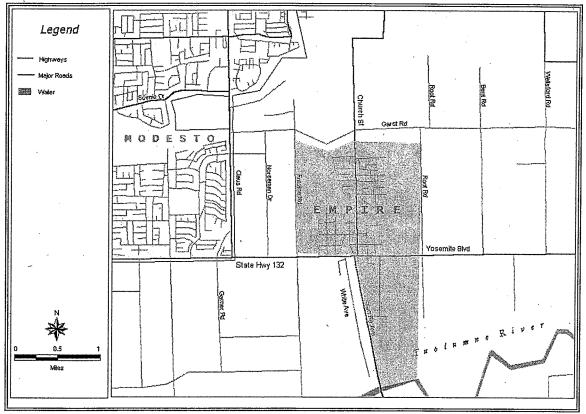
NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER	NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER	
Foundation		Siding/Stucco		
General Repair	2	Re-painting	89	
Partial Foundation	. 0	Patching/ Painting	75	
No or Needs Foundation	0	Replacement/		
Roofing		Windows		
Shingles Missing	87	Broken Pane	3	
Re-roofing	114	Repair	3	
Roof Structure Replacement	9	Replacement	6	
Electrical		Frontage Improvements		
Minor Repair	0	Sidewalks	185	
Replace Main Panel	. 9	Curbs and Gutters	185	
Source: Laurin Associa	tes Housing Cond	ition Survey 2002, 2003		

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 73.1 percent are in sound condition and 26.9 percent are in need of rehabilitation. All of the individual housing units configured as duplexes are in sound condition. The survey showed all of multifamily units are also in sound condition. Finally, 100 percent of the mobile homes are in need of minor rehabilitation.

SECTION 8 COMMUNITY OF EMPIRE

The Community of Empire is located in central Stanislaus County, approximately 3 miles southeast of the City of Modesto. The Community is defined by Garst Road on the north, Frazine Road on the west, the Tuolumne River on the south and Root Road on the east.

EXHIBIT 8-1
COMMUNITY OF EMPIRE, STANISLAUS COUNTY



A total of 1,034 housing units were surveyed in the Community. The Community is made up primarily of single-family residences, with the majority being in sound condition.

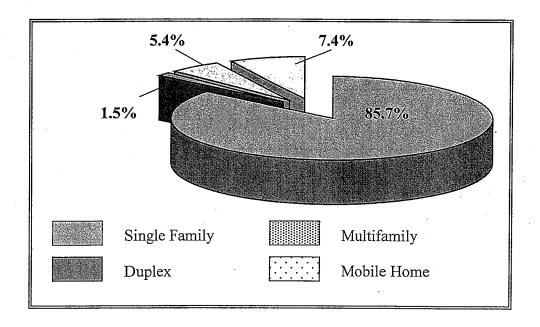
886 900 800 700 600 500 400 300 76 200 56 16 100 Single-Family Duplex Multifamily **Mobile Home**

FIGURE 8-1 COMMUNITY OF EMPIRE HOUSING TYPES

Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

A total of 85.7 percent of the surveyed units are single-family units, 5.4 percent are classified as multifamily units; 1.5 percent are duplexes, and 7.4 percent are mobile homes. There were a total of eight duplexes found in the Community, for a total of 16 housing units, and three multifamily complexes, for a total of 56 housing units.

FIGURE 8-2 HOUSING UNIT PERCENTAGES



Of all units, 66.9 percent are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while 28.4 percent need minor repairs, and an additional 3.7 percent need moderate repairs. Only 0.5 percent of the units surveyed need substantial repair, and 0.5 percent of the housing units are dilapidated.

FIGURE 8-3 HOUSING UNITS BY CONDITION

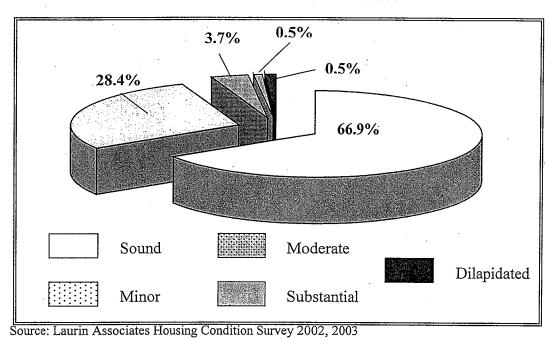
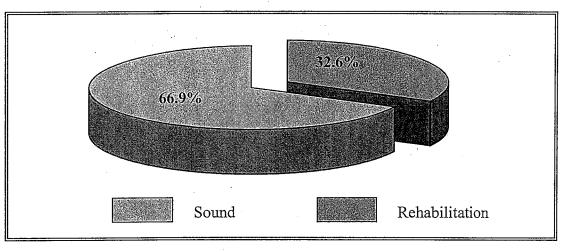


TABLE 8-1 COMMUNITY OF EMPIRE HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing		ngle : mily:	Di	ıplex		ulti=+. mily		obile ome	Total
	# #	- %	#	%	#	%	# *	%	
Sound	563	63.5%	10	62.5%	46	82.1%	73	96.1%	692
· Minor	277	31.3%	4	25.0	10	17.9%	3	3.9%	294
. Moderate.	38	4.3%	0	0	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	38
Substantial	5	0.6%	0	0	0	0.0%	Ó	0.0%	5
Dilapidated	3	0.3%	2	12.5	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	5
- Total	886	100%	16	100%	56	100%	76	100%	1,034
Source: Laurin Ass	sociates I	lousing Co	ndition S	Survey 2002					

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as in need of Minor, Moderate, or Substantial repair. In the Community of Empire a total of 32.6 percent, or 337 of the 1,034 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 8-4 HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 337

The primary repair needed in the Community is re-roofing of the housing unit, with 30.2 percent of the units requiring this, followed by 25.3 percent of the units requiring repainting of the external structure. Very few units require foundation or electrical repair and less than six percent need window repair or replacement. Nearly half of the housing units (48.4 percent) have no sidewalks, curbs or gutters.

TABLE 8-2 COMMUNITY OF EMPIRE NEEDED REPAIRS

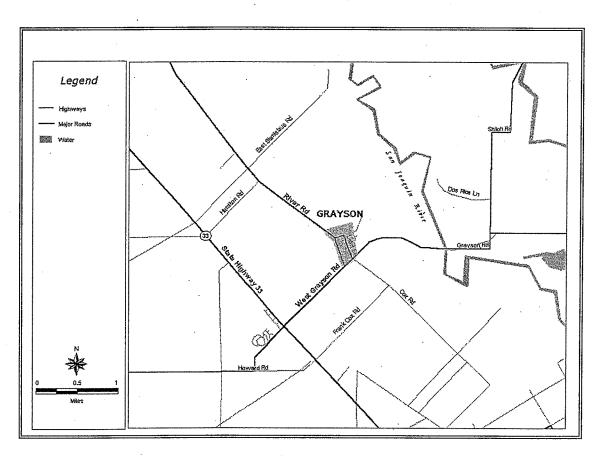
NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER	NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER		
Foundation	2.0	Siding/Stucco			
General Repair	12	Re-painting	262		
Partial Foundation	1	Patching/ Painting	98		
No or Needs Foundation	2	Replacement/			
Roofing		Windows			
Shingles Missing	2	Broken Pane	0		
Re-roofing	297	Repair	31		
Roof Structure Replacement	15	Replacement	26		
Electrical		Frontage Improvements			
Minor Repair	8	Sidewalks	507		
Replace Main Panel	3	Curbs and Gutters	500		
Source: Laurin Associa	tes Housing Cond	ition Survey 2002, 2003			

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 63.5 percent are in sound condition and 36.1 percent are in need of rehabilitation. Three housing units are considered dilapidated. A total of 62.5 percent of individual housing units configured as duplexes are in sound condition, with 25.0 percent in need of rehabilitation. One duplex (two housing units) is considered dilapidated. The survey showed that 82.1 percent of multifamily units are in sound condition, with 17.9 percent in need of rehabilitation. Finally, a total of 96.1 percent of the mobile homes in the Community are in sound condition, and 3.9 percent are in need of rehabilitation.

SECTION 9 COMMUNITY OF GRAYSON

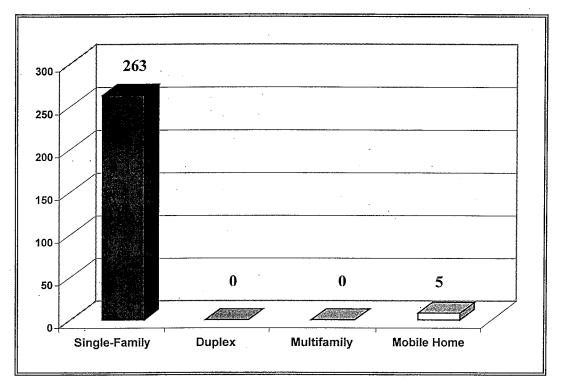
The Community of Grayson is a small neighborhood located approximately eleven miles southwest of the City of Modesto. Grayson is generally defined by Hito Drive on the north, River Road on the west, Grayson Road on the south and the San Joaquin River on the east.

EXHIBIT 9-1
COMMUNITY OF GRAYSON, STANISLAUS COUNTY



A total of 268 housing units were surveyed in the Community. The Community is made up primarily of single-family residences, with the majority being in sound condition.

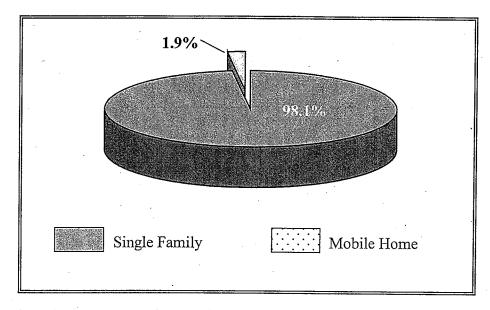
FIGURE 9-1 COMMUNITY OF GRAYSON HOUSING TYPES



Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

A total of 98.1 percent of the surveyed units are single-family units, and 1.9 percent are mobile homes. No duplexes or multifamily units were found in the Community.

FIGURE 9-2 HOUSING UNIT PERCENTAGES



Of all units, 72.4 percent are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while 14.6 percent need minor repairs, and an additional 8.2 percent need moderate repairs. A total of 2.2 percent of the units surveyed need substantial repair, and 2.6 percent of the units were found to be dilapidated.

FIGURE 9-3 HOUSING UNITS CONDITIONS

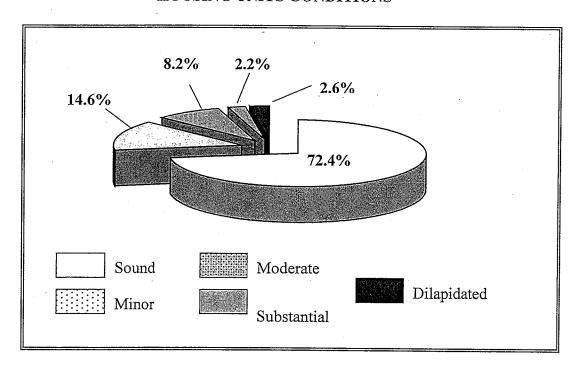
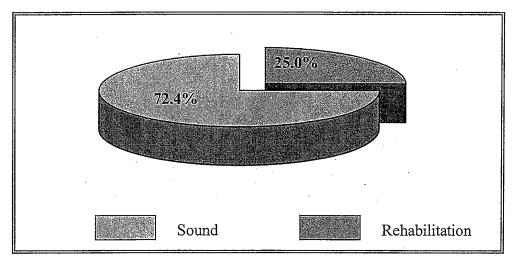


TABLE 9-1 COMMUNITY OF GRAYSON HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing Condition	Single Family		Duplex		Multi- Family		Mobile Home		Total
	#	%	##	%	.#	%	# #	%	
Sound	190	72.2%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	4	80.0%	194
Minor	38	14.4%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	20.0%	39
- Moderate	22	8.4%	. 0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	22
Substantial ·	6	2.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	6
Dilapidated	7	2.7%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	7
Total 1	263	100%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	5	100%	268
Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003									

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as Minor, Moderate, or Substantial. In the Community of Grayson a total of 25.0 percent, or 67 of the 268 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 9-4 HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 67

The primary improvements needed in the Community are repainting of the external structure, where 22.4 percent of the units show need for paint. An additional 20.1 percent of the housing units require re-roofing of the main housing unit, with an additional 5.6 percent requiring roof structure replacement as well as re-roofing. A total of 5.6 percent of the units are in need of foundation repair, and 8.2 percent of the units require window repair or replacement. Sidewalks are absent in front of 37.3 percent of the housing units.

TABLE 9-2 COMMUNITY OF GRAYSON NEEDED REPAIRS

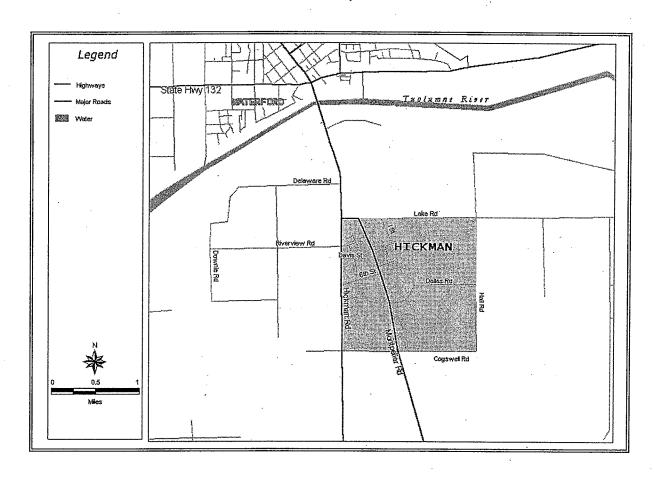
NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER	NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER			
Foundation		Siding/Stucco				
General Repair	11	Re-painting	60			
Partial Foundation	0	Patching/ Painting	26			
No or Needs Foundation	4	Replacement/ Painting &/or Lead – Based Paint	29			
Roofing		Windows				
Shingles Missing	4	Broken Pane	0			
Re-roofing	54	Repair	4			
Roof Structure Replacement	15	Replacement	18			
Electrical		Frontage Improvements				
Minor Repair	8	Sidewalks	114			
Replace Main Panel	4	Curbs and Gutters	1			
Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003						

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 72.2 percent are in sound condition and 25.1 percent are in need of rehabilitation. Seven single-family housing units are considered dilapidated. Four of the five mobile homes found in the Community are in sound condition and one needs only minor repair.

SECTION 10 COMMUNITY OF HICKMAN

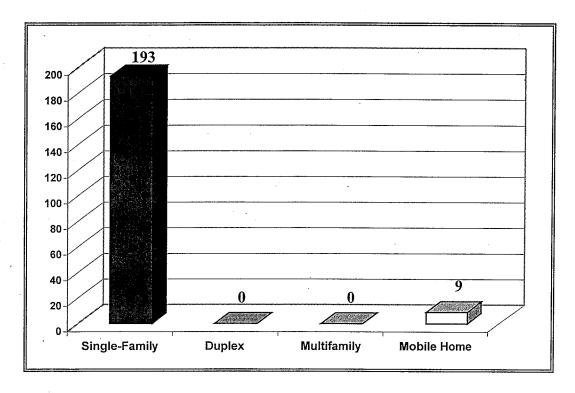
The Community of Hickman is located in southeastern Stanislaus County, approximately eleven miles east of the City of Modesto. It is defined by Lake Road on the north, Hickman Road on the west, Cogswell Road on the south and Hall Road on the east.

EXHIBIT 10-1 COMMUNITY OF HICKMAN, STANISLAUS COUNTY



A total of 202 housing units were surveyed in the Community. The neighborhood is made up primarily of single-family residences, a significant percentage of which are in need of rehabilitation.

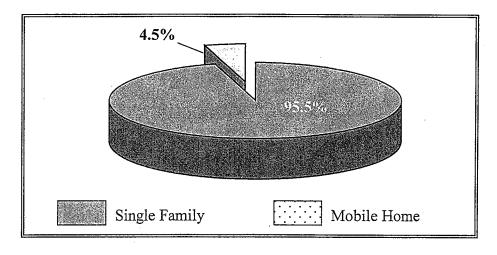
FIGURE 10-1 COMMUNITY OF HICKMAN HOUSING TYPES



Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

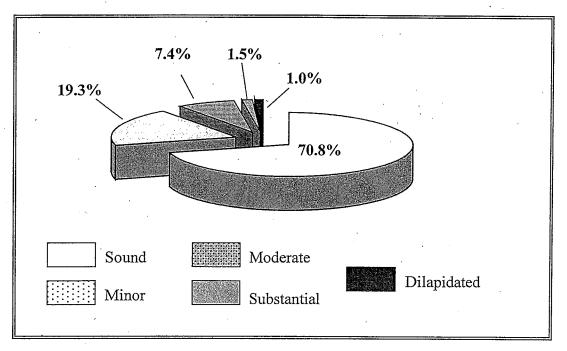
A total of 95.5 percent of the surveyed units are single-family units, and 4.5 percent are mobile homes. No duplexes or multifamily units were found in the Community.

FIGURE 10-2 HOUSING UNIT PERCENTAGES



Of all units, 70.8 percent are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while 19.3 percent need minor repairs, and an additional 7.4 percent need moderate repairs. A total of 1.5 percent of the units surveyed need substantial repair, and two housing units were found to be dilapidated in the Community.

FIGURE 10-3 HOUSING UNITS CONDITIONS



Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

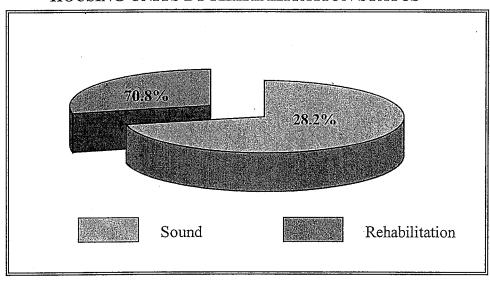
TABLE 10-1 COMMUNITY OF HICKMAN HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing Condition	Single Family		Duplex		Multi- Family		Mobile Home		-Total
	# #	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	
Sound	137	71.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	6	66.7%	143
Minor	37	19.2%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	22.2%	39
Moderate.	15	7.8%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	15
#Substantial.	2	1.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	11.1%	3
Dilapidated	2	1.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2
Total :	193	100%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	. 9	100%	202
Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003									

Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as Minor, Moderate, or Substantial. In the Community of Hickman a total of 28.2 percent, or 57 of the 202 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 10-4 HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 57

The primary repair needed in the Community is repainting of the external structure, with 27.2 percent of the units requiring this, and 23.8 percent of the units in need of re-roofing. Very few units require foundation or window repairs, and only one unit was observed to be in need of electrical repairs. Sidewalks, curbs and gutters were absent in front of 69.8 percent of the housing units in the Community.

TABLE 10-1 COMMUNITY OF HICKMAN NEEDED REPAIRS

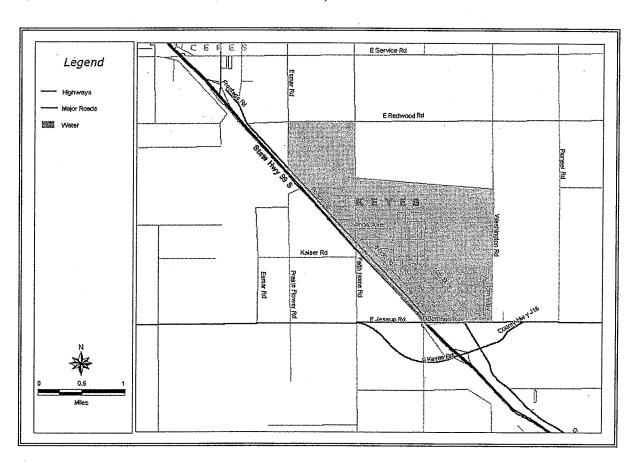
NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER	NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER
Foundation		Siding/Stucco	
General Repair	4	Re-painting	55
Partial Foundation	0	Patching/ Painting	28
No or Needs Foundation	2	Replacement/ Painting &/or Lead – Based Paint	15
Roofing		Windows	
Shingles Missing	1	Broken Pane	0
Re-roofing	48	Repair	8
Roof Structure Replacement	5	Replacement	6
Electrical		Frontage Improvements	
Minor Repair	1	Sidewalks	150
Replace Main Panel	1 .	Curbs and Gutters	141
Source: Laurin Associa	tes Housing Cond	ition Survey 2002, 2003	

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 71.0 percent are in sound condition and 28.0 percent are in need of rehabilitation. Two single-family housing units are considered dilapidated. Six of the nine mobile homes found in the Community are in sound condition, two need only minor repair, and one needs substantial repair.

SECTION 11 COMMUNITY OF KEYES

The Community of Keyes is located in central Stanislaus County, approximately half way between the cities of Ceres and Turlock along State Highway 99. The Community is defined by the Redwood Road on the north, State Highway 99 on the west, Keyes Road on the south and Washington Road on the east.

EXHIBIT 11-1 COMMUNITY OF KEYES, STANISLAUS COUNTY



A total of 1,650 housing units were surveyed in the Community. The Community is made up primarily of single-family residences, with the majority being in sound condition.

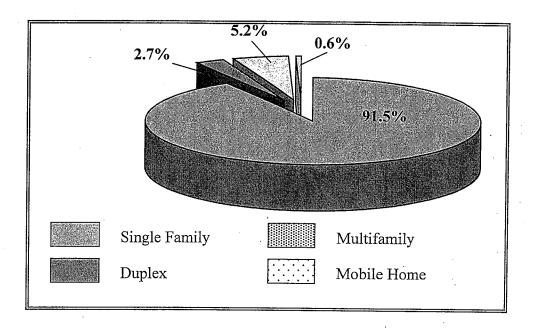
1,510 1600-1400 1200 1000 800 600 400 10 44 86 200 Multifamily Mobile Home Single-Family Duplex

FIGURE 11-1 COMMUNITY OF KEYES HOUSING TYPES

Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

A total of 91.5 percent of the surveyed units are single-family units, 5.2 percent are classified as multifamily units; 2.7 percent are duplexes, and 0.6 percent are mobile homes. There were 22 duplexes found in the Community, for a total of 44 housing units, and 17 multifamily complexes, for a total of 86 housing units.

FIGURE 11-2 HOUSING UNITS BY TYPE



Of all units, 69.5 percent are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while 22.7 percent need minor repairs, and an additional 7.2 percent need moderate repairs. Only 0.7 percent of the units surveyed need substantial repair, and none of the housing units are dilapidated.

FIGURE 11-3 HOUSING UNITS BY CONDITION

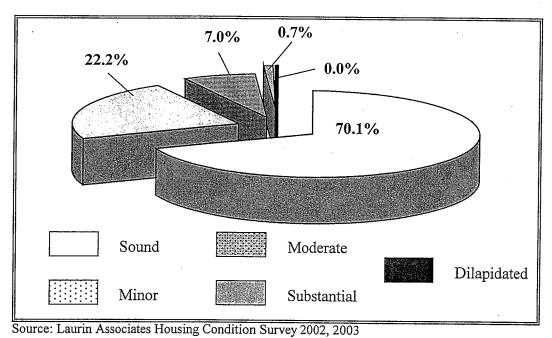


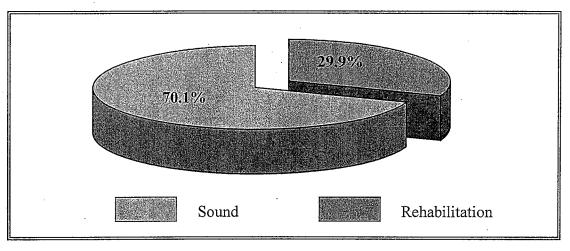
TABLE 11-1 COMMUNITY OF KEYES HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing Condition	Single	Family	D	uplex	Mul	ti-Family	Mol	oile Home	Total
andising Continuin	# #	%	#	%	#	%	#.	%	100221
Sound ::	1,098	72.7%	18	40.9%	41	47.7%	0	0.0%	1,157
Minor	304	20.1%	20	45.5%	32	37.2%	10	100.0%	366
Moderate	97	6.4%	6	13.6%	13	15.1%	0	0.0%	116
Substantial	11	0.7%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	11
Dilapidated	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
Total	1,510	100%	44	100%	86	100%	10	100%	1,650
Source: Laurin Associates	Housing	Condition	Surve	y 2002					

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as in need of Minor, Moderate, or Substantial repair. In the Community of Keyes a total of 29.9 percent, or

493 of the 1,650 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 11-4 HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 493

The primary repair needed in the Community is repainting, or patching or replacing of the exterior housing surface, with 70.9 percent of the units requiring this improvement, followed by re-roofing or roof repairs, with 27.0 percent of the units requiring this repair. Only 5.2 percent of the housing units need window repair or replacement. Very few units require foundation repair, and no electrical repairs were noted in the Community. Over half of the housing units (55.3 percent) have no sidewalks, curbs or gutters.

TABLE 11-2 COMMUNITY OF KEYES NEEDED REPAIRS

NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER	NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER
Foundation		Siding/Stucco	
General Repair	. 4	Re-painting	814
Partial Foundation	0	Patching/ Painting	301
No or Needs Foundation	0	Replacement/ Painting &/or Lead – Based Paint	55
Roofing		Windows	
Shingles Missing	14	Broken Pane	0
Re-roofing	390	Repair	51
Roof Structure Replacement	43	Replacement	35
Electrical		Frontage Improvements	
Minor Repair	0	Sidewalks	912
Replace Main Panel	0	Curbs and Gutters	912
Source: Laurin Associat	tes Housing Cond	ition Survey 2002, 2003	

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 72.7 percent are in sound condition and 27.3 percent are in need of rehabilitation. A total of 40.9 percent of individual housing units configured as duplexes are in sound condition, with 59.1 percent in need of rehabilitation. The survey showed that 47.7 percent of multifamily units are in sound condition, with 52.3 percent in need of rehabilitation. Finally, all the mobile homes in the Community were found to be in need of rehabilitation.

SECTION 12 COMMUNITY OF KNIGHTS FERRY

The Community of Knights Ferry is located in northeastern Stanislaus County, approximately eighteen miles northeast of the City of Modesto. The Community is defined by Vantine and Fisher streets on the north, Sonora Road on the west, the Stanislaus River on the south and the Knights Ferry Recreation Area on the east.

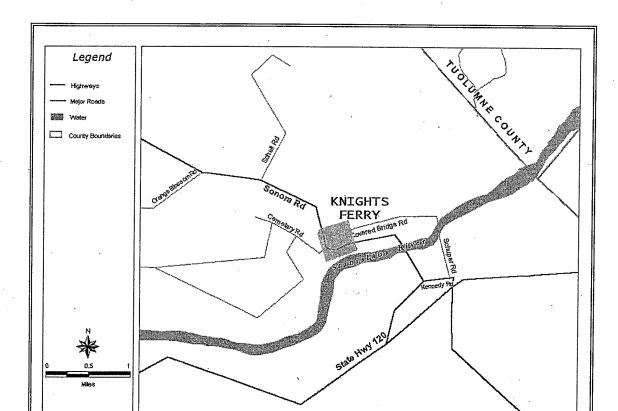
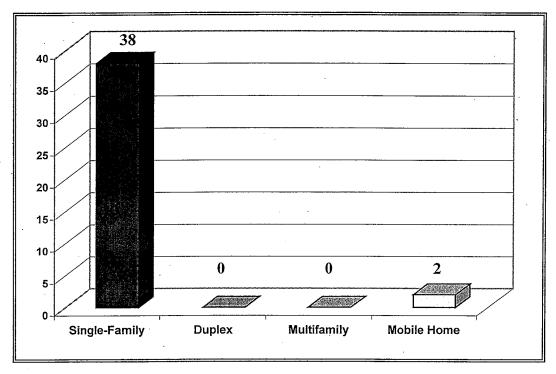


EXHIBIT 12-1 COMMUNITY OF KNIGHTS FERRY, STANISLAUS COUNTY

A total of 40 housing units were surveyed in the Community. The Community is made up primarily of single-family residences, a significant percentage of which are in need of rehabilitation.

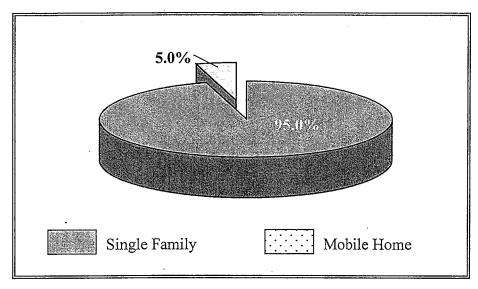
FIGURE 12-1 COMMUNITY OF KNIGHTS FERRY HOUSING TYPES



Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

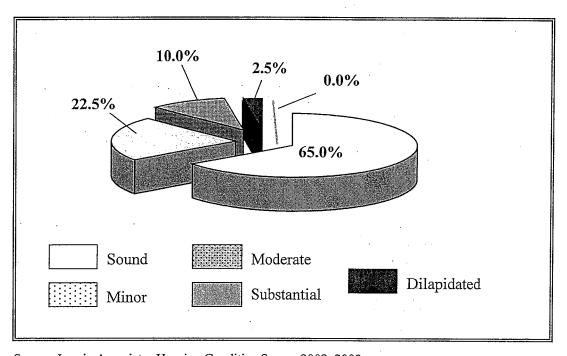
A total of 95.0 percent of the surveyed units are single-family units, and 5.0 percent are mobile homes. No duplexes or multifamily units were found in the Community.

FIGURE 12-2 HOUSING UNIT PERCENTAGES



Of all units, 65.0 percent are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while 22.5 percent need minor repairs, and an additional 10.0 percent need moderate repairs. A total of 2.5 percent of the units surveyed need substantial repair, and no housing units were found to be dilapidated in the Community.

FIGURE 12-3 HOUSING UNITS CONDITIONS



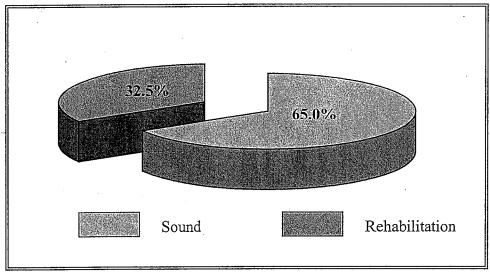
Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

TABLE 12-1 COMMUNITY OF KNIGHTS FERRY HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing Condition		ngle-/, mily	U-Duplex			Multi- Family		Mobile Home	
OAUIDIOI	##	%	##	- % 	##	%	##	%	
E Sound	25	65.8%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	50.0%	26
- Minor	8	21.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	50.0%	. 9
Moderate	4	10.5%	0	0.0%	. 0	0.0%	0	0.0%	4
. Substantial	. 0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
Dilapidated	1	2.6%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1
Total	38	100%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	100%	40
Source: Laurin Ass	ociates 1	Housing Co	ndition S	Survey 2002					

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as Minor, Moderate, or Substantial. In the Community of Knights Ferry a total of 32.5 percent, or 13 of the 40 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 12-4 HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 13

The primary repair needed in the Community is repainting, patching or siding replacement of the external structure, with 55.0 percent of the units requiring this improvement, and 22.5 percent of the units in need of re-roofing or roof repair. A total of 22.5 percent of the housing units need window repair or replacement, while very few units require foundation or electrical repairs. Sidewalks, curbs and gutters are entirely absent in the Community.

TABLE 12-2 COMMUNITY OF KNIGHTS FERRY NEEDED REPAIRS

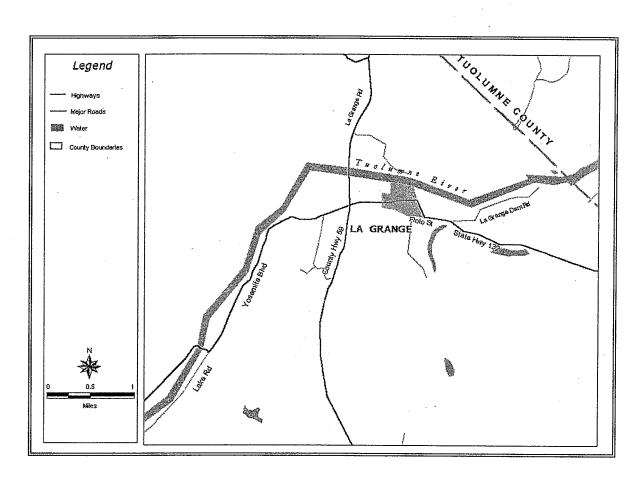
NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER	NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER
Foundation		Siding/Stucco	
General Repair	2	Re-painting	8
Partial Foundation	0	0 Patching/ Painting	
No or Needs Foundation	1	Replacement/ Painting &/or Lead — Based Paint	3
Roofing		Windows	
Shingles Missing	2	Broken Pane	0
Re-roofing	6	Repair	5
Roof Structure Replacement	1	Replacement	4
Electrical		Frontage Improvements	
Minor Repair	2	Sidewalks	40
Replace Main Panel	1	Curbs and Gutters	40
Source: Laurin Associa	tes Housing Cond	ition Survey 2002, 2003	

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 65.8 percent are in sound condition and 31.6 percent are in need of rehabilitation. One single-family housing unit is considered dilapidated. One of the two mobile homes found in the Community is in sound condition, and one needs only minor repair.

SECTION 13 COMMUNITY OF LA GRANGE

The Community of La Grange is at the extreme eastern end of Stanislaus County, approximately 28 miles east of the City of Modesto. The neighborhood is defined by the Tuolumne River on the north, La Grange Road on the west, Floto Street on the south and Yosemite Boulevard on the east.

EXHIBIT 13-1
COMMUNITY OF LA GRANGE, STANISLAUS COUNTY



A total of 49 housing units were surveyed in the Community. The Community is made up primarily of single-family residences, a significant percentage of which are in need of rehabilitation.

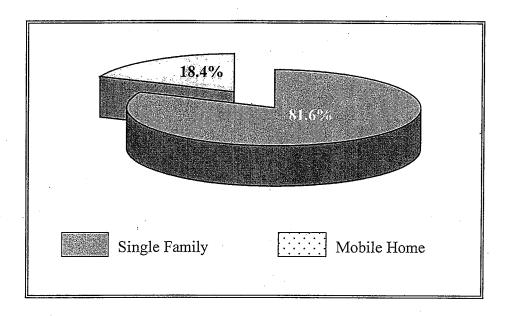
40
40
35
30
25
20
15
0
0
0
Single-Family
Duplex
Multifamily
Mobile Home

FIGURE 13-1 COMMUNITY OF LA GRANGE HOUSING TYPES

Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

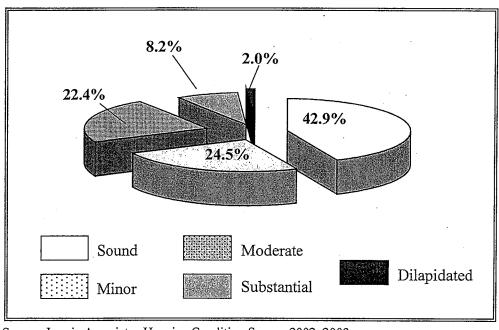
A total of 81.6 percent of the surveyed units are single-family units, and 18.4 percent are mobile homes. No duplexes or multifamily units were found in the Community.

FIGURE 13-2 HOUSING UNIT PERCENTAGES



Of all units, 42.9 percent are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while 24.5 percent need minor repairs, and an additional 22.5 percent need moderate repairs. A total of 8.2 percent of the units surveyed need substantial repair, and one housing unit was found to be dilapidated in the Community.

FIGURE 13-3 HOUSING UNITS CONDITIONS



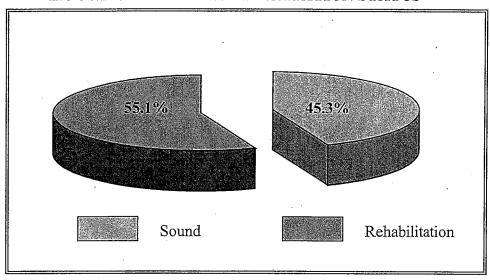
Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

TABLE 13-1 COMMUNITY OF LA GRANGE HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing	Housing Single Family		D.	Duplex		Multi- Family		Mobile Home	
	# #	- %	#	%	#	-%	#	%	
Sound	19	47.5%	. 0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	22.2%	21
برانيان Minor دورون	7	17.5%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	5	55.6%	12
: Moderate	10	25.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	11.1%	11
- Substantial	3	7.5%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	11.1%	4
: Dilapidated	1	2.5%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1
Total	40	100%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	9	100%	49
Source: Laurin Ass	sociates I	Housing Co	ndition S	urvey 2002,	2003				

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as Minor, Moderate, or Substantial. In the Community of La Grange a total of 55.1 percent, or 27 of the 49 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 13-4 HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 27

The primary repair needed in the Community is re-roofing or roof structure replacement and re-roofing, with 46.9 percent of the units in need of this repair. A total of 44.9 percent of the units require repainting or patching and repainting of the external structure. A total of 28.6 percent of the housing units need window repair or replacement, while very few units require foundation or electrical repairs. Sidewalks, curbs and gutters are entirely absent in the Community.

TABLE 13-2 COMMUNITY OF LA GRANGE NEEDED REPAIRS

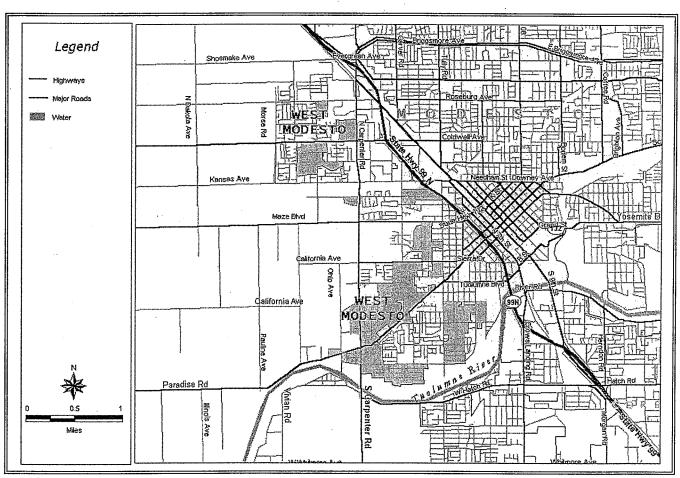
NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER	NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER
Foundation		Siding/Stucco	
General Repair	2	Re-painting	14
Partial Foundation	0	Patching/ Painting	8
No or Needs Foundation	2	Siding Replacement/ &/or Lead –Based Paint	12
Roofing		Windows	
Shingles Missing	1	Broken Pane	0
Re-roofing	19	Repair	2
Roof Structure Replacement	4	Replacement	12
Electrical		Frontage Improvements	
Minor Repair	1	Sidewalks	49
Replace Main Panel	1	Curbs and Gutters	49
Source: Laurin Associa	tes Housing Cond	ition Survey 2002, 2003	

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 47.5 percent are in sound condition and 50.0 percent are in need of rehabilitation. One single-family housing unit is considered dilapidated. Two of the nine mobile homes found in the Community are in sound condition, and seven are in need of rehabilitation.

SECTION 14 WEST MODESTO NEIGHBORHOODS

The West Modesto Neighborhoods are located in central Stanislaus County, immediately west of, and in some cases surrounded by, the western City of Modesto. The Neighborhoods are generally defined by Blue Gum Avenue on the north, Mercy Avenue and Ohio Avenues on the west, Robertson Road on the south, and Sutter Avenue and Martin Luther King Drive on the east.

EXHIBIT 14-1 WEST MODESTO NEIGHBORHOODS, STANISLAUS COUNTY



A total of 3,777 housing units were surveyed in the Neighborhoods. The Neighborhoods are made up primarily of single-family residences, with the majority being in sound condition.

3,673

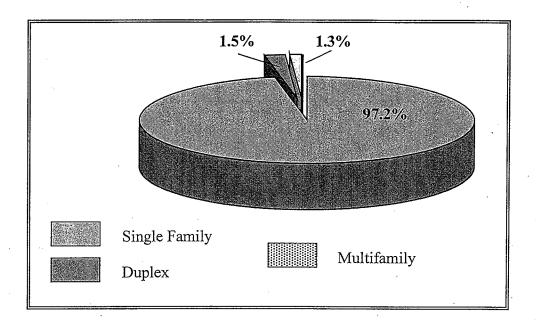
3000
2500
2000
1500
56
48
0
Single-Family Duplex Multifamily Mobile Home

FIGURE 14-1 WEST MODESTO NEIGHBORHOODS HOUSING TYPES

Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

A total of 97.2 percent of the surveyed units are single-family units, 1.3 percent are classified as multifamily units; 1.5 percent are duplexes, and no mobile homes were found. There were 28 duplexes, for a total of 56 housing units, and 10 multifamily complexes with a total of 48 housing units.

FIGURE 14-2 HOUSING UNIT PERCENTAGES



Of all units, 84.4 percent are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while 12.5 percent need minor repairs, and an additional 2.8 percent need moderate repairs. Only 0.2 percent of the units surveyed need substantial repair, and 0.1 percent of the housing units are dilapidated.

FIGURE 14-3 HOUSING UNITS BY CONDITION

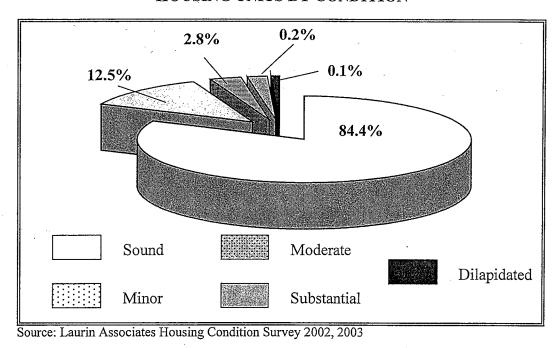
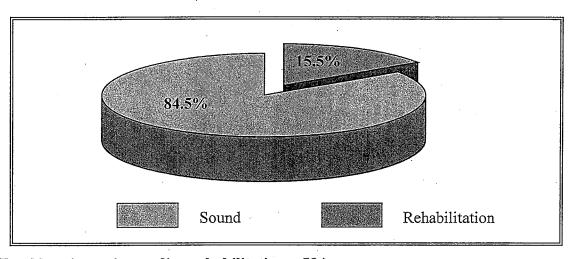


TABLE 14-1 WEST MODESTO NEIGHBORHOODS HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing Condition	Single	Single Family		Duplex: Mult		ti-Family	Mobile Home		Total
	# #	%	#	%	#	- 1 % ·	#	%	I Otal
Sound :	3,118	84.9%	44	78.6%	30	62.5%	0	0.0%	3,192
Minor	445	12.1%	12	21.4%	14	29.2%	0	0.0%	471
: Moderate : : :	100	2.7%	.0	0.0%	4	8.3%	0	0.0%	104
Substantial	9	0.2%	.0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	9
Dilapidated	1	0.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1
Total	3,673	100%	56	100%	48	100%	0	0.0%	3,777
Source: Laurin Associates	s Housing	Condition	Surve	y 2002					

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as in need of Minor, Moderate, or Substantial repair. In the Neighborhoods of West Modesto a total of 15.5 percent, or 584 of the 3,777 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 14-4 HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 584

The primary repair needed in the Neighborhood is repainting and/or patching or siding replacement of the external structure, with 34.1 percent of the units requiring this repair. A total of 31.4 percent of the housing units require re-roofing or roof repair. Only 0.5 percent of the units require foundation repair, and 2.9 percent need window repair or replacement. Only three units were found to require electrical repairs. Over 90 percent of the housing units have no sidewalks, and 87.6 percent lack curbs and gutters.

TABLE 14-2
WEST MODESTO NEIGHBORHOODS NEEDED REPAIRS

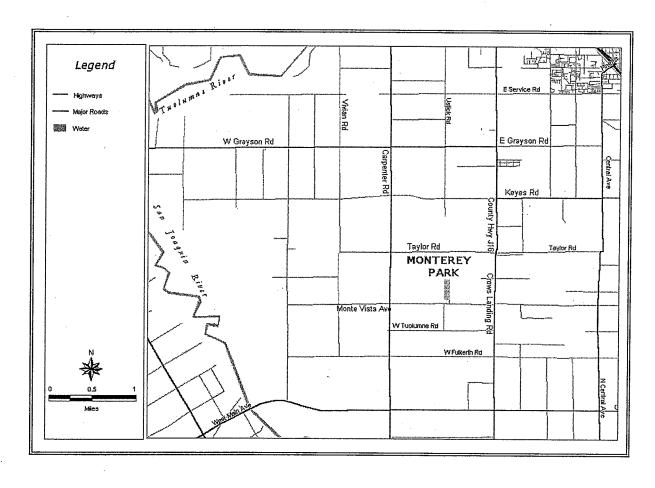
NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER	NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER
Foundation		Siding/Stucco	17.0
General Repair	19	Re-painting	749
Partial Foundation	1	Patching/ Painting	404
No or Needs Foundation	0	Replacement/ Painting &/or Lead – Based Paint	134
Roofing		Windows	
Shingles Missing	844	Broken Pane	37
Re-roofing	301	Repair	41
Roof Structure Replacement	42	Replacement	31
Electrical		Frontage Improvements	
Minor Repair	3	Sidewalks	3,432
Replace Main Panel	0	Curbs and Gutters	3,308
Source: Laurin Associa	tes Housing Cond	ition Survey 2002, 2003	

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 84.9 percent are in sound condition and 15.1 percent are in need of rehabilitation. Only one single family home is considered dilapidated. A total of 78.6 percent of individual housing units configured as duplexes are in sound condition, with 21.4 percent in need of rehabilitation. The survey showed that 62.5 percent of multifamily units are in sound condition, with 37.5 percent in need of rehabilitation.

SECTION 15 MONTEREY PARK NEIGHBORHOOD

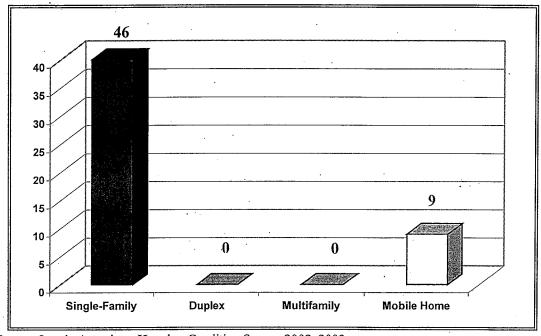
The Monterey Park Neighborhood is located almost in the direct center of Stanislaus County, approximately 8 miles west of the City of Turlock. The Neighborhood is defined by the Durango Avenue on the north, Monterey Avenue on the west, La Siesta Avenue on the south and Foy Avenue on the east. The closest major cross streets are Crows Landing Road and Monte Vista Avenue.

EXHIBIT 15-1 MONTEREY PARK NEIGHBORHOOD



A total of 55 housing units were surveyed in the Neighborhood. The survey area is made up primarily of single-family residences, a significant percentage of which are in need of rehabilitation.

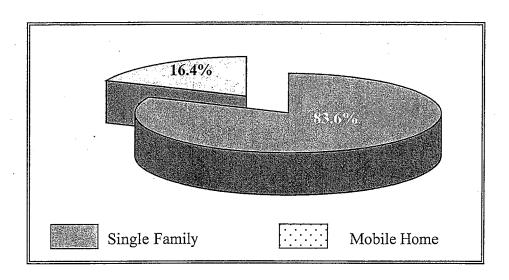
FIGURE 15-1 MONTEREY PARK NEIGHBORHOOD HOUSING TYPES



Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

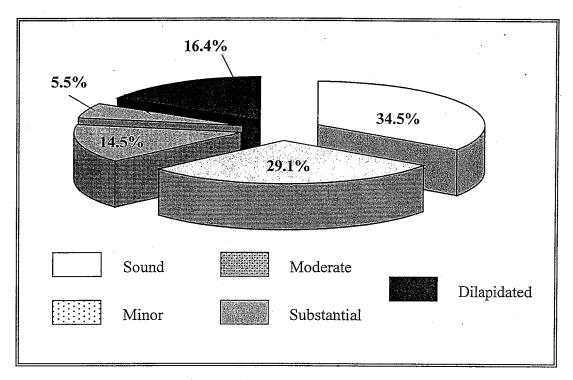
A total of 83.6 percent of the surveyed units are single-family units and 16.4 percent are mobile homes. No multifamily or duplex units were found in the Neighborhood.

FIGURE 15-2 HOUSING UNIT PERCENTAGES



Of all units, 34.5 percent are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while 29.1 percent need minor repairs, and an additional 14.5 percent need moderate repairs. An additional 5.5 percent of the units surveyed need substantial repair, and 16.4 percent of the housing units were dilapidated. The dilapidated units include six single-family homes and three mobile homes.

FIGURE 15-3 HOUSING UNITS BY CONDITION



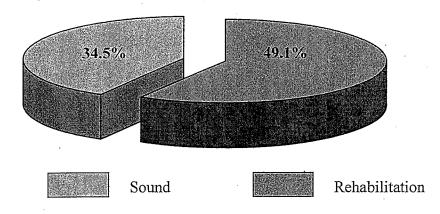
Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

TABLE 15-1 MONTEREY PARK NEIGHBORHOOD HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing Condition	Single Family		. Di	Duplex		: Multi# - Family #		Mobile Home	
Onainon :	#	% ·	#	% · · ·	#	%	#	%	
Sound	19	41.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	19
Minor	16	34.8%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	16
Moderate :	4	8.7%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	4	44.4%	8
Substantial.	1	2.2%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2	22.2%	3
Dilapidated:	6	13.0%	0	0.0%	. 0	.0.0%	3	33.3%	9
Total	46	100%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	9	100%	55
Source: Laurin Ass	sociates l	Housing Co	ndition S	Survey 2002,	2003				

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as Minor, Moderate, or Substantial. In the Monterey Park Neighborhood a total of 41.2 percent, or 27 of the 55 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 15-4 HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 27

A total of 87.3 percent of the units require repainting or patching and repainting of the external structure and 56.3 percent of the housing units need either re-roofing or roof structure replacement and re-roofing. Additionally, 27.3 percent of the units need new foundations or foundation repair, and 29.9 percent need window repair or replacement. Finally, 25.5 percent of the housing units need electrical repairs. Sidewalks, curbs and gutters are entirely absent in the Neighborhood.

TABLE 15-2 MONTEREY PARK NEIGHBORHOOD NEEDED REPAIRS

NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER.	NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER
Foundation		Siding/Stucco	
General Repair	3	Re-painting	. 13
Partial Foundation	0	Patching/ Painting	21
No or Needs Foundation	12	Replacement/ Painting &/or Lead – Based Paint	14
Roofing		Windows	
Shingles Missing	3	Broken Pane	0
Re-roofing	17	Repair	1
Roof Structure Replacement	11	Replacement	16
Electrical		Frontage Improvements	and the second s
Minor Repair	1	Sidewalks	55
Replace Main Panel	13	Curbs and Gutters	55
Source: Laurin Associa	tes Housing Cond	ition Survey 2002, 2003	

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 41.3 percent are in sound condition and 45.7 percent are in need of rehabilitation. Six single-family housing units are considered dilapidated. A total of six of the nine mobile homes in the Neighborhood are in need of rehabilitation and three mobile homes are dilapidated.

SECTION 16 NORTH CERES NEIGHBORHOOD

The North Ceres Neighborhood is located in central Stanislaus County, approximately one mile south of the City of Modesto. The Neighborhood is defined by the Tuolumne River on the north, Bystrum Road on the west, Hatch Road on the south and Mitchell Road on the east.

EXHIBIT 16-1 NORTH CERES NEIGHBORHOOD, STANISLAUS COUNTY

A total of 1,991 housing units were surveyed in the Neighborhood. The Neighborhood is made up primarily of single-family residences, with the majority being in sound condition.

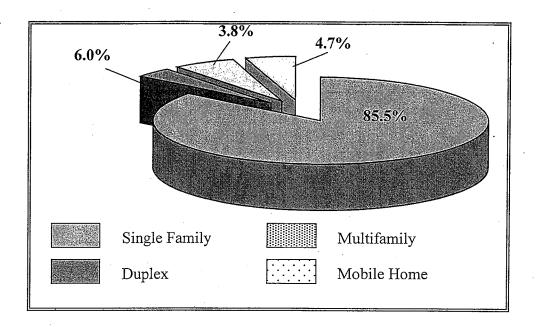
1,701 1800 1600 1400 1200 1000 800 600 94 120 **76** 400 200 Single-Family **Duplex** Multifamily Mobile Home

FIGURE 16-1 NORTH CERES NEIGHBORHOOD HOUSING TYPES

Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

A total of 85.4 percent of the surveyed units are single-family units, 3.8 percent are classified as multifamily units; 6.0 percent are duplexes, and 4.7 percent are mobile homes. There were 60 duplexes found in the Neighborhood, for a total of 120 housing units, and 14 multifamily complexes, for a total of 76 housing units.

FIGURE 16-2 HOUSING UNIT PERCENTAGES



Of all units, 59.2 percent are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while 26.1 percent need minor repairs, and an additional 13.2 percent need moderate repairs. Only 1.3 percent of the units surveyed need substantial repair, and 0.2 percent of the housing units are dilapidated.

FIGURE 16-3 HOUSING UNITS BY CONDITION

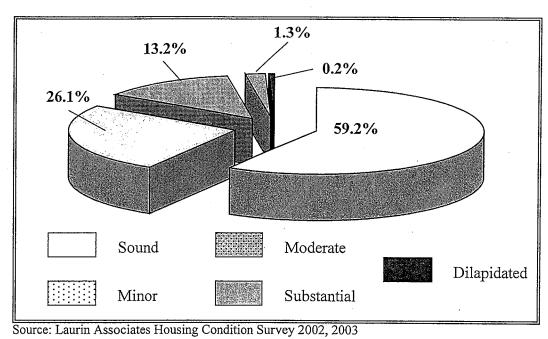
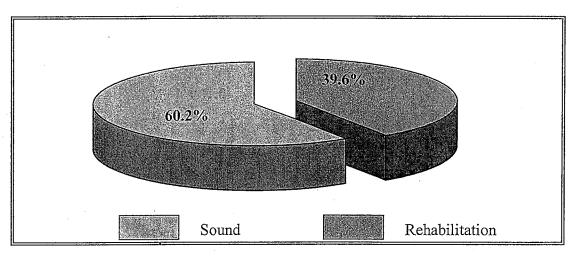


TABLE 16-1 NORTH CERES NEIGHBORHOOD HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing Condition	Single Family		:: D)	IIN AY		Multi- amily.	Mobile L. Home		Total
Continue	#	%	#	- % · ·	##	%	#	- %	
Sound	1,018	59.8%	66	55.0%	67	88.2%	47	50.0%	1,198
Minor	446	26.2%	32	26.7%	3	3.9%	26	27.7%	507
Moderate Moderate	207	12.2%	22	18.3%	6	7.9%	21	22.3%	256
J. Substantial	26	15.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	26
Dilapidated	4	0.2%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	-0.0%	4
Total	1,701	100%	120	100%	76	100%	94	100%	1,991
Source: Laurin Associate	s Housing	Condition	Survey	/ 2002					

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as in need of Minor, Moderate, or Substantial repair. In the North Ceres Neighborhood a total of 40.6 percent, or 789 of the 1,943 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 16-4 HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 789

The primary repair needed in the Neighborhood is repainting, or patching or replacing of the exterior housing surface, with 77.3 percent of the units requiring this improvement, followed by re-roofing or roof repairs, with 39.9 percent of the units requiring this repair. A total of 16.8 percent of the housing units need window repair or replacement. Very few units require foundation repair, and only six units were found to be in need of electrical repairs. Just under half of the housing units (49.7 percent) have no sidewalks, curbs or gutters.

TABLE 16-2 NORTH CERES NEIGHBORHOOD NEEDED REPAIRS

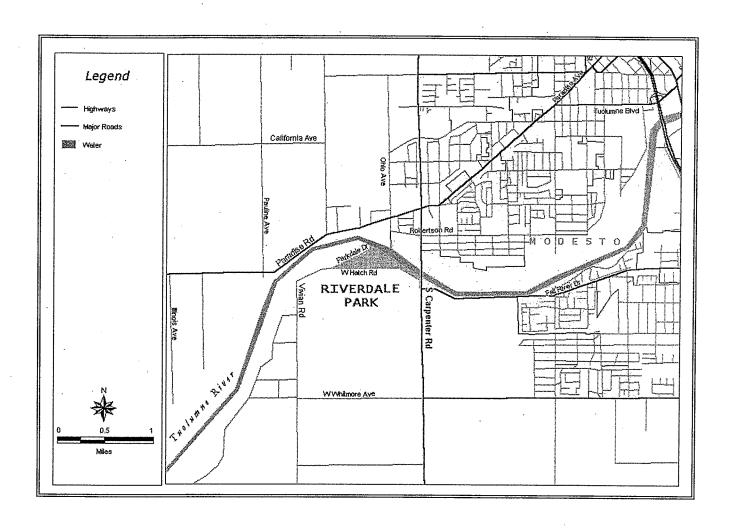
NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER NEEDED REPAIR		NUMBER	
Foundation		Siding/Stucco		
General Repair	20	Re-painting	792	
Partial Foundation	4	Patching/ Painting	645	
No or Needs Foundation	2	Replacement/ Painting &/or Lead – Based Paint	103	
Roofing		Windows		
Shingles Missing	137	Broken Pane	1	
Re-roofing	559	Repair	251	
Roof Structure Replacement	98	Replacement	82	
Electrical		Frontage Improvements		
Minor Repair	2	2 Sidewalks		
Replace Main Panel	4	Curbs and Gutters	989	
Source: Laurin Associat	es Housing Cond	ition Survey 2002, 2003		

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 59.8 percent are in sound condition and 39.9 percent are in need of rehabilitation. Four housing units are considered dilapidated. A total of 55.0 percent of individual housing units configured as duplexes are in sound condition, with 45.0 percent in need of rehabilitation. The survey showed that 88.2 percent of multifamily units are in sound condition, with 11.8 percent in need of rehabilitation. Finally, a total of 50.0 percent of the mobile homes in the Neighborhood are in sound condition, and 50.0 percent are in need of rehabilitation.

SECTION 17 RIVERDALE PARK NEIGHBORHOOD

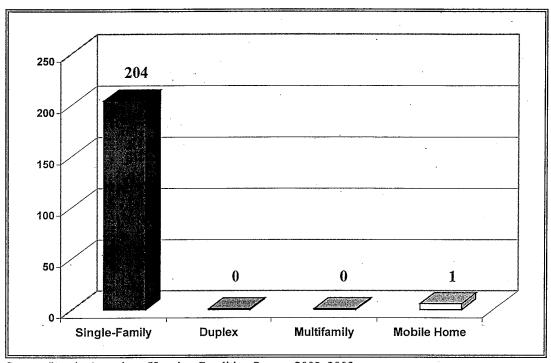
The Riverdale Park Neighborhood is located in central Stanislaus County, immediately southwest of the City of Modesto. The Neighborhood is defined by the Tuolumne River on the north, Parkdale Drive on the west, Hatch Road on the south and Carpenter Road on the east.

EXHIBIT 17-1 RIVERDALE PARK NEIGHBORHOOD



A total of 205 housing units were surveyed in the Neighborhood. The survey area is made up primarily of single-family residences, with approximately one third in need of rehabilitation.

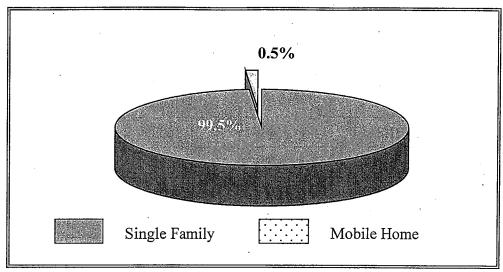
FIGURE 17-1 COMMUNITY OF RIVERDALE PARK HOUSING TYPES



Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

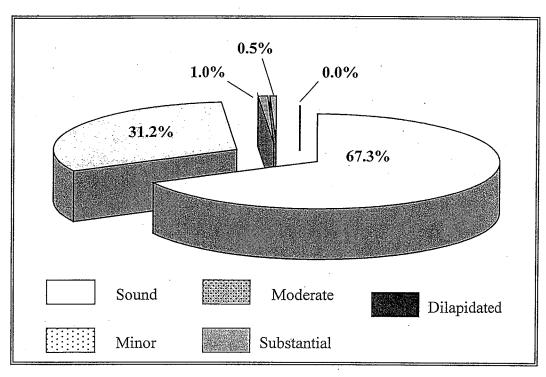
A total of 99.5 percent of the surveyed units in the Neighborhood of Riverdale Park are single-family units. No multifamily, or duplex units were found in the Neighborhood and there is only one mobile home present.

FIGURE 17-2 HOUSING UNIT PERCENTAGES



Of all units, 67.3 percent are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while 31.2 percent need minor repairs. Only one percent of the units were found to need moderate repairs and less than one percent need substantial repair. There were no dilapidated units found in the Community.

FIGURE 17-2 HOUSING UNITS BY CONDITION



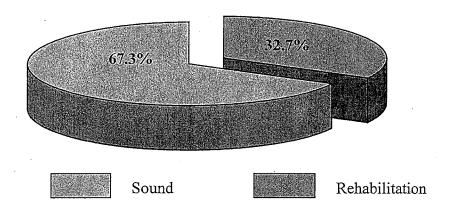
Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

TABLE 17-1 COMMUNITY OF RIVERDALE PARK HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing Condition	Single Family		Duplex		Multi- Family		Mobile Home		Total
	# #	%	#	- %	#.	- % -	#	% -	
Sound:	137	67.2%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	100%	138
. Minor	64	31.4%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	64
Moderate +	2	1.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2
Substantial	1	0.5%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1
.: Dilapidated-	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
Total	204	100%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	100%	205
Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003									

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as Minor, Moderate, or Substantial. In the Community of Riverdale Park 67 of the 205 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 17-4 HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 67

The primary repair needed in the Neighborhood is repainting of the external structure, with 43.4 percent of the units requiring this, and 31.2 percent of the units in need of reroofing. Very few units require foundation, electrical or window repairs. Sidewalks, curbs and gutters are entirely absent in the Neighborhood.

TABLE 17-2 COMMUNITY OF RIVERDALE PARK NEEDED REPAIRS

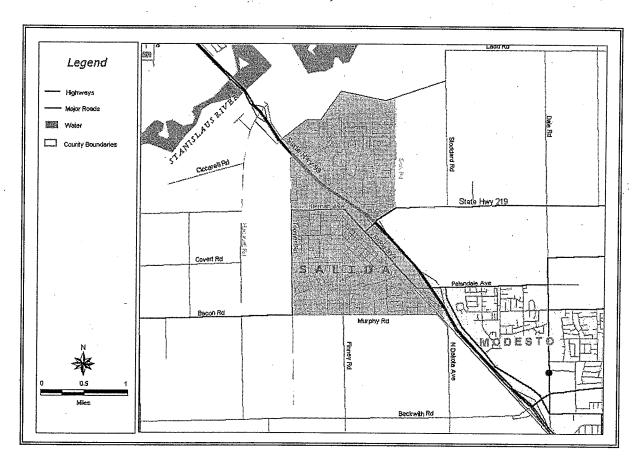
NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER	NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER			
Foundation	10	Siding/Stucco				
General Repair	1 Re-painting		89			
Partial Foundation	0	Patching/ Painting	14			
No or Needs Foundation	0	Replacement/ Painting &/or Lead – Based Paint	1			
Roofing		Windows				
Shingles Missing	8	8 Broken Pane				
Re-roofing	64	Repair	1			
Roof Structure Replacement	2	Replacement	1			
Electrical		Frontage Improvements				
Minor Repair	1	Sidewalks	205			
Replace Main Panel	0	Curbs and Gutters	205			
Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003						

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 67.3 percent are in sound condition and 32.7 percent are in need of rehabilitation. There was only one mobile home found in the Neighborhood, and it was in sound condition.

SECTION 18 COMMUNITY OF SALIDA

The Community of Salida is located in north-central Stanislaus County, immediately northwest of the City of Modesto. The Community is generally defined by Award Way, Solaro Way and Sun Down Place on the north, Hammett Road on the west, the Bacon Road and Murphy Road on the south and Nutcracker Lane on the east.

EXHIBIT 18-1 COMMUNITY OF SALIDA, STANISLAUS COUNTY



The US Census reports 3,704 housing units in the Community in 2000. Due to the large size of the Community, a sample of 33 percent of the residential housing units was determined to be representative of housing conditions. A total of 1,402 housing units were surveyed in the Community, including all multifamily units. The Community is made up primarily of single-family residences, with the great majority being in sound condition.

1,226
1000
1000
800
200
22
1
Single-Family Duplex Multifamily Mobile Home

FIGURE 18-1 COMMUNITY OF SALIDA HOUSING TYPES (33% survey)

Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

A total of 87.4 percent of the surveyed units are single-family units, 10.9 percent are classified as multifamily units; 1.6 percent are duplexes, and less than 0.1 percent are mobile homes.

FIGURE 18-2 HOUSING UNIT PERCENTAGES

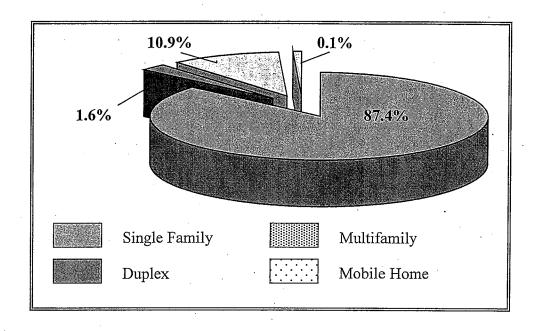
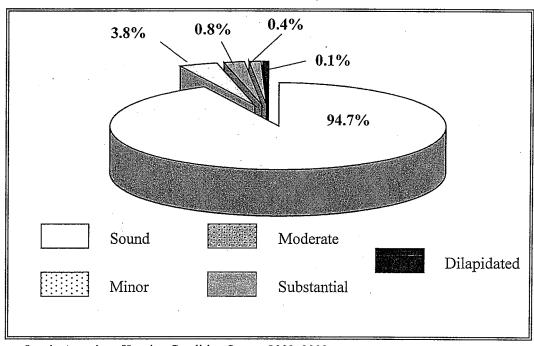


FIGURE 18-3 HOUSING UNITS BY CONDITION



Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

Of all units, 94.7 percent are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while only 3.8 percent need minor repairs, and an additional 0.8 percent need moderate repairs. Only

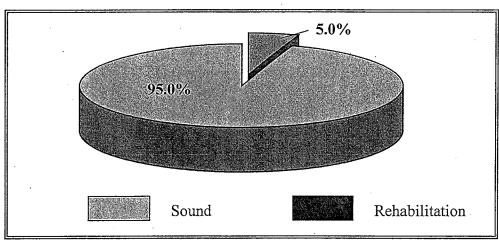
0.4 percent of the units surveyed need substantial repair, and 0.1 percent of the housing units are dilapidated.

TABLE 18-1 COMMUNITY OF SALIDA HOUSING CONDITIONS (33% survey)

Housing Condition	Single Family		Duplex		Multi- Family		Mobile Home		Total.
Continuent :	1.5#	- %	#	%	#	- %	H.	- %	
Sound	1,154	94.1%	22	100.0%	153	100.0%	1	100.0%	1,330
Minor :	53	4.3%	0	0.0%	. 0	0.0%	0	0%	53
Moderate	11	0.9%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0%	11
Substantial :	6	0.5%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0%	6
Dilapidated	. 2	0.2%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0%	2
Total 12 14-4	1,226	100%	22	100%	153	100%	1	1%	1,402

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as in need of Minor, Moderate, or Substantial repair. In the Community of Salida a total of 5.0 percent, or 70 of the 1,379 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 18-4 HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 70

The primary repair needed in the Community is re-roofing or roof repair of the housing unit, with 18.6 percent of the units requiring this, followed by 15.1 percent of the units requiring repainting of the external structure. Very few units require foundation or electrical repair and 1.3 percent need window repair or replacement. A total of 18.7 percent of the housing units have no sidewalks, and 16.5 percent have no curbs or gutters.

TABLE 18-2 COMMUNITY OF SALIDA NEEDED REPAIRS (33% survey)

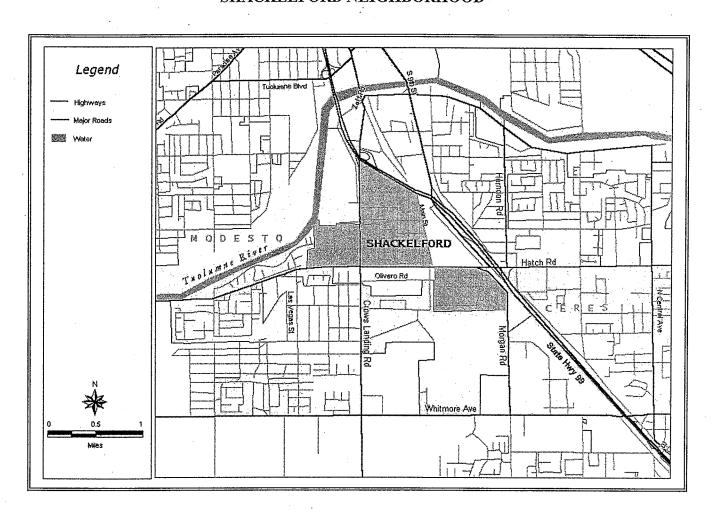
NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER	NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER
Foundation		Siding/Stucco	
General Repair	4	Re-painting	162
Partial Foundation	0	Patching/ Painting	34
No or Needs Foundation	0	Replacement/ Painting &/or Lead — Based Paint	12
Roofing		Windows	
Shingles Missing	186	Broken Pane	0
Re-roofing	59	Repair	12
Roof Structure Replacement	12	Replacement	7
Electrical		Frontage Improvements	
Minor Repair	2	Sidewalks	258
Replace Main Panel	0	Curbs and Gutters	258
Source: Laurin Associat	tes Housing Cond	ition Survey 2002, 2003	

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 94.1 percent are in sound condition and 5.7 percent are in need of rehabilitation. Two housing units are considered dilapidated. All of the individual housing units configured as duplexes are in sound condition. The survey showed that all of multifamily units are also in sound condition. Finally, the single mobile home found in the Community was in sound condition.

SECTION 19 SHACKELFORD NEIGHBORHOOD

The Shackelford Neighborhood is located in central Stanislaus County, immediately west of the City of Ceres. It is defined by US Highway 99 on the north, the Tuolumne River on the west, Hatch Road on the south and the Union Pacific Railroad on the east.

EXHIBIT 19-1 SHACKELFORD NEIGHBORHOOD



A total of 828 housing units were surveyed in the Neighborhood. The Neighborhood is made up primarily of single-family residences, with the majority in need of minor to substantial rehabilitation.

802 900 800 600 500 400 300 200 10 15 1 100 Single-Family Duplex Multifamily Mobile Home

FIGURE 19-1 COMMUNITY OF SHACKELFORD HOUSING TYPES

Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

A total of 96.8 percent of the surveyed units are single-family units, 1.8 percent are classified as multifamily units; 1.2 percent are duplexes, and 0.1 percent are mobile homes. There were five duplexes found in the Neighborhood, for a total of 10 housing units, and only two multifamily units, for a total of 15 housing units.

1.8% 1.0% 0.1%

Single-Family Multifamily

Duplex Mobile Home

FIGURE 19-2 HOUSING UNIT PERCENTAGES

Of all units, 47.1 percent are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while 26.8 percent need minor repairs, and an additional 20.2 percent need moderate repairs. Only 4.8 percent of the units surveyed need substantial repair, and 1.1 percent of the housing units are dilapidated.

6.5%
1.0%
47.1%

Sound
Minor

Substantial

Dilapidated

FIGURE 19-3 HOUSING UNITS BY CONDITION

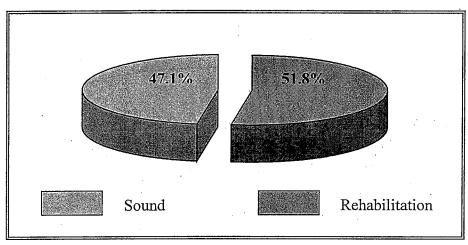
Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

TABLE 19-1 COMMUNITY OF SHACKELFORD HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing Condition	Peruntakan menerakan	Single Family		Duplex		Multi- Family		Mobile Home	
	##	%	#	%	#	%	. #	%	
Sound	382	47.6%	4	40.0%	3	20.0%	1	100%	390
Minor	213	26.6%	2	20.0%	7	46.7%	0	0.0%	222
Moderate	162	20.2%	0.	0.0%	5	33.3%	0	0.0%	167
Substantial	40	5.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	40
Dilapidated	5	0.6%	4	40.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	9
Total	802	100%	10	4%	15	100%	1	100%	828
Source: Laurin Ass	sociates I	Housing Co	ndition S	urvey 2002,	2003				

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as Minor, Moderate, or Substantial. In the Shackelford Neighborhood a total of 51.8 percent, or 429 of the 828 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 19-4 HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 429

The primary repair needed in the Neighborhood is re-roofing of the main housing unit, where 28.6 percent of the units surveyed are in need of this repair. Additionally, a significant proportion of units, (18 percent), need complete roof structure replacement. A total of 24.2 percent of the housing units require repainting of the external structure. Very few units require foundation or electrical repair, however 11.0 percent need window repair or replacement. Sidewalks, curbs and gutters are almost entirely absent throughout the Neighborhood. Several residents in the area made comments regarding the need for sidewalks while the surveyors were conducting research in the neighborhood.

TABLE 19-2 SHACKELFORD NEIGHBORHOOD NEEDED REPAIRS

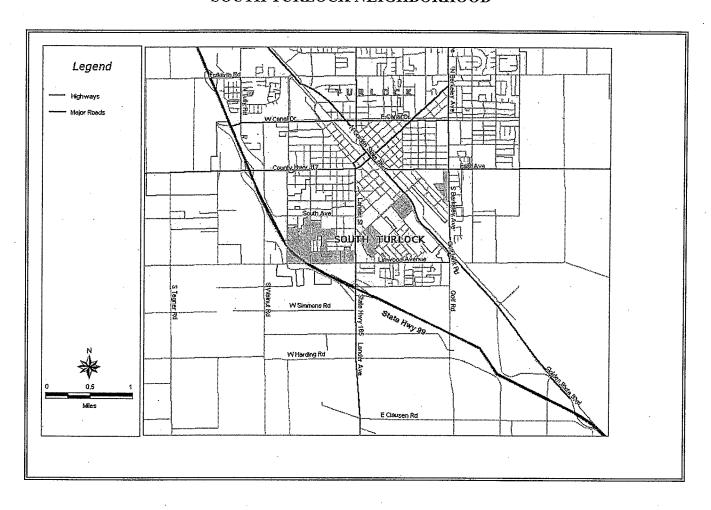
NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER NEEDED REPAIR		NUMBER
Foundation		Siding/Stucco	
General Repair	12	Re-painting	200
Partial Foundation	0	Patching/ Painting	102
No or Needs Foundation	6	Replacement/ Painting &/or Lead – Based Paint	170
Roofing		Windows	
Shingles Missing	20	Broken Pane	0
Re-roofing	237	Repair	67
Roof Structure Replacement	149	Replacement	24
Electrical		Frontage Improvements	
Minor Repair	13	Sidewalks	808
Replace Main Panel	3	Curbs and Gutters	783
Source: Laurin Associat	tes Housing Cond	ition Survey 2002, 2003	

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 47.6 percent are in sound condition and 51.7 percent are in need of rehabilitation. Five single-family homes are considered dilapidated. A total of 40.0 percent of individual housing units configured as duplexes are in sound condition, with 20.0 percent in need of rehabilitation. Four duplexes (eight housing units) are considered dilapidated. The survey showed that 20.0 percent of multifamily units are in sound condition, with 80.0 percent in need of rehabilitation. Finally, the single mobile home found in the neighborhood is in sound condition.

SECTION 20 SOUTH TURLOCK NEIGHBORHOOD

The South Turlock Neighborhood is located in central Stanislaus County, immediately south of the City of Turlock. It is defined by South and East Avenues on the north, the West Glenwood Avenue and Soderquist Road on the west, Linwood Avenue on the south and the South First Street on the east.

EXHIBIT 20-1 SOUTH TURLOCK NEIGHBORHOOD



A total of 669 housing units were surveyed in the Neighborhood. The Neighborhood is made up primarily of single-family residences, with the majority being in sound condition.

429

450

400

350

300

250

200

150

42

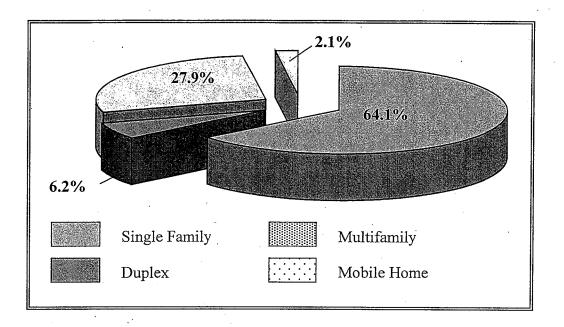
Single-Family Duplex Multifamily Mobile Home

FIGURE 20-1 SOUTH TURLOCK NEIGHBORHOOD HOUSING TYPES

Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

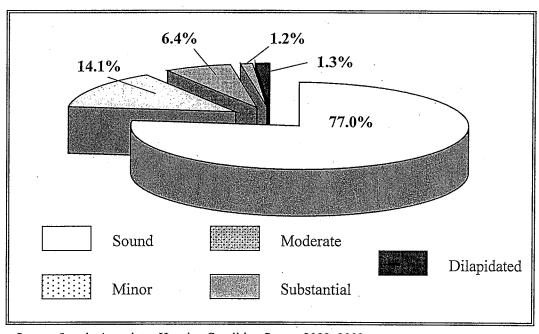
A total of 89.8 percent of the surveyed units are single-family units, 2.9 percent are classified as multifamily units; 4.4 percent are duplexes, and 2.9 are mobile homes. There were 21 duplexes found in the Neighborhood, for a total of 42 housing units, and 14 multifamily complexes for a total of 184 housing units.

FIGURE 20-2 HOUSING UNIT PERCENTAGES



Of all units, 77.0 percent are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while 14.1 percent need minor repairs, and an additional 6.4 percent need moderate repairs. Only 1.2 percent of the units surveyed need substantial repair, and 1.3 percent of the housing units are dilapidated.

FIGURE 20-3 HOUSING UNITS BY CONDITION



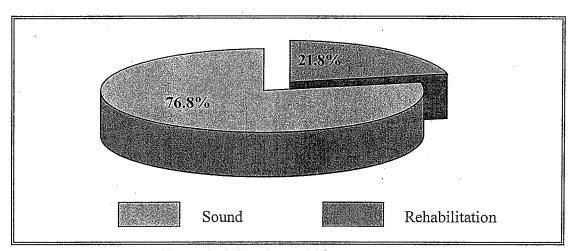
Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

TABLE 20-1 SOUTH TURLOCK NEIGHBORHOOD HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing Condition	Single Family		Duplex		Multi-Family		Mobile Home		Total
industrig Continuor	# # 1	%	##	%	##	%	# #	%	Tutai
Sound .	296	69.0%	38	90.5%	172	93.5%	8	57.2%	514
	85	19.8%	0	0.0%	8	4.3%	,2	14.3%	95
Moderate	32	7.5%	4	9.5%	4	2.2%	3	21.4%	43
Substantial	8	1.9%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	8
Dilapidated	8	1.9%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	7.1%	9
Total	429	100%	42	100%	184	100%	14	100%	669
Source: Laurin Associates	Housin	g Condition	Surve	ey 2002					

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as in need of Minor, Moderate, or Substantial repair. In the Neighborhood of South Turlock a total of 21.7 percent, or 146 of the 669 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 20-4 HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 146

The primary repair needed in the Neighborhood is repainting and/or patching or siding replacement of the external structure, with 31.4 percent of the units requiring this improvement. A total of 28.3 percent of the housing units require re-roofing or roof repair. Only 2.5 percent of the units require foundation repair, and 8.4 percent need window repair or replacement. Only thirteen units (1.9 percent) were found to require electrical repairs. A total of 41.1 percent of the housing units have no sidewalks, curbs or gutters.

TABLE 20-2 SOUTH TURLOCK NEIGHBORHOOD NEEDED REPAIRS

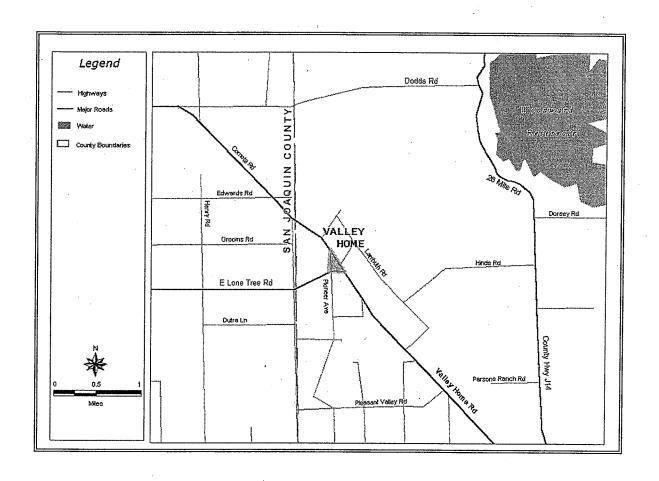
NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER NEEDED REPAIR		NUMBER
Foundation		Siding/Stucco	
General Repair	1	Re-painting	94
Partial Foundation	15	Patching/ Painting	73
No or Needs Foundation	Replacement/ 2 Painting &/or Lead – Based Paint		43
Roofing		Windows	
Shingles Missing	90	Broken Pane	6
Re-roofing	64	Repair	19
Roof Structure Replacement	35	Replacement	. 31
Electrical		Frontage Improvements	
Minor Repair	10	Sidewalks	275
Replace Main Panel	3	Curbs and Gutters	275
Source: Laurin Associa	tes Housing Cond	ition Survey 2002, 2003	·

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 69.0 percent are in sound condition and 29.1 percent are in need of rehabilitation. Eight single-family homes are considered dilapidated. A total of 90.5 percent of individual housing units configured as duplexes are in sound condition, with 9.5 percent in need of rehabilitation. The survey showed that 93.6 percent of multifamily units are in sound condition, with 6.5 percent in need of rehabilitation. Finally, a total of 57.2 percent of the mobile homes are in sound condition, and 35.7 percent are in need of rehabilitation. One mobile home was found to be dilapidated.

SECTION 21 COMMUNITY OF VALLEY HOME

The Community of Valley Home is located in northeastern Stanislaus County, approximately eleven miles northeast of the City of Modesto. The Neighborhood is basically triangular in shape, and is defined by Valley Home Road on the northeast, Pioneer Avenue on the west, and Lone Tree Road on the South.

EXHIBIT 21-1 COMMUNITY OF VALLEY HOME



A total of 28 housing units were surveyed in the Community. The neighborhood is made up primarily of single-family residences, a small percentage of which are in need of rehabilitation.

25
20
15
0
0
Single-Family
Duplex
Multifamily
Mobile Home

FIGURE 21-1 COMMUNITY OF VALLEY HOME HOUSING TYPES

Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

A total of 89.3 percent of the surveyed units are single-family units and 10.7 percent are mobile homes. No multifamily or duplex units were found in the Community.

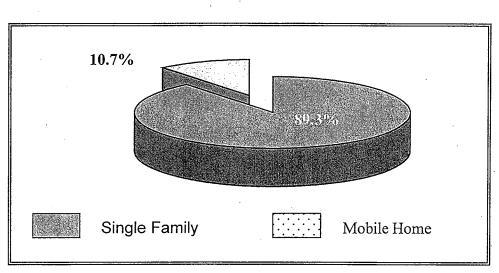
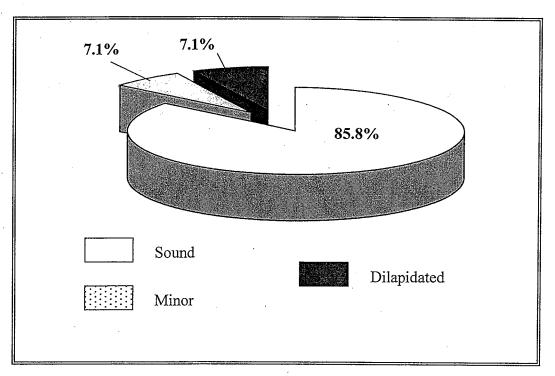


FIGURE 21-2 HOUSING UNIT PERCENTAGES

Of all units, 85.8 percent are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while 7.1 percent need minor repairs. No units were found to need moderate or substantial repairs. The dilapidated units include two single-family homes.

FIGURE 21-3 HOUSING UNITS BY CONDITION



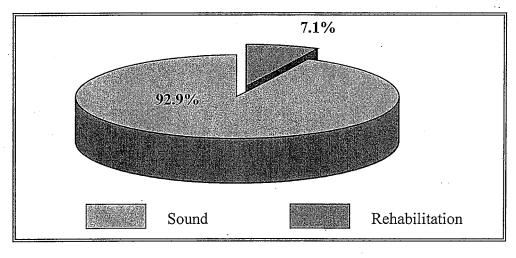
Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

TABLE 21-1 COMMUNITY OF VALLEY HOME HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing -	Single Family		Duplex		Multi- Family		Mobile Home		Total
Condition.	#	%	#	%	# .	%	#	%	
Sound	21	84.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	3	100%	24
. Minor.	2	8.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	. 0	0.0%	. 2
Moderate	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0
Substantial ::	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0.
Dilapidated	2	8.0%	. 0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	2
Total	25	100%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	3	100%	28

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as Minor, Moderate, or Substantial. In the Community of Valley Home only two single-family homes of the 28 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 21-4 HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 2

The primary repair needed in the Community is repainting of the external structure, with 32.1 percent of the units requiring this. Very few units require roofing, foundation, window or electrical repairs. Sidewalks, curbs and gutters are entirely absent in the Community.

TABLE 21-2 COMMUNITY OF VALLEY HOME NEEDED REPAIRS

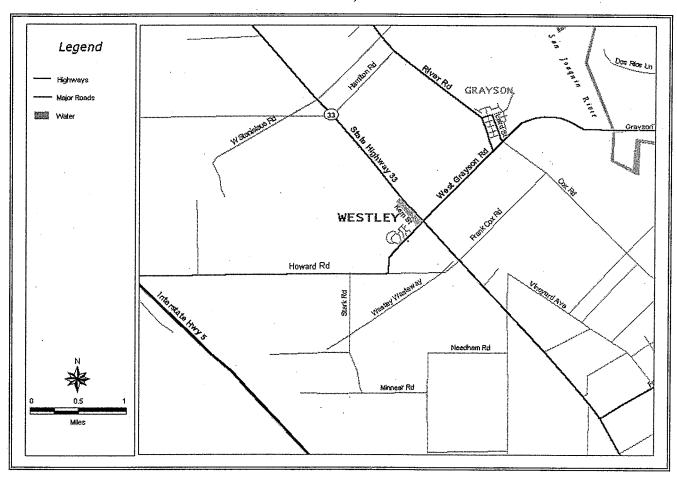
NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER	NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER
Foundation		Siding/Stucco	
General Repair	1	Re-painting	7
Partial Foundation	0	Patching/ Painting	2
No or Needs Foundation	1	Replacement/ Painting &/or Lead – Based Paint	2
Roofing		Windows	
Shingles Missing	0	Broken Pane	0
Re-roofing	2	Repair	0
Roof Structure Replacement	2	Replacement	2
Electrical		Frontage Improvements	
Minor Repair	1	Sidewalks	28
Replace Main Panel	1	Curbs and Gutters	28
Source: Laurin Associat	tes Housing Cond	ition Survey 2002, 2003	

In summary, of the single-family housing units, 84.0 percent are in sound condition and eight percent are in need of rehabilitation. Two single-family housing units are considered dilapidated. All three of the mobile homes in the Community are in sound condition.

SECTION 22 COMMUNITY OF WESTLEY

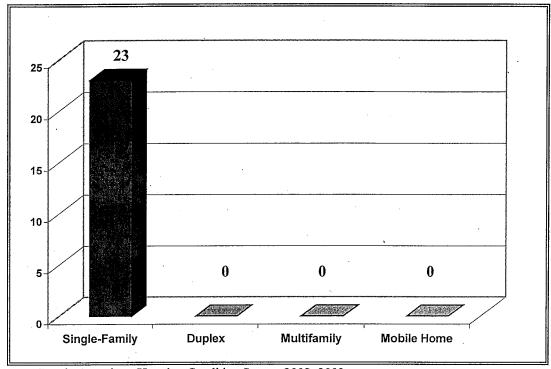
The community of Westley is located in western Stanislaus County, approximately 12 miles southwest of the City of Modesto. The neighborhood is defined by E Street on the north, Kern Street on the west, Howard Road on the south and State Highway 33 on the east.

EXHIBIT 22-1 COMMUNITY OF WESTLEY, STANISLAUS COUNTY



A total of 23 housing units were surveyed in the Community. The neighborhood is made up exclusively of single-family residences, a significant percentage of which are in need of rehabilitation or are dilapidated.

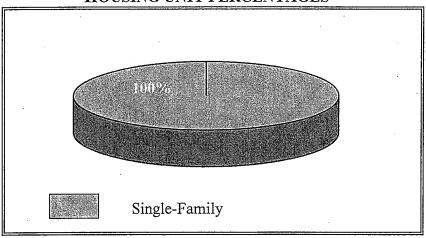
FIGURE 22-1 COMMUNITY OF WESTLEY HOUSING TYPES



Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002, 2003

A total of 100 percent of the surveyed units in the Community of Westley are single-family units. No multifamily, duplex or mobile home units were found in the Community.

FIGURE 22-2 HOUSING UNIT PERCENTAGES



Of all units, 39.1 percent are in sound condition, no repairs needed, while 34.8 percent need minor repairs. A total of 4.3 percent of the units were found to need moderate repairs. The dilapidated units include five single-family homes, or 21.7 percent of the homes in the Community.



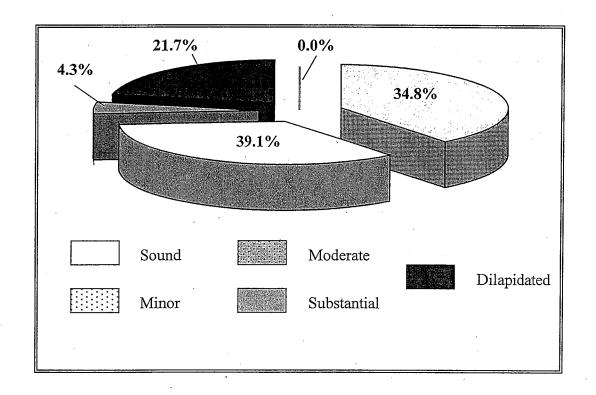
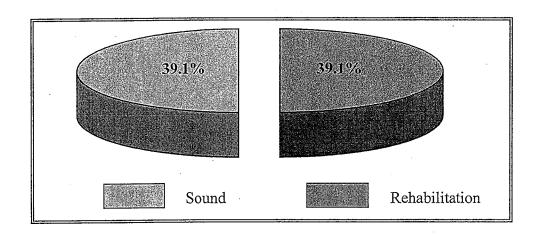


TABLE 22-1 COMMUNITY OF WESTLEY HOUSING CONDITIONS

Housing	- Hamily		Duplex		Multi- Family		Mobile Home		:Total:	
Condition	# #	% 	##	- % <u>-</u>	#	%	##	%		
- Sound	.9	39.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	9	
+ i Minor	8	34.8%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	8	
Moderate .	1	4.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	
∠Substantial :	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	
Dilapidated .	5	21.7%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	5	
Total	23	100%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	23	
Source: Laurin As	Source: Laurin Associates Housing Condition Survey 2002									

A housing unit is deemed in need of rehabilitation if it is classified as Minor, Moderate, or Substantial. In the Community of Westley nine of the 23 housing units are in need of some form of rehabilitation.

FIGURE 22-4
HOUSING UNITS BY REHABILITATION STATUS



Total housing units needing rehabilitation: 9

The primary repair needed in the Community is repainting or patching/replacement and repainting of the external structure, with 78.3 percent of the units requiring this improvement, and 39.1 percent of the units in need of re-roofing or roof repair. Five of the units require foundation repair and five are in need of window repairs and electrical repairs. Sidewalks, curbs and gutters are entirely absent in the Community.

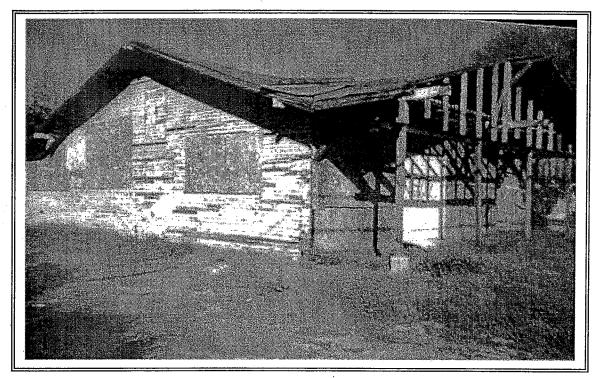
TABLE 22-2 COMMUNITY OF WESTLEY NEEDED REPAIRS

NEEDED REPAIR	NUMBER NEEDED REPAIR		NUMBER
Foundation		Siding/Stucco	
General Repair	5	Re-painting	5
Partial Foundation	0	Patching/ Painting	6
No or Needs Foundation	0	Replacement Siding &/or Lead –Based Paint	7
Roofing		Windows	
Shingles Missing	1	Broken Pane	0
Re-roofing	8	Repair	0
Roof Structure Replacement	5	Replacement	5
Electrical		Frontage Improvements	
Minor Repair	. 1	Sidewalks	23
Replace Main Panel	4	Curbs and Gutters	23
Source: Laurin Associa	tes Housing Cond	ition Survey 2002, 2003	

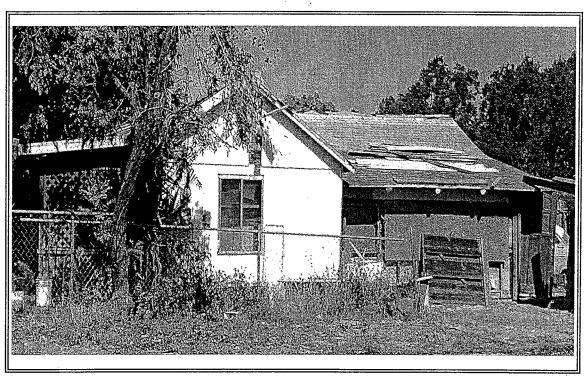
In summary, of the single-family housing units, 39.1 percent are in sound condition and 39.1 percent are in need of rehabilitation. Five single-family housing units are considered dilapidated.

ATTACHMENT I

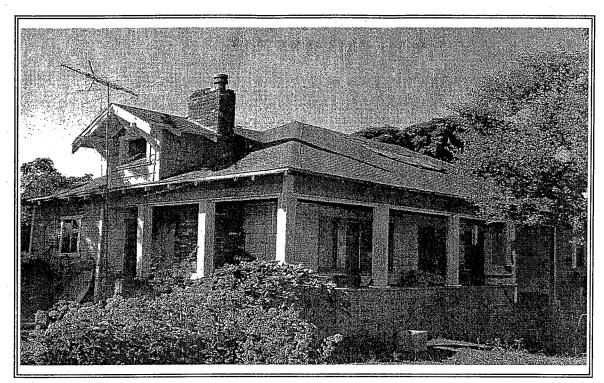
EXAMPLES OF DILAPIDATED HOUSING UNINCORPORATED STANISLAUS COUNTY



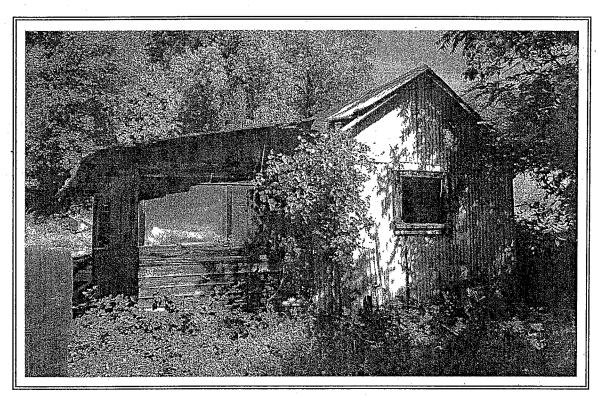
Carpenter Avenue, SW Modesto



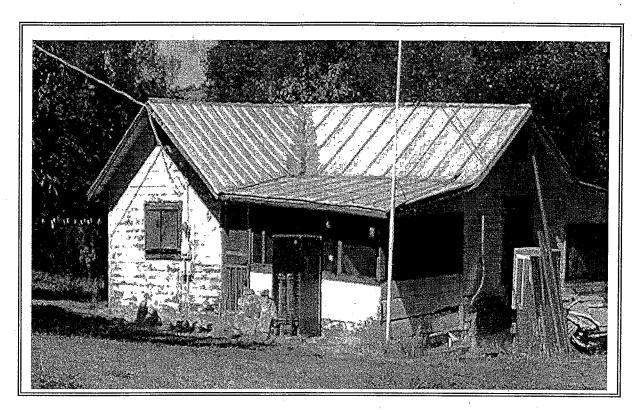
Laird Street, Grayson



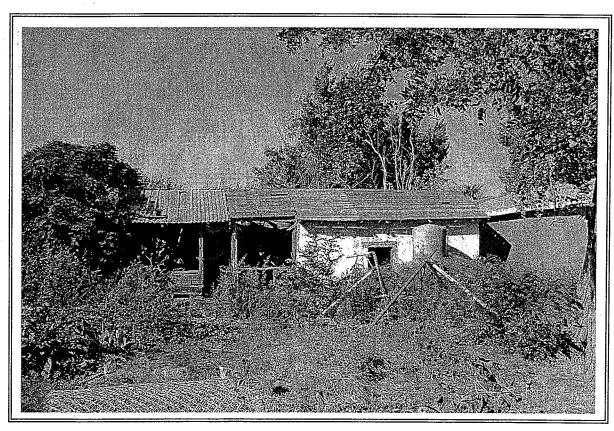
6th Street, Hickman



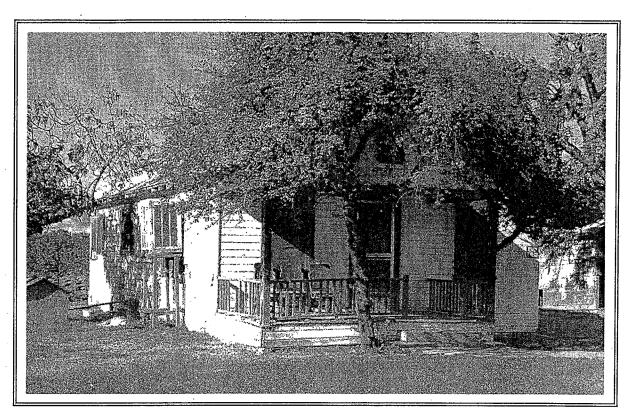
Main Street, Knights Ferry



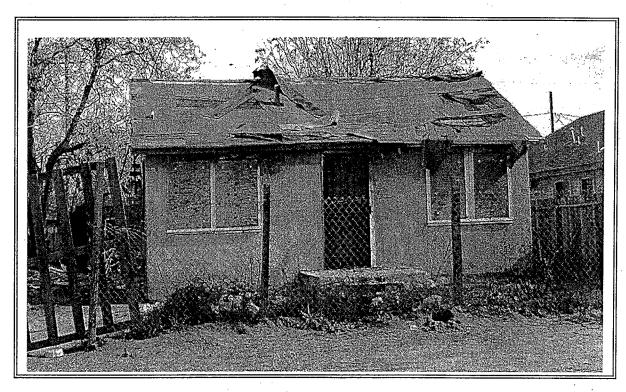
Yosemite Avenue, La Grange



La Siesta Avenue, Monterey Park



Howard Street, Westley



Dallas Street, West Ceres

ATTACHMENT II

LEAD-BASED PAINT AND ASBESTOS

The Housing Condition study for the County was conducted from the street only; survey personnel did not contact homeowners or enter the property or premises for the purposes of the survey. This exterior assessment of the housing units does not reflect the fact that additional consideration regarding the potential classification of homes for rehabilitation or demolition can be based on the presence of hazardous material contained within the structure. The following information is presented as background material regarding the two most common hazardous substances found in homes built before 1978: lead-based paint and asbestos.

Lead-based paint

The primary source of lead poisoning in children is lead based paint. Despite scientific evidence going back to the 19th century, paint manufacturers put lead in paint until it was banned by the federal government in 1977. In 1996, the federal government created very strenuous disclosure requirements for almost all residential real estate transactions, including the renting, leasing and selling of homes. Sellers, landlords and real estate brokers are required to disclose the known existence of lead based paint, and also to provide tenants and buyers with a pamphlet detailing the risks associated with lead based paint. Homes and apartments built before 1978 may still contain lead paint. If the old paint is chipped, peeling or cracking, if it is around doors or windows, on sills or baseboards, or if it is on a surface that a young child can mouth or chew, it can be a hazard, particularly to children or women who are pregnant or who want to become pregnant. A recent EPA/Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Task Force report confirmed that old lead paint that is well maintained does not present a hazard and is best left undisturbed. If the old lead paint is in poor condition, however -peeling, chipping, cracking or flaking -- or if there are plans to conduct any repairs or renovations, the lead can become a hazard, as it can create dust, which is the major pathway for exposure to lead. Lead dust can form when old lead paint is dry scraped, dry sanded, or heated.

An increasingly popular permanent lead abatement technique is to apply approved encapsulation products. Encapsulation of old lead paint is particularly encouraging as a more practical and cost-effective alternative to full removal of the paint. It is essential that a professional contractor, trained in proper handling and removal of lead-based paint, perform the removal of the paint. Untrained, unskilled contractors or amateur do-it-yourself efforts can actually increase lead risk. When renovations are planned that involve construction or lead removal, families (especially children and pregnant women)

should be temporarily moved out of the home until the work is done and the area is properly cleaned.

Asbestos

Asbestos is a family of naturally occurring minerals found in serpentinite and other metamorphic rock. When breathed, asbestos can lead to diseases such as lung cancer and mesothelioma. There is no known safe exposure to asbestos. Because of its strength and resistance to heat, asbestos has long been used for insulation, roofing and fireproofing. The physical properties of asbestos also made it an ideal additive to ease the manufacture and application of ceiling and wall finishes, tape joint compounds, floor tiles and mastics. Even if asbestos is in a building, it is usually not a serious problem. The mere presence of asbestos in a home or a building is not hazardous. The danger is that asbestos materials may become damaged over time. Damaged asbestos may release asbestos fibers and become a health hazard. Disturbing material containing asbestos may create a health hazard where none existed before.

Historically, asbestos was a popular component of many building materials and appliances. Houses built between 1930 and 1950 may have asbestos as insulation. Materials commonly found to contain asbestos include: roofing and siding, textured paint and patching compounds used on wall and ceiling joints; artificial ashes and embers sold for use in gas-fired fireplaces; stovetop pads; walls and floors around wood burning stoves may be protected with asbestos paper, millboard, or cement sheets; some vinyl floor tiles and the backing on vinyl sheet flooring and adhesives; hot water and steam pipes in older houses may be coated with an asbestos material or covered with an asbestos blanket or tape.

If the asbestos material is in good shape and will not be disturbed, it is generally safe to leave it in its existing condition. If it is a problem, there are two types of corrections: repair and removal.

Repair usually involves either sealing or covering asbestos material.

<u>Sealing</u> (encapsulation) involves treating the material with a sealant that either binds the asbestos fibers together or coats the material so fibers are not released. Pipe, furnace, and boiler insulation can sometimes be repaired this way. Only a professional trained to handle asbestos safely should do this.

<u>Covering</u> (enclosure) involves placing something over or around the material that contains asbestos to prevent release of fibers. Exposed insulated piping may be covered with a protective wrap or jacket.

With any type of repair, the asbestos remains in place. Repair is usually cheaper than removal, but it may make later removal of asbestos, if necessary, more difficult and costly. Repairs can either be major or minor. Major repairs must be done only by a professional trained in methods for safely handling asbestos. Minor repairs should also

be done by professionals since there is always a risk of exposure to fibers when asbestos is disturbed.

Removal is usually the most expensive asbestos abatement method and, unless required by state or local regulations, should be the last option considered in most situations, because removal poses the greatest risk of fiber release. However, removal may be required when remodeling or making major changes to a housing unit where the asbestos material will be disturbed. Removal may be called for if asbestos material is damaged extensively and cannot be otherwise repaired. Removal is complex and must be done only by a California State licensed hazardous material contractor with special training. Improper removal may actually increase the health risks to households.

STANISLAUS COUNTY

2015-2023 HOUSING ELEMENT UPDATE

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