STANISLAUS COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION

August 21, 2025

STAFF REPORT

PARCEL MAP APPLICATION NO. PLN2025-0020 WHITBY

REQUEST: REQUEST TO SUBDIVIDE A 22.76± ACRE PARCEL INTO TWO PARCELS, 10± AND 12.76± ACRES IN SIZE, IN THE GENERAL AGRICULTURE (A-2-10) ZONING DISTRICT.

<u>AF</u>	APPLICATION INFORMATION				
Applicant/Property Owner:	Hart Family Survivor's Trust and the Hart Family Exemption Trust (Sandra G. Whitby,				
Agent: Location:	Trustee) David Harris, Aspen Survey Company Inc. 2619 Maze Boulevard, between North Dakota Avenue and North Carpenter Road,				
Section, Township, Range: Supervisorial District: Assessor's Parcel: Referrals:	in the Modesto Area. 25-3-8 District Three (Supervisor Withrow) 007-038-007 and 007-038-014 See Exhibit F				
Area of Parcel(s):	Environmental Review Referrals Proposed Parcel 1: 10± gross acres Proposed Parcel 2: 12.76± gross acres				
Water Supply: Sewage Disposal: General Plan Designation: Community Plan Designation:	Private well Private septic system Urban Transition N/A				
Existing Zoning: Sphere of Influence: Williamson Act Contract No.:	General Agriculture (A-2-10) City of Modesto N/A				
Environmental Review:	California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines Section 15183 (Consistency with a General Plan or Zoning for which an EIR was certified)				
Present Land Use:	Two single-family dwellings, residential and agricultural accessory structures, and row crops.				
Surrounding Land Use:	Orchards, row crops, and scattered single- family dwellings in all directions; a City of Modesto wastewater treatment facility,				

Modesto Irrigation District (MID) Lateral No. 4, and MID electrical substation to the north; greenhouse nursery to the east; and the City

of Modesto to the north and east.

RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends the Planning Commission approve this request based on the discussion below and on the whole of the record provided to the County. If the Planning Commission decides to approve the project, Exhibit A provides an overview of the findings and actions required for project approval, which include parcel map findings.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The project is a request to subdivide a 22.76± acre parcel into two parcels, 10± and 12.76± acres in size, in the General Agriculture (A-2-10) zoning district. The project site is one legal parcel consisting of two separate Assessor Parcel Numbers (APNs) (APN 007-038-007 and 007-038-014).

If approved, proposed Parcel 1 will be 10± acres in size and proposed Parcel 2 will be 12.76± acres in size. Both proposed parcels will directly front and have access to County-maintained Maze Boulevard.

SITE DESCRIPTION

The project site is located at 2619 Maze Boulevard between North Dakota Avenue and North Carpenter Road, in the Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO) adopted Sphere of Influence (SOI) for the City of Modesto.

The project site is made up of one legal parcel consisting of two separate APNs (APN 007-038-014 and 007-038-007) (see Exhibit B – Maps). APN 007-038-014 is 2.58± acres in size and is currently improved with the following: an 1,804± square-foot single-family dwelling; an 1,136± square-foot single-family dwelling, which the applicant proposes to convert to an accessory dwelling unit (ADU); an 800± square-foot two story structure comprised of a 400± square-foot garage and a 400± square-foot storage space above the garage; and a total of 4,556± square feet of accessory structures including three barns, three sheds, a shop, pump house, and detached garage. The 800± square-foot two story structure previously had a 400± square-foot legal non-conforming (LNC) apartment above the garage; however, the property owner has clarified that the unit is no longer an apartment or used for dwelling purposes, as it does not contain its own cooking facilities and is currently utilized as storage space.

APN 007-038-007 is currently 20.18± acres in size and planted in alfalfa. If approved, proposed Parcel 1 will contain all of the existing residential and agricultural structures and 7.42± acres of alfalfa.

Existing easements on proposed Parcel 1 include: a 25-foot-wide sewer easement which runs north to south and will bisect the proposed parcel (associated with a City of Modesto water waste treatment facility to the north of the parcel); a 150 square-foot Pacific Bell easement located on the southwest corner of the proposed parcel; and a 10-foot-wide public utility easement (PUE) along the frontage of the proposed parcel. Proposed Parcel 1 is currently served by an existing private domestic well and septic systems. Proposed Parcel 2 has an existing 10-foot-wide PUE along the proposed parcels frontage. Each parcel will continue to be planted in alfalfa and will continue to utilize irrigation water from MID through the MID Lateral No. 4 canal, located to the

north of the project site. A 10-foot-wide irrigation easement is proposed to be created upon sale or transfer of either parcel to maintain proposed Parcel 1's independent ability to irrigate. A condition of approval has been applied to the project requiring that all existing and proposed irrigation easements be shown on the recorded parcel map.

The project site is surrounded by orchards, row crops, and scattered single-family dwellings in all directions; a City of Modesto wastewater treatment facility, and MID Lateral No. 4 and MID electrical substation are to the north; a greenhouse nursery to the east; and the City of Modesto to the north and east.

ISSUES

The only issue identified in the review of request includes the number of existing dwelling units on the project site, which includes two single-family dwellings (SFD) and a legal non-conforming (LNC) apartment. The A-2-10 zoning allows for development of one SFD, one accessory dwelling unit (ADU), and one Junior ADU per legal parcel over one-acre in size. Accordingly to maintain consistency with the allowable uses in the A-2-10 zoning district, the 1,136 square-foot dwelling is required to be converted into an ADU. Additionally, the applicant has informed staff that the LNC apartment is no longer utilized as a residential unit and has been converted to storage; verification of the abandonment of the LNC apartment is also required. Conditions of Approval Nos. 11 and 12 have been added to the project to require these actions are completed prior to recording of parcel map.

GENERAL PLAN CONSISTENCY

The site is currently designated "Urban Transition" in the Stanislaus County General Plan. The purpose of the Urban Transition designation is to ensure that land remains in agricultural usage until urban development consistent with a city's general plan or unincorporated community's community plan designation is approved. Parcels designated Urban Transition under the Land Use Element of the General Plan should remain zoned General Agriculture (A-2) until the parcel is annexed into a city or developed consistent with an adopted community plan; while maintaining an A-2-10 zoning designation a residential density of up to one dwelling per ten acres is allowed. In accordance with State of California ("State") regulations, Section 21.74.040(D) of the County's Zoning Ordinance does not consider ADUs, developed in accordance with County regulations, to count towards the allowed overall density of a parcel. No construction is proposed as part of this project, but conversion of one of the two existing dwellings to an ADU and verification that an apartment no longer exist on proposed Parcel 1 is required. With conditions of approval in place, proposed Parcel 1 will have an existing single-family dwelling, and ADU, and could be developed with a Junior Accessory Dwelling Unit (JADU), which is consistent with the density allowed under the Urban Transition land use designation. Proposed Parcel 2 could also be developed with single-family dwelling, an ADU, and a JADU.

The project site lies within the Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO) adopted Sphere of Influence for the City of Modesto. The Stanislaus County General Plan Sphere of Influence (SOI) policy requires that development, other than agricultural uses and churches, which requires discretionary approval be referred to the city, for preliminary approval. For agricultural uses and churches, the policy states that discretionary approvals should be referred to the city for comment; however, written communication from the city memorializing their approval is not required. As

this project is for the creation of agricultural parcels, it is not subject to written approval from the City of Modesto; however, if the County finds that a project is inconsistent with the city's general plan designation, it shall not be approved. In response to the project referral, the City of Modesto has expressed no issues with the proposed parcel map.

Additionally, the SOI policy states that a proposed project within the SOI of a sanitary sewer district, domestic water district, or community services district, be forwarded to the district for comment regarding the ability of the district to provide services. If the district serves an unincorporated community with a Municipal Advisory Council (MAC), the proposal shall also be referred to the MAC for comment. While this project is not located within the SOI of a sanitary sewer, domestic water, or community services district, it is located within the boundaries of the Wood Colony MAC and, as such was referred to the MAC. The Wood Colony MAC considered the project at its regular meeting held on June 11, 2025. The MAC recommended approval of the proposed parcel map.

Staff's evaluation of the proposed project found the design of the parcel map to be in conformance with the Stanislaus County General Plan.

ZONING AND SUBDIVISION ORDINANCE CONSISTENCY

The site is currently zoned General Agriculture (A-2-10), which requires a minimum lot size of 10 gross acres for the creation of new parcels pursuant to Section 21.20.060 of the Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance. Both proposed parcels will meet the minimum size requirement for the A-2-10 zoning district.

Zoning regulations will allow up to one single-family dwelling unit, one ADU, and one JADU on each of the proposed parcels. Proposed Parcel 1 is currently developed with two single family dwellings, one of which is required to be converted to an ADU. Should residential development occur on proposed Parcel 2 in the future, it shall be served by an individual private well and septic system.

The proposed parcels meet the Subdivision Ordinance's access and design criteria required for the creation of new parcels. Staff also finds the proposed parcel map to be in conformance with the Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance and believes that the findings required for approval of this project can be found and that the request is consistent with previous requests that have been approved by the Planning Commission. Accordingly, staff is in support of the project request.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

The California Environmental Quality Act (Section 21000, et seq. of the California Public Resources Code, hereafter "CEQA") requires analysis of agency approvals of discretionary "projects." A project under CEQA, is defined as "the whole of an action, which has a potential for resulting in either a direct physical change in the environment, or a reasonably foreseeable indirect physical change in the environment." The proposed project is a project under CEQA.

Staff has reviewed the proposed action and has identified that no further analysis is required pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15183 (Consistency with a General Plan, Community Plan, Zoning Ordinance for which an EIR was certified). State CEQA Guidelines Section 15183

provides that projects that are consistent with the development density and intensity established by existing zoning, community plan, or general plan policies for which an Environmental Impact Report (EIR) has been certified "shall not require additional environmental review, except as might be necessary to examine whether there are project-specific significant effects which are peculiar to the project or its site."

A project specific CEQA Guidelines Section 15183 Consistency Checklist has been prepared for this parcel map request to determine if the project, and any resulting development, is consistent with Stanislaus County's 2016 General Plan Update (GPU) EIR (see Exhibit D – CEQA Guidelines Section 15183 Consistency Checklist). Staff has reviewed the proposed action and has identified that no further analysis is required. The GPU incorporated all feasible mitigation measures identified in the EIR in the form of goals, objectives, policies, action items and programs. All applicable policies and implementation measures identified in the GPU EIR have been applied to this request as conditions of approval or will be applied to any resulting development as part of standard development processes. As reflected in the Consistency Checklist, any resulting development associated with the proposed parcel split will be consistent with the density and intensity established by the A-2 zoning district. Therefore, because any development resulting from the proposed parcel split is subject to the uses allowed in the A-2 zoning district, there are no effects peculiar to the project or project site or substantial new information that would result in new or more severe adverse impacts than discussed in the EIR, certified on August 23, 2016 for the GPU.

Fish and Wildlife Fees for the GPU EIR were paid on August 29, 2016 and no further fees are required. A Notice of Exemption has also been prepared for the project, which declares that the project is exempt from CEQA based on CEQA Guidelines Section 15061 (Common Sense Exemption).

As part of the environmental review process, the proposed project was circulated to interested parties and responsible agencies for review and comment and no significant issues were raised (see Exhibit F – *Environmental Review Referrals*). Conditions of approval reflecting referral responses have been placed on the project (see Exhibit C - *Conditions of Approval*).

Contact Person: Shante Ruiz, Staff Services Technician, (209) 525-6330

Attachments:

Exhibit A - Findings and Actions Required for Project Approval

Exhibit B - Maps

Exhibit C - Conditions of Approval

Exhibit D - CEQA Guidelines Section 15183 Consistency Checklist

Exhibit E - Notice of Exemption

Exhibit F - Environmental Review Referrals Exhibit G - Campaign Disclosure Form

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Findings and Actions Required for Project Approval

1. Find that:

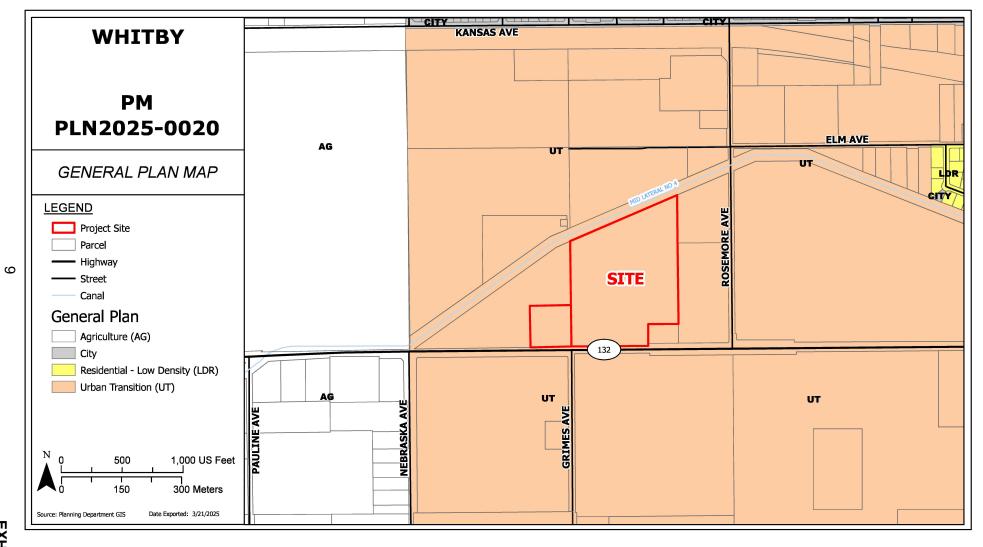
- a. No further analysis under California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) is required pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15183 (Consistency with a General Plan, Community Plan or Zoning Ordinance for which an Environmental Impact Report [EIR] was prepared), on the basis of the whole record, including any comments received in response to the environmental review referral.
- b. The project is consistent with the development density established by existing zoning, community plan or general plan policies for which an EIR was certified.
- c. There are no project specific effects which are peculiar to the project or its site, and which the 2016 Stanislaus County General Plan Update (GPU) EIR failed to analyze as significant effects.
- d. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which the GPU EIR failed to evaluate.
- e. There is no substantial new information which results in more severe impacts than anticipated by the GPU EIR.
- f. The project will undertake feasible mitigation measures specified in the GPU EIR.
- g. The project is exempt from CEQA as per CEQA Guidelines Section 15061, Common Sense Exemption.
- 2. Order the filing of a Notice of Exemption with the Stanislaus County Clerk Recorder's Office pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15061.

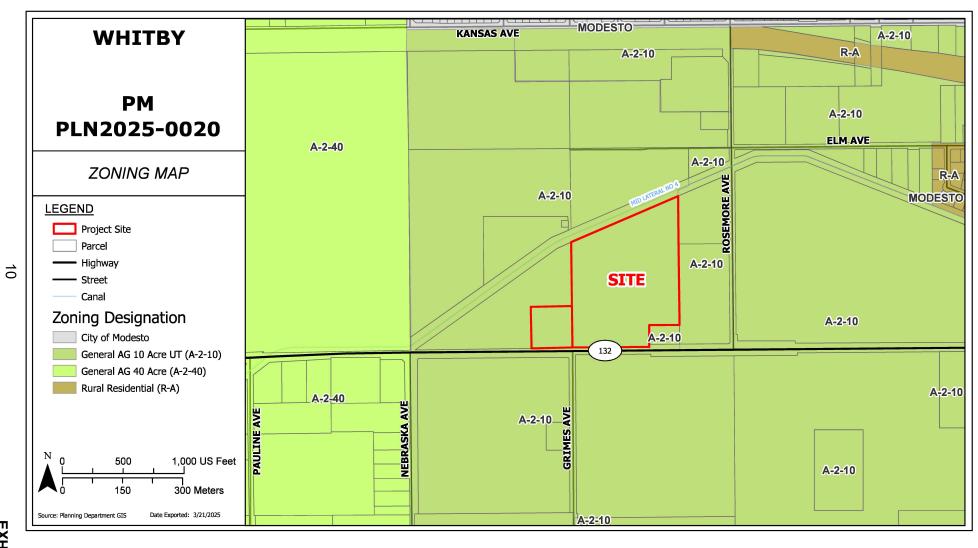
3. Find that:

- a. The proposed parcel map is consistent with applicable general and specific plans as specified in Section 65451 of California Code, Government Code.
- b. The design or improvement of the proposed parcel map is consistent with applicable general and specific plans.
- c. The site is physically suitable for the type of development.
- d. The site is physically suitable for the proposed density of development.
- e. The designs of the parcel map or the proposed improvements are not likely to cause substantial environmental damage or substantially and avoidably injure fish and wildlife or their habitat.
- f. The design of the parcel map or type of improvements is not likely to cause serious public health problems.

6 EXHIBIT A

- g. The design of the parcel map or the type of improvements will not conflict with easements, acquired by the public at large, for access through or use of, property within the proposed subdivision.
- h. The proposed parcels are of a size suitable to sustain agricultural uses.
- i. The proposed parcel map will not result in residential development not incidental to the commercial agriculture use of the land.
- j. That the project will increase activities in and around the project area, and increase demands for roads and services, thereby requiring dedication and improvements.
- 4. Approve Parcel Map Application No. PLN2025-0020 Whitby, subject to the attached Conditions of Approval.





9.8

KANSAS AVE

0.36

ELM AVE

66.21

6.07

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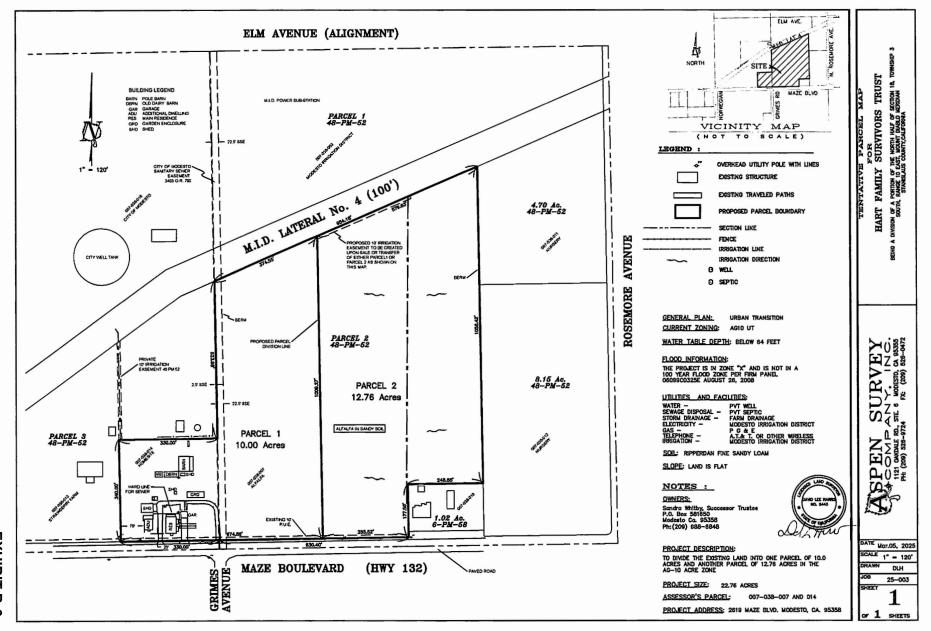
38.46

3.81 19.36

WHITBY







CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

PARCEL MAP APPLICATION NO. PLN2025-0020 WHITBY

Department of Public Works

- 1. The recorded parcel map shall be prepared by a licensed land surveyor or a registered civil engineer licensed to practice land surveying in California.
- 2. All structures not shown on the parcel map shall be removed prior to the parcel map being recorded. All structures shown on the parcel map that are on lot lines shall be removed prior to the parcel map being recorded.
- 3. Prior to the recording of the parcel map the new parcels shall be surveyed and fully monumented.
- 4. The developer will be required to install or pay for the installation of any signs and/or markings, if warranted.

Department of Planning and Community Development

- 5. The Department of Planning and Community Development shall file a Notice of Exemption and record a Notice of Administrative Conditions and Restrictions (NOAC&R) with the County Recorder's Office within 30 days of project approval. The NOAC&R includes: Conditions of Approval/Development Standards and Schedule; any adopted Mitigation Measures; and a project area map. Prior to filing, within five days of approval of this project by the Planning Commission or Board of Supervisors, the applicant shall submit to the Department of Planning and Community Development a check for \$57.00, made payable to Stanislaus County, for the payment of Clerk Recorder filing fees.
- 6. Developer shall pay all Public Facilities Impact Fees and Fire Facilities Fees as adopted by Resolution of the Board of Supervisors. The fees shall be payable at the time of issuance of a building permit for any construction in the development project and shall be based on the rates in effect at the time of building permit issuance.
- 7. The applicant/owner is required to defend, indemnify, or hold harmless the County, its officers, and employees from any claim, action, or proceedings against the County to set aside the approval of the project which is brought within the applicable statute of limitations. The County shall promptly notify the applicant of any claim, action, or proceeding to set aside the approval and shall cooperate fully in the defense.
- 8. Should any archeological or human remains be discovered during development, work shall be immediately halted within 150 feet of the find until it can be evaluated by a qualified archaeologist. If the find is determined to be historically or culturally significant, appropriate mitigation measures to protect and preserve the resource shall be formulated and implemented. The Central California Information Center (CCIC) shall be notified if the find is deemed historically or culturally significant.

- 9. Any construction resulting from this project shall comply with standardized dust controls adopted by the San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District (SJVAPCD) and may be subject to additional regulations/permits, as determined by the SJVAPCD.
- 10. Prior to the issuance of building permits for a dwelling, the owner/developer shall pay a fee of \$339.00 per dwelling for the County's Sheriff's Department.
- 11. Prior to recording of the parcel map, a building permit to convert the 1,136 square-foot dwelling to an Assessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) shall be issued and finaled.
- 12. Prior to recording of the parcel map, the County shall verify the 400-square-foot space above the existing garage is no longer a dwelling unit.
- 13. All proposed/existing irrigation and utility easements shall be shown on the recorded parcel map. A 10-foot irrigation easement along the northern property line of proposed Parcel 2 shall be dedicated, for the benefit of proposed Parcel 1, upon sale or transfer of either parcel. In addition to being shown on the map, easements may also be recorded by separate instrument.
- 14. The recorded parcel map shall contain the following statement:

"All persons purchasing lots within the boundaries of this approved map should be prepared to accept the inconveniences associated with the agricultural operations, such as noise, odors, flies, dust, or fumes. Stanislaus County has determined that such inconveniences shall not be considered to be a nuisance if agricultural operations are consistent with accepted customs and standards."

Department of Environmental Resources (DER) - Environmental Health Division

- 15. Existing septic system(s) and any domestic well are to be within the proposed Parcel 1 as per required department setback standards.
- 16. Each parcel shall have an approved independent water supply. Prior to the issuance of a building permit for proposed Parcel 2, each parcel shall have its own well, and a drilling permit shall be obtained from DER.
- 17. Any future proposed domestic on-site water treatment systems (OWTS) for proposed Parcel 2 will be subject to Measure X requirements as defined in Stanislaus County Ordinance Section 16.010.040. The applicant/property owner must provide engineered calculations and design for the proposed OWTS. The design must illustrate that the proposed OWTS is of an adequate capacity to handle the proposed, domestic wastewater flow. A statement shall be placed on the final map to be recorded, statement shall read:

"As per Stanislaus County Code 16.10.020 and 16.10.040, all persons purchasing lots within the boundaries of this approved map should be prepared to accept the responsibilities and costs associated with the operation and maintenance of the required primary and secondary OWTS. All persons are required to provide adequate maintenance

- and operate the OWTS as prescribed by the manufacturer, so as to prevent groundwater degradation".
- 18. All applicable County Local Agency Management Program (LAMP) standards and required setbacks are to be met.

Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board (CVRWQCB)

19. Prior to ground disturbance or issuance of a grading or building permit, the CVRWQCB shall be consulted to obtain any necessary permits and to implement any necessary measures, including but not limited to Construction Storm Water General Permit, Clean Water Act Section 404 Permit, Clean Water Act Section 401 Permit (Water Quality Certification), Waste Discharge Requirements, Dewatering Permit, Limited Threat General National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit, NPDES permit, and any other applicable CVRWQCB permit.

California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC)

20. Prior to issuance of a grading or building permit, a Phase 1 study, and Phase 2 study, if determined to be necessary, shall be completed to the satisfaction of the DTSC.

San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District (SJVAPCD)

21. Prior to ground disturbance or issuance of a grading or building permit, the developer shall the SJVAPCD to determine if the project is subject to SJVAPCD Rule 2010 (Permits Required), Rule 2201 (New and Modified Stationary Source Review), Rule 4002 (National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants), Rule 4102 (Nuisance), Rule 4641 (Cutback, Slow Cure, and Emulsified Asphalt, Pacing and Maintenance Operations), Regulation VIII (Fugitive PM10 Prohibitions), or if any other SJVAPCD rules or permits are required.

Please note: If Conditions of Approval/Development Standards are amended by the Planning Commission or Board of Supervisors, such amendments will be noted in the upper right-hand corner of the Conditions of Approval/Development Standards; new wording will be in bold font and deleted wording will be in strikethrough text.



DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

1010 10TH Street, Suite 3400, Modesto, CA 95354 Planning Phone: (209) 525-6330 Fax: (209) 525-5911 Building Phone: (209) 525-6557 Fax: (209) 525-7759

CEQA Guidelines Section 15183 Consistency Checklist

Adapted from CEQA Guidelines APPENDIX G Environmental Checklist Form, Final Text, December 30, 2009

1. Project title: Parcel Map Application No. PLN2025-0020 –

Whitby

2. Lead agency name and address: Stanislaus County

1010 10th Street, Suite 3400

Modesto, CA 95354

3. Contact person and phone number: Shante Ruiz, Staff Services Technician

(209) 525-6330

4. **Project location:** 2619 Maze Boulevard, between North Dakota

Avenue and North Carpenter Road, in the Modesto area. APNs: 007-038-007 and 007-

038-014.

5. Project sponsor's name and address: Sandra G. Whitby, Trustee of The Hart Family

Survivor's Trust, and the Hart Family

Exemption Trust

6. Williamson Act Contract: N/A

7. General Plan designation: Urban Transition

7. Zoning: General Agriculture (A-2-10)

8. Description of project:

The project is a request to subdivide a 22.76± acre parcel (consisting of two separate Assessor Parcel Numbers) into two parcels 10± and 12.76± acres in size, in the General Agriculture (A-2-10) zoning district. If approved, proposed Parcel 1 will be 10± acres in size and proposed Parcel 2 will be 12.76± acres in size. Proposed Parcel 1 is improved with an 1,804± square-foot single-family dwelling, an 1,136± square-foot accessory dwelling unit (ADU), and an 800± square-foot two story structure comprised of a 400± square-foot garage and a 400± square-foot storage space above the garage. The parcel is also developed with 4,556± square feet of accessory structures including three barns, three sheds, a shop, a pump house, and a detached garage. No new construction is proposed as part of this request. The project area is currently planted in 20.18± acres of alfalfa. Proposed Parcel 2 will continue to be planted in alfalfa. Each of the proposed parcels will have a 10-foot-wide public utility easement along the frontage of each parcel.

Proposed Parcel 2 could be developed with one single-family dwelling and one ADU if approved in addition to accessory structures associated with the single-family dwellings or use of the property in accordance with Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance Section 21.28.020(B). Both of the proposed Parcels will have direct access from Maze Boulevard. Proposed Parcel 1 is currently served by an existing private domestic well and septic systems. If developed in the future, proposed Parcel 2 will also be served by private utilities. The parcel is located within the Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO)- adopted Sphere of Influence (SOI) for the City of Modesto.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting:

Orchards, row crops, and scattered single-family dwellings in all directions; City of Modesto wastewater treatment facility, and Modesto Irrigation District (MID) Lateral No. 4 and MID electrical substation to the north; plant nursery to the east; and the City of Modesto to the north and east.

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement.):

Stanislaus County Department of Public Works; Department of Environmental Resources; California Department of Transportation; and the City of Modesto.

11. Attachments:

I. Appendix A – 2016 General Plan Update EIR Summary of Impacts and Mitigation Measures II. Appendix B – Central California Information Center Project Records Search, dated January 14, 2025.

CEQA Guidelines Section 15183 Consistency Checklist

Findings

In accordance with CEQA Guidelines Section 15183, no additional CEQA review is required for the Project as the project has been determined to be consistent with the Environmental Impact Report (EIR) certified on August 23, 2016 for the Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan Update (GPU) as the following findings can be made:

- 1. The Project is consistent with the development density established by existing zoning, community plan or general plan policies for which an EIR was certified.
- 2. There are no Project specific effects which are peculiar to the Project or its site, and which the GPU EIR Failed to analyze as significant effects.
- 3. There are no potentially significant off-site and/or cumulative impacts which the GPU EIR failed to evaluate.
- 4. There is no substantial new information which results in more severe impacts than anticipated by the GPU EIR.
- The Project will undertake feasible mitigation measures specified in the GPU EIR.

Overview

This checklist provides an analysis of potential environmental impacts resulting from the Project. Following the format of CEQA Guidelines Appendix G, environmental effects are evaluated to determine if the Project would result in a potentially significant impact triggering additional review under Guidelines Section 15183.

- Items checked "Significant Project Impact" indicates that the Project could result in a significant effect which either requires mitigation to be reduced to a less than significant level or which has a significant, unmitigated impact.
- Items checked "Impact not identified by the GPU EIR" indicates the Project would result in a Project specific significant impact (peculiar off-site or cumulative that was not identified in the GPU EIR).
- Items checked "Substantial New Information" indicates that there is new information which leads to a determination that a Project impact is more severe than what had been anticipated by the GPU EIR.
- Items checked "Consistent with GPU EIR" indicates that the Project meets findings 1-5 listed above, as included in CEQA Guidelines Section 15183.

In approving a project meeting the requirements under CEQA Guidelines Section 15183, a public agency shall limit its examination of environmental effects to those which the agency determines, in an initial study or other analysis: (1) Are peculiar to the project or the parcel on which the project would be located; (2) Were not analyzed as significant effects in a prior EIR on the zoning action, general plan, or community plan, with which the project is consistent; (3) Are potentially significant off-site impacts and cumulative impacts which were not discussed in the prior EIR prepared for the general plan, community plan or zoning action; or (4) Are previously identified significant effects which, as a result of substantial new information which was not known at the time the EIR was certified, are determined to have a more severe adverse impact than discussed in the prior EIR.

If an impact is not peculiar to the parcel or to the project, has been addressed as a significant effect in the prior EIR, or can be substantially mitigated by the imposition of uniformly applied development policies or standards, as contemplated by, then an additional environmental review need not be prepared for the project solely on the basis of that impact.

A summary of staff's analysis of each potential environmental effect is provided below the checklist for each subject area. The GPU EIR, including a list of applicable General Plan policies, references, significance guidelines, and technical studies used to support the analysis can be found at http://www.stancounty.com/planning/pl/general-plan.shtm. All feasible mitigation measures have been incorporated into the Updated Stanislaus County General Plan in the form of goals, objectives, policies, action items and programs to reduce the anticipated environmental impacts.

		fected by this project, involving at least one checklist on the following pages.
□Aesthetics	☐ Agriculture & Forestry Resour	rces □ Air Quality
□Biological Resources	☐ Cultural Resources	□ Energy
□Geology / Soils	☐ Greenhouse Gas Emissions	☐ Hazards & Hazardous Materials
☐ Hydrology / Water Quality	☐ Land Use / Planning	☐ Mineral Resources
□ Noise	☐ Population / Housing	☐ Public Services
☐ Recreation	☐ Transportation	☐ Tribal Cultural Resources
☐ Utilities / Service Systems	☐ Wildfire	☐ Mandatory Findings of Significance
On the basis of this initial evaluati		
	project would result in a project spidentified in the GPU EIR.	pecific significant impact (peculiar off-site or
	roject could result in a significant gnificant level or which has a signi	effect which either requires mitigation to be ficant unmitigated impact.
	project includes new information van what had been anticipated by the	which leads to a determination that a project ne GPU EIR.
		zed adequately in the GPU EIR and that with and/or standards, no further environmental
Signature on file. Prepared by Shante Ruiz, Staff Serv		August 7, 2025 Date
r repared by Shante Ruiz, Stall Serv	ICES IECHINCIAN	Dale

ISSUES

I. AESTHETICS - Except as provided in Public	Significant	•	Substantial	Consistent
Resources Code Section 21099, could the project:	Project	Identified by	New	with GPU
	Impact	GPU EIR	Information	EIR
 a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista? 				x
b) Substantially damage scenic resources				
including, but not limited to, trees, rock				x
outcroppings, and historic buildings within a				^
state scenic highway?				
c) In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade				
the existing visual character or quality of public				
views of the site and its surroundings? (Public				
views are those that are experienced from				X
publicly accessible vantage point). If the project				
is in an urbanized area, would the project				
conflict with applicable zoning and other				
regulations governing scenic quality?				
d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare				
which would adversely affect day or nighttime				X
views in the area?				

Discussion: The GPU EIR determined that overall, development that would result from implementation of the General Plan would change the existing visual character of the County, but not to a significant extent. The only scenic designation in the County is along I-5, which is not near the project site. The site itself is not considered to be a scenic resource or a unique vista. Community standards generally do not dictate the need or desire for architectural review of agricultural or residential subdivisions.

The GPU EIR found potential impacts associated with light and glare to be significant and unavoidable. However, the inclusion of Land Use Element Goal 2, Policy 16, Implementation Measures 1 and 2 requires that outdoor lighting be efficient and designed to provide minimum impact to the surrounding environment through the use of shielded fixtures which direct light only towards the objects requiring illumination reduces this impact. Any construction that may occur in the future would be required to meet this General Plan policy.

No construction is proposed at this time. However, under the Zoning Ordinance for the A-2 zoning district, if approved, proposed Parcel 2 could be developed with one single-family dwelling, one accessory dwelling unit (ADU), and one junior accessory dwelling unit (JADU). Proposed Parcel 2 will continue to be planted in alfalfa. Proposed Parcel 1 will be improved with the following existing buildings: an 1,804± square-foot single-family dwelling, an 1,136± square-foot ADU, and an 800± square-foot two story structure comprised of a 400± square-foot garage and a 400± square-foot storage space above the garage. The parcel is also developed with 4,556± square feet of accessory structures including three barns, three sheds, a shop, a pump house, and a detached garage. If approved, proposed Parcel 2 could be developed with a JADU.

Any further development resulting from this project will be consistent with existing uses in the surrounding area permitted in the A-2 (General Agriculture) zoning district. Accordingly, no adverse impacts to the existing visual character of the site or its surroundings are anticipated. Consistent with the findings of the GPU EIR, the potential impacts associated with aesthetics are considered to be less than significant. If approved, both parcels will maintain consistency with the density and intensity allowed with the "Urban Transition" designation of the General Plan as well as the uses permitted in the A-2 (General Agricultural) zoning district. Accordingly, the potential impacts to aesthetics are considered to be consistent with those considered in the GPU EIR.

Mitigation: None.

References: Application materials; Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance (Title 21); Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan EIR; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

II. AGRICULTURE AND FOREST RESOURCES: In	Significant	Impact Not	Substantial	Consistent
determining whether impacts to agricultural resources	Project	Identified by	New	with GPU
are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may	Impact	GPU EIR	Information	EIR
refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and				
Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California				
Department of Conservation as an optional model to use				
in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In				
determining whether impacts to forest resources,				
including timberland, are significant environmental				
effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled				
by the California Department of Forestry and Fire				
Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land,				
including the Forest and Range Assessment project and				
the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest				
carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest				
Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources				
Board Would the project:				
a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or				
Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as				
shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the				x
Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of				^
the California Resources Agency, to non-				
agricultural use?				
b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use,				Х
or a Williamson Act contract?				^
c) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause				
rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public				
Resources Code Section 12220(g)), timberland				
(as defined by Public Resources Code Section				X
4526), or timberland zoned Timberland				
Production (as defined by Government Code				
Section 51104(g))?				
d) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of				V
forest land to non-forest use?				Х
e) Involve other changes in the existing				
environment which, due to their location or				
nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to				X
non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land				
to non-forest use?				
	1	l	1	1

Discussion: The GPU EIR determined that impacts to agriculture and forest resources resulting from implementation of the General Plan are less than significant. No changes to the existing agricultural production are proposed under this request. Approximately 20.18± acres (APN 007-038-007) of the project site is classified as "Prime Farmland" by the California Department of Conservation's Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program, and approximately 2.58± acres (APN 007-038-014) is classified as "Rural Residential Land." The United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service (USDA NRCS) Web Soil Survey indicates that the project site is primarily comprised of Hanford fine sandy loam (HbpA), moderately deep over silt, 0 to 1 percent slopes (California Revised Storie Index Rating of 81), and Hanford sandy loam (HdA), 0 to 3 percent slopes (California Revised Storie Index Rating of 93), which are Grade 1 soils. The project site is also comprised of Dinuba sandy loam (DrA), 0 to 1 percent slopes (California Revised Storie Index Rating of 86), which is a Grade 1 soil as well. The California Revised Storie Index is a rating system based on soil properties that dictate the potential for soils to be used for irrigated agricultural production in California. This rating system grades soils with an index rating of 81-100 as excellent soil to be used for irrigated agriculture. No conversion of prime farmland will occur as a result of the parcel map. The project site itself is not enrolled in a Williamson Act Contract; however, the nearest parcels enrolled in a Williamson Act Contract are a 27.82± acre parcel to the northwest of the project site and two parcels, 39.20± and 35.40± acres in size, located south of the project site across Maze Boulevard. Staff believes

that the proposed project will not conflict with any agriculturally zoned land or Williamson Act Contracted land in the vicinity. Non-contracted land exists directly adjacent to the project site, to the east and the west.

The project site is made up of one legal parcel consisting of two separate Assessor Parcel Numbers: 007-038-014 and 007-038-007. APN 007-038-014 is 2.58± acres in size and is currently improved with the following: an 1,804± square-foot single-family dwelling; an 1,136± square-foot dwelling unit which the applicant proposes to convert to an accessory dwelling unit (ADU); an 800± square-foot two story structure comprised of a 400± square-foot garage and a 400± square-foot storage space above the garage; and a total of 4,556± square feet of accessory structures including three barns, three sheds, a shop, a pump house, and a detached garage. APN 007-038-007 is currently 20.18± acres in size and planted in alfalfa. If approved, proposed Parcel 1 will contain all of the existing residential and agricultural structures and 7.42± acres of alfalfa. No construction is proposed at this time. However, under the Zoning Ordinance for the A-2 zoning district, if approved, proposed Parcel 2 could be developed with one single-family dwelling, one ADU, and one JADU. Proposed Parcel 1 could be developed with a JADU.

The project area currently receives irrigation water from MID. The project was referred to MID, which did not provide a response. Existing easements on proposed Parcel 1 include: a 25-foot-wide sewer easement which runs north to south and will bisect the proposed parcel (associated with a City of Modesto water waste treatment facility to the north of the parcel); an 150 square-foot Pacific Bell easement located on the southwest corner of the proposed parcel; and a 10-foot-wide public utility easement (PUE) along the frontage of the proposed parcel. Proposed Parcel 1 is currently served by an existing private domestic well and septic systems. Proposed Parcel 2 will continue to be planted in 12.76± acres of alfalfa. Proposed Parcel 2 will have the following irrigation easements on-site: an existing 10-foot-wide PUE along the proposed parcels frontage, and a proposed 10-foot-wide irrigation easement to be created upon sale or transfer of either parcel to maintain proposed Parcel 1's independent ability to irrigate. A condition of approval will be applied to the project requiring that all existing and proposed irrigation easements be shown on the recorded parcel map. Each parcel will continue to receive irrigation water from MID through the MID Lateral No. 4 canal located to the north of the project site.

The request is not expected to result in any significant or permanent conversion of farmland to non-agricultural use. No impacts to agriculture are anticipated to occur as a result of this project as the project site is currently developed with residential and agricultural structures and considered topographically flat.

Based on this information, staff believes that the proposed project will not conflict with any agriculturally zoned land or Williamson Act Contracted land, nor will the project result in the conversion of unique farmland, farmland of statewide importance.

No forest lands or timberland exist in Stanislaus County. Therefore, this project will have no impact to forest land or timberland.

Mitigation: None.

References: Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey; Stanislaus Soil Survey (1957); California State Department of Conservation Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program - Stanislaus County Farmland 2022; California Government Code Section 66474.4(c)(1); Application materials; Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance (Title 21); Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan EIR; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

III. AIR QUALITY: Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management district or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations Would the project:	Significant	Impact Not	Substantial	Consistent
	Project	Identified by	New	with GPU
	Impact	GPU EIR	Information	EIR
a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				х

b) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard?	х
c) Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?	X
d) Result in other emissions (such as those odors) adversely affecting a substantial number of people?	х

Discussion: The proposed project is located within the San Joaquin Valley Air Basin (SJVAB) and, therefore, falls under the jurisdiction of the San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District (SJVAPCD). The SJVAPCD is responsible for formulating and implementing air pollution control strategies. The SJVAPCD's most recent air quality plans are the 2007 PM10 (respirable particulate matter) Maintenance Plan, the 2008 PM2.5 (fine particulate matter) Plan, and the 2007 Ozone Plan. These plans establish a comprehensive air pollution control program leading to the attainment of the state and federal air quality standards in the SJVAB, which has been classified as "extreme non-attainment" for ozone, "attainment" for respirable particulate matter PM-10, and "non-attainment" for PM2.5, as defined by the Federal Clean Air Act.

The GPU EIR determined that most impacts to air quality resulting from implementation of the General Plan are less than significant. However, it also determined that construction-related emissions in excess of the SJVAB's thresholds of significance were unquantifiable and thus considered to be significant and unavoidable. Construction-related emissions would vary substantially depending on the level of activity, length of the construction period, specific construction operations, types of equipment, number of personnel, wind and precipitation conditions, and soil moisture content. Should construction activities exceed the SJVAPCD's thresholds for Reactive Organic Gases (ROG) and Oxides of Nitrogen (NOX) of 10 tons per year or PM10 or PM2.5 of 15 tons per year, a significant construction-related impact would occur.

No significant change, or impact not identified by the GPU EIR regarding air quality is expected as a result of this project. Both proposed parcels will continue to be planted in alfalfa, and no construction is proposed as part of this parcel map request. However, under the Zoning Ordinance for the A-2 zoning district, proposed Parcel 2 could be developed with up to one single-family dwelling, one ADU, and one JADU; and proposed Parcel 1 could be developed with a JADU.

The project was referred to the SJVPACD. They commented that this project, the subdivision of land into individual parcels will not have an impact on air quality. Any future construction activities on the proposed parcels would occur in compliance with the A-2 zoning district, and all SJVAPCD regulations.

If approved, both parcels will maintain consistency with the density and intensity allowed with the "Urban Transition" designation of the General Plan as well as the uses permitted in the A-2 (General Agricultural) zoning district. Accordingly, the potential impacts to air quality are considered to be consistent with those considered in the GPU EIR.

Mitigation: None.

References: Referral response from San Joaquin Valley Air Pollutions District, dated May 12, 2025; San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District - Regulation VIII Fugitive Dust/PM-10 Synopsis; www.valleyair.org; Application materials; Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance (Title 21); Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan EIR; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES Would the project:	Significant	Impact Not	Substantial	Consistent
	Project	Identified by	New	with GPU
	Impact	GPU EIR	Information	EIR
a) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				х

b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?	x
с)	Have a substantial adverse effect on state or federally protected wetlands (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?	x
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?	x
е)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?	x
f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?	х

Discussion: The project is located within the Salida Quad of the California Natural Diversity Database (CNDDB). There are 10 animals/fish, two insects, and two reptiles which are state and federally listed, threatened or identified as species of special concern or a candidate of special concern within the Salida Quad. These species include California tiger salamander - central California DPS, Swainsons hawk, tricolored blackbird, green sturgeon - southern DPS, Sacramento hitch, hard head, Sacramento splittail, Pacific lamprey, steelhead – Central Valley DPS, chinook salmon - Central Valley fall/late fall-run ESU, Crotch's bumble bee, valley elderberry longhorn beetle, northwestern pond turtle, and coast horned lizard. There are no reported sightings of any of the aforementioned species on the project site or within a two-mile radius. The presence of the Crotch's bumble bee and Valley Elderberry Longhorn Beetle has been observed in the general vicinity of Modesto; however, no specific siting of the aforementioned species has been observed on the project site. The project was referred to the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (formerly the Department of Fish and Game) and no response has been received to date.

No construction or grading is proposed under this request. No trees will be removed as part of this request.

The project will not conflict with a Habitat Conservation Plan, a Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other locally approved conservation plans. Impacts to endangered species or habitats, locally designated species, or wildlife dispersal or mitigation corridors are considered to be less than significant. It does not appear that this project will result in significant impacts to biological resources. Accordingly, the potential impacts to biological resources are less significant than those considered in the GPU EIR. Less than significant impacts are considered to be consistent with the GPU EIR.

Mitigation: None.

References: California Department of Fish and Wildlife's Natural Diversity Database Quad Species List; California Natural Diversity Database, Planning and Community Development GIS, accessed July 31, 2025; U.S. Geographical Survey Topographic Quadrangle Map Series; Application materials; Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance (Title 21); Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan EIR; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

V. CULTURAL RESOURCES Would the project:	Significant Project Impact	Impact Not Identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information	Consistent with GPU EIR
 a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource pursuant to Section 15064.5? 				х
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to Section 15064.5?				x
c) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?				х

Discussion: The GPU EIR determined that impacts to cultural resources resulting from implementation of the General Plan were significant and unavoidable. The GPU EIR states that development that occurs pursuant to the General Plan, as amended by the project will result in changes to existing cultural resources. At the individual project level, there may be future projects that are consistent with the General Plan, comply with all state and local laws that are protective of significant historical resources, and still result in a significant adverse impact on a historical resource. Typically, this would be a project that demolishes or otherwise destroys a significant historical resource. Demolition or destruction cannot be mitigated under CEQA. The GPU EIR assumed that there would be development projects with this impact in the future. Therefore, when examined in conjunction with development under the General Plan, the GPU EIR determined that there would be a significant and unavoidable impact to cultural resources.

A record search dated January 14, 2025, conducted by the Central California Information Center (CCIC) indicated that no prehistoric, historic, or archaeological resources known to have value to local cultural groups were formally reported to the CCIC on the project site. There is one historic structure recorded within the project area which is the MID Lateral No. 4 canal adjacent to the project site to the north. The CCIC report mentioned buildings located on-site that may be older than 56 years; however, Stanislaus County does not use age of a structure as a determination for a historical resource. The project site is already disturbed, and no construction or demolition is proposed as part of this parcel map request. The current project does not include ground disturbance, and because of this, further study for archaeological or historical resources is not recommended within the CCIC report at this time. Additionally, a condition of approval will be placed on the project requiring that should any archaeological or cultural resources be found during construction, activities shall halt until an on-site archaeological mitigation program has been approved by a qualified archaeologist. As mentioned above, there is no proposed construction or demolition proposed for this project, and any future activities will be held to the conditions of approval above based on the recommendation of the CCIC report.

It does not appear that this project will result in significant impacts to any archaeological or cultural resources. Proposed Parcel 1 is improved with an 1,804± square-foot single-family dwelling, an 1,136± square-foot accessory dwelling unit (ADU), and an 800± square-foot two story structure comprised of a 400± square-foot garage and a 400± square-foot storage space above the garage. The parcel is also developed with 4,556± square feet of accessory structures including three barns, three sheds, a shop, a pump house, and a detached garage. No new construction is proposed as part of this request. Accordingly, the potential impacts to cultural resources are less significant than those considered in the GPU EIR. Less than significant impacts are considered to be consistent with the GPU EIR.

Mitigation: None.

References: Records search from the Central California Information Center, dated January 14, 2025; Application materials; Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance (Title 21); Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan EIR; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

VI. ENERGY Would the project:	Significant Project Impact	Impact Not Identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information	Consistent with GPU EIR
a) Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?				х
b) Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?				х

Discussion: The GPU EIR determined that impacts to energy resulting from implementation of the General Plan are less than significant. The CEQA Guidelines Appendix F states that energy consuming equipment and processes, which will be used during construction or operation, shall be taken into consideration when evaluating energy impacts, such as: energy requirements of the project by fuel type and end use; energy conservation equipment and design features; energy supplies that would serve the project; and total estimated daily vehicle trips to be generated by the project and the additional energy consumed per trip by mode. Additionally, the project's compliance with applicable state or local energy legislation, policies, and standards must be considered.

The County has updated its General Plan to require that all construction in the County comply with the California Building Code. No construction is proposed. However, should future construction occur, it shall comply with all applicable provisions of the California Building Code.

It does not appear that this project will result in significant impacts to the wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources. Accordingly, the potential impacts to energy are considered to be consistent with those evaluated in the GPU EIR.

Mitigation: None.

References: Application materials; CEQA Guidelines; Title 16 of County Code; CA Building Code; Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance (Title 21); Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan EIR; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

VII. GEOLOGY AND SOILS Would the project:	Significant Project Impact	Impact Not Identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information	Consistent with GPU EIR
 a) Directly or indirectly cause potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: 				
i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				х
ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?				Х
iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?			_	х
iv) Landslides?				Х
b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?				Х

c)	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?	x
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial direct or indirect risks to life or property?	x
е)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?	x
f)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?	х

The USDA NRCS Web Soil Survey indicates that the project site is primarily comprised of Hanford fine sandy loam (HbpA), moderately deep over silt, 0 to 1 percent slopes; Hanford sandy loam (HdA), 0 to 3 percent slopes; and Dinuba sandy loam (DrA), 0 to 1 percent slopes. The GPU EIR determined that impacts to geology and soils resulting from implementation of the General Plan are less than significant. Existing Goal One, Policy Three, Implementation Measure 1 of the General Plan Safety Element requires enforcement of the Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, which prohibits most construction intended for human occupancy across an active fault trace and strictly regulates construction near an active fault. As contained in Chapter 5 of the General Plan Support Documentation, the areas of the County subject to significant geologic hazard are located in the Diablo Range, west of Interstate 5; however, as per the California Building Code, all of Stanislaus County is located within a geologic hazard zone (Seismic Design Category D, E, or F) and a soils test may be required at building permit application. Results from the soils test will determine if unstable or expansive soils or soils susceptible to liquefaction are present. If such soils are present, special engineering of the structure will be required to compensate for the soil deficiency. The County has updated its General Plan to require that all construction in the County comply with the California Building Code. In addition, the General Plan has added private roads to the types of roads that should be designed to minimize landslide risks. If structures were built in areas susceptible to liquefaction, the foundations could fail and cause damage or collapse of the structure. Compliance with the federal and local erosion-related regulations applicable to the General Plan buildout, i.e., the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Program (SWPPP) that is developed for the site and the requirements of the County's municipal code, would ensure that the construction activities do not result in significant erosion.

Grading permits which require SWPPP compliance are required through the Department of Public Works (PW) for any earth moving. Compliance with the Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, the California Building Code, and SWPPP would reduce the risk of loss, injury, or death due to earthquake or soil erosion. Accordingly, the GPU EIR considers this impact to be less than significant, with no mitigation required.

No construction is proposed as part of this request. If future construction should occur, all construction will be designed and built according to the California Building Code and the SWPPP. Any addition or expansion of a septic tank or alternative waste water disposal system would require the approval of the Department of Environmental Resources (DER) through the building permit process, which also takes soil type into consideration within the specific design requirements. Additionally, a condition of approval will be applied to this project to address any discovery of paleontological resources during any future construction.

It does not appear that this project will result in significant impacts to geology and soils. Accordingly, the potential impacts to geology and soils are considered to be consistent with those evaluated in the GPU EIR.

Mitigation: None.

References: Title 16 of County Code; Public Works Standards and Specifications; Application materials; Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance (Title 21); Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan EIR; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

VIII. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS Would the project:	Significant Project Impact	Impact Not Identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information	Consistent with GPU EIR
a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?				х
b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				х

Discussion: The GPU EIR determined that impacts to greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions resulting from implementation of the General Plan are less than significant.

The principal greenhouse gasses (GHGs) are carbon dioxide (CO2), methane (CH4), nitrous oxide (N2O), sulfur hexafluoride (SF6), perfluorocarbons (PFCs), hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), and water vapor (H2O). CO2 is the reference gas for climate change because it is the predominant greenhouse gas emitted. To account for the varying warming potential of different GHGs, GHG emissions are often quantified and reported as CO2 equivalents (CO2e). In 2006, California passed the California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 (Assembly Bill [AB] No. 32), which requires the California Air Resources Board (ARB) design and implement emission limits, regulations, and other measures, such that feasible and cost-effective statewide GHG emissions are reduced to 1990 levels by 2020. Two additional bills, SB 350 and SB 32, were passed in 2015 further amending the states Renewables Portfolio Standard (RPS) for electrical generation and amending the reduction targets to 40% of 1990 levels by 2030. Additionally, SB 375 mandated a reduction target of 5% by 2020 and 10% by 2035 for emissions from land use, automobiles, and light trucks.

The GPU EIR evaluates long-term GHG emissions under full build-out (2035) conditions. Although no operational emissions associated with implementation of the GPU would occur, StanCOG's 2014 Regional Transportation Plan (RTP)/Sustainable Communities Strategy (SCS) ("SB 375" condition) would result in less Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) and GHG emissions than without the implementation of 2014 RTP/SCS ("conformity" condition). The RTP/SCS incorporated the land uses reflected in the Stanislaus County General Plan into its projections and the Circulation Element in the GPU were designed to be consistent with the RTP/SCS. Accordingly, a net reduction in mobile source GHG emissions within the unincorporated County is anticipated upon full build out of the GPU. This is consistent with adopted goals to reduce GHG emissions identified in AB 32, as well as the trajectory of statewide GHG legislation. Consequently, the GPU EIR determined that GHG impacts were less than significant.

No construction is proposed. However, any possible future construction will be subject to the mandatory planning and design, energy efficiency, water efficiency and conservation, material conservation and resources efficiency, and environmental quality measures of the California Green Building Standards (CalGreen) Code (California Code of Regulations, Title 24, Part 11), as well as any SJVAPCD standards relevant to future construction on the property. Staff will include a condition of approval on the project requiring that any future construction shall be in compliance with SJVAPCD's rules and regulations.

No significant impacts from greenhouse gas emissions occurring as a result of this project are anticipated. Accordingly, the potential impacts to greenhouse gas emissions are considered to be consistent with those evaluated in the GPU EIR.

Mitigation: None.

References: California Building Code; NRCS Soil Survey; 2014 Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy; SB 375; AB 32; Application materials; Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance (Title 21); Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan EIR; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

IX. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS Wou the project:	Project Impact	Impact Not Identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information	Consistent with GPU EIR
 a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transpo- use, or disposal of hazardous materials? 	rt,			х
b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeab upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?	le ne			x
c) Emit hazardous emissions or hand hazardous or acutely hazardous material substances, or waste within one-quarter mile an existing or proposed school?	s,			x
d) Be located on a site which is included on a li of hazardous materials sites compile pursuant to Government Code Section 65962 and, as a result, would it create a significa hazard to the public or the environment?	ed .5			x
e) For a project located within an airport land us plan or, where such a plan has not bee adopted, within two miles of a public airport public use airport, would the project result in safety hazard or excessive noise for peop residing or working in the project area?	en Or a le			x
f) Impair implementation of or physically interfe with an adopted emergency response plan emergency evacuation plan?				x
g) Expose people or structures, either directly indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury death involving wildland fires?				х

The GPU EIR determined that the potential for hazards and hazardous materials impacts resulting from Discussion: implementation of the General Plan are less than significant. Existing Goal Two, Policy Thirteen of the General Plan Safety Element prescribes the preparation of a Hazardous Waste Management Plan. Stanislaus County has prepared this plan, which serves as the guideline for managing hazardous wastes in the County. This plan governs the maintenance of a hazardous materials response team to assist law enforcement and fire agencies during transportation and industrial accidents involving chemical spills. State laws were passed in 1985 that require users of hazardous materials to disclose the type and location of such materials so that emergency response teams can be prepared for potential disasters. Existing Policy One of Goal One of the General Plan Safety Element prescribes that the County follow the policies included in the adopted County of Stanislaus Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan. The County routinely consults with the affected school district prior to discretionary approval of new businesses and industry that use hazardous materials near existing school sites as part of the project review process. Additionally, school siting regulations implemented by the Department of Education prohibit locating proposed schools near existing contamination. There are a number of sites in Stanislaus County identified as hazardous materials or contaminated sites pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5. Many of these sites are undergoing assessment or remediation overseen by the Stanislaus County Division of Environmental Health, CalRecycle (formerly the Integrated Waste Management Board), or the Regional Water Quality Control Board. Pesticide exposure is a risk in agricultural areas. Sources of exposure include contaminated groundwater, which is consumed, and drift from spray applications. Application of sprays is strictly controlled by the Agricultural Commissioner and can only be accomplished after first obtaining the applicable permits. The County DER is responsible for overseeing hazardous materials and has not indicated any particular concerns in this area. The GPU EIR considered hazards and hazardous materials impacts to be a less-than-significant impact due to General Plan policies, and existing state and County regulatory programs which reduce potential hazards.

The existing on-site uses are not recognized as generators and/or consumers of hazardous materials. The site is not identified as a hazardous materials or contaminated site. No significant impacts associated with hazards or hazardous materials are anticipated to occur as a result of the proposed subdivision. The project site is not within the vicinity of any airstrip or wildlands. The site is in a Local Responsibility Area (LRA) for fire protection and is served by the Woodland Avenue Fire District. To date, no comment has been received from Woodland Avenue Fire District in regards to hazardous materials. No significant impacts associated with hazards or hazardous materials are anticipated to occur as a result of the proposed project. Accordingly, the potential hazards and hazardous materials impacts are considered to be consistent with those evaluated in the GPU EIR.

Mitigation: None.

References: Application materials; Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance (Title 21); Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan EIR; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

X. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY Would the project:	Significant Project Impact	Impact Not Identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information	Consistent with GPU EIR
 violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or ground water quality? 				x
b) Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin?				x
c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces, in a manner which would:				
 i) result in substantial erosion or siltation on - or off-site; 				х
ii) substantially increase the rate of amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site;				х
iii) create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff; or				x
iv) impede or redirect flood flows?				Х
d) In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk release of pollutants due to project inundation?				х
e) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan?				х

Discussion: The GPU EIR determined that most potential impacts to hydrology and water quality resulting from implementation of the General Plan are less than significant. The General Plan Update integrated multiple goals, policies, and implementation measures into the General Plan which address management efforts that aim to protect natural vegetation, riparian habitat, and water quantity and quality; minimizing the potential for the release of pollutants and violation of water quality standards, or the altering of drainage patterns or the course of a stream or river. Furthermore, additional regional, state, and federal regulations would also reduce the potential for violation of water quality standards. Water quality

protection measures are enforced by the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) under various National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) programs for municipal separate storm sewer systems, construction sites greater than one acre, and industrial operations. Stanislaus County has implemented their Storm Water Management Program under the NPDES Phase II MS4 General Permit that includes programs to eliminate illicit discharges, control construction site stormwater runoff, and meet postconstruction stormwater runoff goals to improve water quality protection. Adherence with the stormwater management plan and the various municipal, industrial, and construction NPDES program requirements would ensure that pollutants are not released to nearby surface water bodies or groundwater during short-term construction efforts, or long-term operation of industrial or agricultural facilities.

Areas subject to flooding have been identified in accordance with the Federal Emergency Management Act (FEMA). Under the Goal One, Policy Two of the Safety Element of the General Plan, development is not allowed in areas that are within the designated floodway. For projects located within a flood zone, requirements are addressed by the Building Permits Division during the building permit process. No construction is permitted within the floodway. The project site is located in FEMA Flood Zone X, which includes areas determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance floodplains, and is not located within a floodway.

The GPU EIR determined that future development under the General Plan Update could result in an increase in the number of persons and property potentially at risk from flooding due to a catastrophic levee or dam failure. However, compliance with the requirements of existing emergency management plans and the Central Valley Flood Protection Board, coupled with implementation of the General Plan Update Safety Element policies associated with Goal One ("Prevent loss of life and reduce property damage as a result of natural disasters"), would reduce this potential effect to less than significant. The GPU EIR stated that the County is not at risk due to inundation from a tsunami because of its distance from the ocean. However, there is a risk of seiche from major bodies of water such as the Woodward, Turlock, and Modesto reservoirs. However, given the relatively small size of these reservoirs, potential impacts would remain localized to recreational users on these reservoirs. The County also possesses a geologic and climate setting not particularly prone to mud flows.

The Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA), passed in 2014 requires the formation of local Groundwater Sustainability Agencies (GSAs) to oversee the development and implementation of Groundwater Sustainability Plans (GSPs), with the ultimate goal of achieving sustainable management of the state's groundwater basins. The GPU added goals, policies, and implementation measures into the General Plan which addressed management efforts that aim to protect water quantity. However, because the groundwater GSP for each groundwater basin in the County had not yet been completed, impacts to groundwater supplies and groundwater recharge were determined to be a significant and unavoidable impact. The GPU EIR also stated that once these plans take effect and are implemented, the impact would be less than significant. Since adoption of the GPU EIR DER has completed the formation of the necessary GSAs. Stanislaus County is a participating member in five GSAs across four groundwater subbasins, including: the Eastern San Joaquin Groundwater Subbasin, which covers a portion of Stanislaus County occurring north of the Stanislaus River; commonly referred to as the "northern triangle"; the Modesto Groundwater Subbasin, which covers an area of land located between the Stanislaus and Tuolumne rivers, occurring west of the Sierra Nevada foothills and east of the San Joaquin River; the East Turlock Groundwater Subbasin which covers an area of land located between the Tuolumne and Merced rivers, occurring west of the Sierra Nevada Foothills; the West Turlock Groundwater Subbasin, which covers an area of land located between the Tuolumne and Merced rivers, occurring east of the San Joaquin River; and the Delta-Mendota Groundwater Subbasin which covers an area of land within Stanislaus County located west of the San Joaquin River and east of the basement rock of the Coast Range. Public and private water agencies and user groups within each of the four groundwater subbasins work together as GSAs to implement SGMA.

The project site is located in the Stanislaus and Tuolumne Rivers GSA. No construction is proposed as part of this request; therefore, the current absorption patterns of water upon this property will not be altered. Current standards require that all of a project's stormwater be maintained on-site. Consequently, runoff associated with any future construction on either proposed parcel will be reviewed as part of the overall building permit review process. No septic systems or additional wells are being proposed as a part of this project. However, a response from DER received for this project will be added as a condition of approval which requires that the proposed parcels are subject to Measure X requirements and must have Primary and Secondary wastewater treatment units, and that a statement indicating this shall be placed on the final recorded map. All new wells are subject to review under the County's Well Permitting Program, which will determine whether a new well will require environmental review. As part of the building permit review process, any residential development will be reviewed by DER and subject to their standards. Impacts associated with drainage, water quality, and runoff are expected to have a less than significant impact.

The site is currently planted in alfalfa and receives irrigation water from MID. The project was referred to MID, which did not respond with any comments. A 10-foot-wide irrigation easement is proposed to be created upon sale or transfer of either proposed Parcel 1 or Parcel 2 as shown on the map, to maintain proposed Parcel 1's independent ability to irrigate.

No significant impacts associated with hydrology and water quality are anticipated to occur as a result of the proposed project. Accordingly, the potential hydrology and water quality impacts are considered to be less than significant than those evaluated in the GPU EIR. Less than significant impacts are considered to be consistent with the GPU EIR.

Mitigation: None.

References: Public Works Standards and Specification; Application materials; Referral response from the Stanislaus County Department of Environmental Resources Environmental Health Division, dated May 19, 2025; Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance (Title 21); Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan EIR; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

XI. LAND USE AND PLANNING Would the project:	Significant Project Impact	Impact Not Identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information	Consistent with GPU EIR
a) Physically divide an established community?				Х
b) Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				х

Discussion: The GPU EIR determined that the potential for land use and planning impacts resulting from implementation of the General Plan were less than significant. The GPU did not propose any changes to the County's land use map or the existing boundaries of the land use designations but did incorporate changes to legislation, regulatory codes, and local standards as well as some minor revisions to General Plan language and some policy improvements. This project is being processed under the same land use regulations and designations that were in place at the time of adoption of the GPU EIR.

The project is a request to subdivide a 22.76± acre parcel into two parcels, 10± and 12.76± acres in size. The site is currently zoned A-2-10 (Genera Agriculture with a 10-acre minimum) which requires a minimum lot size of 10-acres for new parcels pursuant to Section 21.20.060 of the Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance. All proposed parcels will meet the minimum size requirement for A-2-10 zoning district. The project site is planted in alfalfa and will remain planted if approved. Based on the specific features and design of this project, it does not appear this project will impact the long-tern productive agricultural capability.

The project site itself is not enrolled in a Williamson Act Contract; however, the nearest parcels enrolled in a Williamson Act Contract are a 27.82± acre parcel to the northwest of the project site and two parcels, 39.20± and 35.40± acres in size, located south of the project site across Maze Boulevard. Staff believes that the proposed project will not conflict with any agriculturally zoned land or Williamson Act Contracted land in the vicinity. Non-contracted land exists directly adjacent to the project site, to the east and the west.

The project site lies within the Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO) adopted Sphere of Influence for the City of Modesto. The Stanislaus County General Plan Sphere of Influence (SOI) policy requires that development, other than agricultural uses and churches, which requires discretionary approval be referred to the city for preliminary approval. For agricultural uses and churches, the policy states that discretionary approvals should be referred to the city for comment, however, written communication from the city memorializing their approval is not required. As this project is for the creation of agricultural parcels, it is not subject to written approval from the City of Modesto; however, if the County finds that a project is inconsistent with the city's general plan designation, it shall not be approved. In response to the project referral, the City of Modesto has expressed no issues with the proposed map.

Additionally, the SOI policy states that a proposed project within the SOI of a sanitary sewer district, domestic water district, or community services district, be forwarded to the district board for comment regarding the ability of the district to provide services. If the district serves an unincorporated community with a Municipal Advisory Council (MAC), the proposal shall

also be referred to the MAC for comment. While this project is not located within the SOI of a sanitary sewer, domestic water, or community services district, it is located within the boundaries of the Wood Colony MAC and, as such was referred to the MAC. The Wood Colony MAC considered the project at its regular meeting held on June 11, 2025. The MAC recommended approval of the proposed parcel map.

The proposed use will not physically divide an established community and/or conflict with any habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan. This project is not known to conflict with any adopted land use plan, policy, or regulation of any agency with jurisdiction over the project. No significant impacts associated with land use and planning are anticipated to occur as a result of the proposed project. The proposed parcels meet the Subdivision Ordinance's access and design criteria required for the creation of new parcels. Accordingly, the potential land use and planning impacts are considered to be consistent with those evaluated in the GPU EIR.

Mitigation: None.

References: State of California Government Code; Application materials; Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance (Title 21); Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan EIR; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

XII. MINERAL RESOURCES Would the project:	Significant Project Impact	Impact Not Identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information	Consistent with GPU EIR
a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				х
b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally- important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				х

Discussion: The GPU EIR determined that the potential impacts to mineral resources resulting from implementation of the General Plan were beneficial, and accordingly considered to be less than significant. The GPU incorporated an amendment to the Conservation and Open Space Element's Goal Nine, Policy 26, Implementation measures 2 and 3 which address the management of mineral resources. Additionally, the location of all commercially viable mineral resources in Stanislaus County has been mapped by the State Division of Mines and Geology in Special Report 173 and is incorporated into the General Plan's Conservation and Open Space Element. There are no known significant resources on the site, nor is the project site located in a geological area known to produce resources. Accordingly, the potential impacts to mineral resources are considered to be consistent with those evaluated in the GPU EIR.

Mitigation: None.

References: Application materials; Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance (Title 21); Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan EIR; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

XIII. NOISE Would the project result in:	Significant Project Impact	Impact Not Identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information	Consistent with GPU EIR
a) Generation of a substantial tempora permanent increase in ambient noise let the vicinity of the project in exce standards established in the local genera or noise ordinance, or applicable standa other agencies?	vels in ss of al plan			х
b) Generation of excessive groundborne vibor or groundborne noise levels?	ration			х

c) For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use	х
airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?	

Discussion: The GPU EIR determined that most potential noise impacts resulting from implementation of the General Plan are less than significant. However, the GPU EIR did identify potential temporary or permanent ambient noise levels which exceed existing standards as significant and unavoidable due to projected traffic noise levels in the year 2035 which would result in noise levels of 60 Ldn or greater on several roadway segments within the County.

The Stanislaus County General Plan identifies noise levels up to 75 dB Ldn (or CNEL) as the normally acceptable level of noise for agricultural uses. Additionally, agricultural activity is exempt from the Stanislaus County Noise Control Ordinance (Ord. CS 1070 Section 2, 2010). Existing noise generated from Maze Boulevard and neighboring agricultural operations currently exists on the project site. The area's ambient noise level is not expected to increase. Although no construction is proposed, any future construction or on-site activities are required to meet the noise standards included in the General Plan and the Noise Ordinance.

The site is not located within an airport land use plan. No noise impacts associated with the parcellation of the project site have been identified. Accordingly, the potential noise impacts are considered to be consistent with those evaluated in the GPU EIR.

Mitigation: None.

References: Title 10.46 – Noise Control Ordinance; Application materials; Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance (Title 21); Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan EIR; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

XIV. POPULATION AND HOUSING Would the project:	Significant Project Impact	Impact Not Identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information	Consistent with GPU EIR
a) Induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				x
b) Displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				x

Discussion: The GPU EIR determined that the potential for population and housing impacts resulting from implementation of the General Plan were less than significant. Although the Housing Element was updated through a separate process, the GPU EIR integrated population projections adopted by StanCOG that extend the planning horizon to 2035 to ensure consistency between the GPU and the RTP/SCS. StanCOG's regional growth forecast predicts a population for the unincorporated County jurisdiction of 133,753 in 2035, which represents an increase of approximately 23,517 people, or approximately 21%, from its 2010 population (Stanislaus Council of Governments 2013). This is a yearly increase of approximately 0.8%. The majority of this growth is anticipated to occur within existing community plan areas and in unincorporated pockets of existing cities which are designated in the Land Use Element as Residential. Agricultural areas, not designated as Residential in the Land Use Element of the General Plan, would be required to be rezoned and approved by a majority vote of the County through the Measure E process in order to be residentially developed. Unincorporated Disadvantaged Communities were inventoried and needed upgrades to public services were also identified with the GPU.

The Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan (ALUCP) update was identified in the GPU EIR as less than significant because it does not displace any existing housing. However, it does affect the potential for future development. Although no direct impacts occurring as a result of implementation of the General Plan were identified in the GPU EIR, the EIR did identify indirect impacts that could occur through individual developments that are consistent with the General Plan and the extension of roads and other infrastructure as the County becomes more built out as 2035 approaches. The Stanislaus County General Plan Update revised certain General Plan policies but did not substantially change where future development would occur.

The Housing Element was updated after adoption of the GPU EIR, in 2016, to address the 5th cycle Regional Housing Needs Allocation (RHNA) for the County. The project site is not included in the vacant sites inventory for the 2016 Stanislaus County Housing Element or the draft 2023 6th cycle Housing Element and will therefore not impact the County's ability to meet their RHNA. No population growth will be induced nor will any existing housing be displaced as a result of this project. If approved, proposed Parcel 1 could be developed with a JADU, and proposed Parcel 2 could be developed with one single-family dwelling, one ADU, and one JADU. Both proposed parcels will continue to be planted in alfalfa. The potential Population and Housing impacts are considered to be consistent with those evaluated in the GPU EIR.

Mitigation: None.

References: Application materials; Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance (Title 21); Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan EIR; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

XV. PUBLIC SERVICES	Significant Project Impact	Impact Not Identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information	Consistent with GPU EIR
a) Would the project result in the substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:				
i) Fire protection?				X
ii) Police protection?				X
iii) Schools?				X
iv) Parks?				X
v) Other public facilities?				Х

Discussion: The GPU EIR determined that the potential for impacts to public services resulting from implementation of the General Plan were less than significant. The County has adopted Public Facilities Fees (Title 23 of the County Code), as well as Fire Facility Fees on behalf of the appropriate fire district, to address impacts to public services. School Districts also have their own adopted fees, which are required to be paid at the time of Building Permit issuance. No buildings are proposed as part of this project. If approved, proposed Parcel 1 could be developed with a JADU, and proposed Parcel 2 could be developed with one single-family dwelling, one ADU, and one JADU. Both proposed parcels will continue to be planted in alfalfa. Should any construction occur on the property in the future, all adopted public facility fees will be required to be paid at the time of building permit issuance and will be included as conditions of approval.

This project was circulated to the Paradise Elementary and Modesto Union School Districts, Woodland Fire Protection District, County Sheriff's Office, County Public Works' Development Services and Surveyor divisions, during the Early Consultation referral period and no concerns were identified with regard to public services. Any building permit, with the exception of an ADU or JADU less than 750 square feet in size, would be required to pay Public Facility Fees. The project was also referred to MID which did not provide comments on the project.

The potential impacts to public services are considered to be consistent with those evaluated in the GPU EIR.

Mitigation: None.

References: Title 23 of Stanislaus County Code; Application materials; Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance (Title 21); Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan EIR; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

XVI. RECREATION	Significant Project Impact	Impact Not Identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information	Consistent with GPU EIR
a) Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				х
b) Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				х

Discussion: The GPU EIR determined that the potential for impacts to recreational facilities or development which would require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment resulting from implementation of the General Plan to be less than significant. However, impacts to neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities were considered to be significant and unavoidable due to the population and housing increase projected under the GPU which would increase the demands on Stanislaus County parks and recreational facilities. If approved, proposed Parcel 1 could develop a JADU, and proposed Parcel 2 could develop one single-family dwelling, one ADU, and one JADU in accordance with the A-2 zoning district. However, this project is not anticipated to increase demands for recreational facilities. Any building permit, with the exception of an ADU or JADU less than 750 square feet in size, would be required to pay Public Facility Fees, which includes fees that go towards parks and recreational facilities. Accordingly, the potential impacts to recreation are considered to be consistent with those evaluated in the GPU EIR.

Mitigation: None.

References: Application materials; Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance (Title 21); Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan EIR; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

XVII. TRANSPORTATION Would the project:	Significant Project Impact	Impact Not Identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information	Consistent with GPU EIR
 a) Conflict with a program plan, ordinance or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle and pedestrian facilities? 				x
b) Would the project conflict or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.3, subdivision (b)?				x
c) Substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				х
d) Result in inadequate emergency access?	·			X

Discussion: As required by CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.3, potential impacts to the transportation system should evaluate Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT). The GPU EIR identified that there were no significant impacts to existing program plans, ordinances, or policies addressing circulation to VMT or to increased hazards of the transportation system, or to emergency access. Although the calculation of VMT is simply the number of cars multiplied by the distance traveled by each car, VMT performance measures can be reported differently. For this project, VMT was reported based on the sum of all vehicle trips originating and terminating within unincorporated Stanislaus County boundaries and half of the VMT associated with trips with an origin or destination outside of unincorporated Stanislaus County. Trips that have neither an origin nor destination within the County are not included in the VMT total, as County General Plan policies cannot appreciably affect the amount of through traffic in the area within its jurisdiction. The total VMT is then divided by the unincorporated County's total service population, defined as the residential population plus the number of jobs. The General Plan Update includes new population and employment growth that would generate additional VMT, which would result in increased air pollutant and GHG emissions as well as additional energy consumption from vehicle travel. However, the expected location of the employment and household growth results in a slight decline in VMT generated per household and service population. Additionally, policies were incorporated into the General Plan to mitigate potential hazards due to transportation design features and increase safety, and to ensure adequate emergency access.

The GPU EIR did find that due to the population projections and the planned road infrastructure incorporated into the General Plan, implementation of the GPU would have a significant and unavoidable impact resulting in traffic operations below the minimum acceptable thresholds on roadways outside Stanislaus County's jurisdiction, in transportation network changes that would prevent the efficient movement of goods within the County (cumulative impact only identified), and additional vehicle, bicycle, or pedestrian travel on roadways or other facilities that do not meet current County design standards.

No construction is proposed as a part of this project. No development is being proposed as part of this project. However, if approved, proposed Parcel 1 could develop a JADU, and proposed Parcel 2 could develop one single-family dwelling, one ADU, and one JADU in accordance with the A-2 zoning district.

If approved, all proposed parcels will directly front and have access to County-maintained Maze Boulevard. The project site currently has one existing driveway.

The project was referred to the Department of Public Works and Caltrans, neither of which provided comments on the project. Standard conditions of approval related to recording of the map, including surveying and monumenting of the new parcels, removal of any structures not shown on the proposed parcel map, and requiring the recorded map to be prepared by a licensed engineer or surveyor will be added to the project. The potential impacts to transportation are considered to be consistent with those evaluated in the GPU EIR.

Mitigation: None.

References: CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.3; Application materials; Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance (Title 21); Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan EIR; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

XVIII. TRIBAL RESOURCES Would the project:	Significant	Impact Not	Substantial	Consistent
	Project	Identified	New	with GPU
	Impact	by GPU EIR	Information	EIR
a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code Section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California native American tribe, and that is:				
i) Listed or eligible for listing in the California				
Register of Historical Resources, or in a local				x
register of historical resources as defined in				^
Public Resources Code Section 5020.1(k), or				

ii)	A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set for the in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code Section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the		x
	agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.		

Discussion: The GPU EIR determined that impacts to tribal resources resulting from implementation of the General Plan were significant and unavoidable. The GPU EIR states that development that occurs pursuant to the General Plan, as amended by the project will result in changes to existing tribal resources. At the individual project level, there may be future projects that are consistent with the General Plan, comply with all state and local laws that are protective of significant historical resources, and still result in a significant adverse impact on a historical resource. Typically, this would be a project that demolishes or otherwise destroys a significant historical resource. Demolition or destruction cannot be mitigated under CEQA. The GPU EIR assumed that there would be development projects with this impact in the future. Therefore, when examined in conjunction with development under the General Plan, the GPU EIR determined that there would be a significant and unavoidable impact to cultural resources.

It does not appear that this project will result in significant impacts to any archaeological or cultural resources. A record search dated January 14, 2025, conducted by the CCIC indicated that no prehistoric, historic, or archaeological resources known to have value to local cultural groups were formally reported to the CCIC on the project site. There is one historic structure recorded within the project area which is the MID Lateral No. 4 canal adjacent to the project site to the north. The CCIC report mentioned buildings located on-site that may be older than 56 years; however, Stanislaus County does not use age of a structure as a determination for a historical resource. The project site is already disturbed, and no construction or demolition is proposed as part of this parcel map request. The current project does not include ground disturbance, and because of this, further study for archaeological or historical resources is not recommended within the CCIC report at this time. Additionally, a condition of approval will be placed on the project requiring that should any archaeological or cultural resources be found during construction, activities shall halt until an on-site archaeological mitigation program has been approved by a qualified archaeologist. As mentioned above, there is no proposed construction or demolition proposed for this project, and any future activities will be held to the conditions of approval above based on the recommendation of the CCIC report.

In accordance with SB 18 and AB 52, this project was not referred to the tribes listed with the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) as the project is not a General Plan Amendment and no tribes have requested consultation or project referral noticing. As mentioned above in the *Cultural Resources* section, conditions of approval will be placed on the project requiring that should any archaeological or cultural resources be found during construction, activities shall halt until an on-site archaeological mitigation program has been approved by a qualified archaeologist; and should any human remains be found on the property, the applicant/owner shall contact the County coroner pursuant to California Health and Safety Code Section 7050.3, who will determine if the find is Native American.

It does not appear that this project will result in significant impacts to any tribal resources. Accordingly, the potential impacts to tribal resources are less significant than those considered in the GPU EIR. Less than significant impacts are considered to be consistent with the GPU EIR.

Mitigation: None.

References: Application materials; Records search from the Central California Information Center, dated January 14, 2025; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

XIX. U projec	ITILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS Would the t:	Significant Project Impact	Impact Not Identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information	Consistent with GPU EIR
a)	Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment or storm water drainage, electric power, natural gas, or telecommunications facilities, the construction or relocation of which could cause significant environmental effects?				х
b)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry and multiple dry years?				х
c)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				х
d)	Generate solid waste in excess of state or local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure, or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals?				х
е)					х

Discussion: The GPU EIR determined that most of the potential for impacts to utilities and service systems resulting from implementation of the General Plan were less than significant. However, the GPU EIR analysis of the population projections covering the 2035 planning horizon of the General Plan did identify significant and unavoidable impacts in terms of wastewater and water treatment facility capacity to serve this projected future development. Further, some existing water and wastewater systems, specifically those identified in the Disadvantaged Communities Report, were determined to be at capacity or in need of improvements. The Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board (CVRWQCB) will set the specific waste discharge requirements for any new or expanded wastewater treatment facility as part of its permit for that facility. Future water and wastewater treatment facilities will be required by law to operate in compliance with any and all requirements of the CVRWQCB permits. Additionally, any expansion of these facilities would require additional CEQA review.

If approved, proposed Parcel 1 could be developed with a JADU, and proposed Parcel 2 could develop with one single-family dwelling, one ADU, and one JADU in accordance with the A-2 zoning district. If future construction were to occur, additional well and septic facilities would need to be installed; on-site septic and well infrastructure are reviewed for adequacy by DER through the building permit process. No new construction or wells are proposed as part of this project. A referral was sent to DER regarding the proposed subdivision; DER responded to the project requiring that the existing septic system and domestic well be contained within the boundaries of proposed Parcel 1 and meet applicable setback standards; that each parcel have an independent domestic water supply and that prior to issuance of a building permit, each parcel have its own well; that proposed Parcel 2 be subject to Measure X requirements and have primary and secondary wastewater treatment units; and that the following statement be placed on the recorded map: "As per Stanislaus County Code 16.10.020 and 16.10.040, all persons purchasing lots within the boundaries of this approved map should be prepared to accept the responsibilities and costs associated with the operation and maintenance of the required primary and secondary on-site wastewater treatment system. All persons are required to provide adequate maintenance and operate the on-site wastewater treatment system as prescribed by the manufacturer, so as to prevent groundwater degradation". DER's comments will be added as conditions of approval for the parcel map.

The CVRWQCB provided an Early Consultation referral response requesting that the applicant coordinate with their agency to determine if any permits or Water Board requirements be obtained/met prior to operation. No construction or grading is proposed as part of this request. However, any future construction is required to meet all applicable CVRWQCB requirements.

A portion of the site is currently planted in alfalfa and receives irrigation water from the MID. The project was referred to MID which did not comment on the project. A 10-foot-wide irrigation easement is proposed to be created upon sale or transfer of either parcel to maintain proposed Parcel 1's independent ability to irrigate.

This project will not increase demands for water and wastewater treatment facilities. Accordingly, the potential impacts to utilities and service systems are considered to be consistent with those evaluated in the GPU EIR.

Mitigation: None.

References: Application materials; Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance (Title 21); Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan EIR; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

XX. WILDFIRE – If located responsibility areas or lands classis			Significant Project	Impact Not Identified	Substantial New	Consistent with GPU
hazard severity zones, would the p		J	Impact	by GPU EIR	Information	EIR
 a) Substantially impair an a response plan or emergence 	•	•				X
b) Due to slope, prevailing factors, exacerbate wildfire expose project occupa concentrations from a uncontrolled spread of a w	e risks, and th nts to, po wildfire or	nereby Ilutant				х
c) Require the installation associated infrastructure (breaks, emergency water s or other utilities) that may or that may result in tem impacts to the environmen	such as road: ources, powe exacerbate fii porary or on	s, fuel r lines re risk				x
d) Expose people or struct risks, including downslog flooding or landslides, as post-fire slope instabil changes?	oe or downs a result of r	stream				х

Discussion: The GPU EIR determined that the potential for exposing people to risk involving wildland fires, as discussed in the *Hazards and Hazardous Materials* section of GPU EIR, was less than significant. The Safety Element of the General Plan includes maps which show the County's Fire Hazard Severity Zones and State Responsibility Areas, and also includes Goals, Policies, and Implementation Measures, including the incorporation of the County's Local Hazard Mitigation Plan by reference, which address reducing the risk of wildland fires.

No construction or grading is proposed as part of this request. The project site is in a non-urbanized area with no wildlands located in the vicinity of the project site. In addition, the project site is not located within a designated high or very high fire hazard severity zone, near state responsibility areas, or lands classified as very high fire hazard severity zones. The project terrain is relatively flat. Access will be provided via Maze Boulevard. If approved, proposed Parcel 1 could be developed with a JADU, and proposed Parcel 2 could be developed with one single-family dwelling, one ADU, and one JADU. If future construction were to occur, the applicable fire district will review the project site for adequate emergency vehicle access as part of the building permit process for future development of each parcel. The project was referred to Public Works and Caltrans and no comments were received.

All future structures will be required to be constructed in accordance with Chapter 7A of the most current adopted version of the California Building Code and California Residential Code. The site is located in a Local Responsibility Area (LRA). The project site is served by Woodland Fire Protection District. Accordingly, the project was referred to Woodland Fire Protection District and no response has been received to date. No significant impacts to the project site's or surrounding environment's wildfire risk is anticipated as a result of this project. Accordingly, the potential impacts to wildfire are considered to be consistent with those evaluated in the GPU EIR.

Mitigation: None.

References: Application materials; Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance (Title 21); Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan EIR; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

XXI. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE	Significant Project Impact	Impact Not Identified by GPU EIR	Substantial New Information	Consistent with GPU EIR
a) Does the project have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				X
b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects.)				x
c) Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				х

Discussion: The GPU EIR identified the following impacts as cumulative significant and unavoidable impacts:

- Air Quality Construction-related emissions in excess of the SJVAB's thresholds of significance.
- Biological Resources Movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or the use of native wildlife nursery sites.
- Hydrology and Water Quality Impacts to groundwater supplies and groundwater recharge.
- Noise Potential temporary or permanent ambient noise levels which exceed existing standards.
- Transportation Result in transportation network changes that would prevent the efficient movement of goods within the county (less than significant individual; significant and unavoidable cumulative).

These cumulative impacts were based on development that could occur as a result of the planning horizon of the General Plan, which is 2035. The GPU EIR also acknowledged that groundwater impacts would become less than significant when the GSPs for the County were implemented. If approved, both parcels will maintain consistency with the density and intensity allowed with the "Urban Transition" designation of the General Plan as well as the uses permitted in the General Agriculture (A-2) zoning district. Review of this project has not indicated any features which might significantly impact the

environmental quality of the site and/or the surrounding area. Accordingly, the potential impacts to mandatory findings of significance are considered to be consistent with those evaluated in the GPU EIR.

Mitigation: None.

References: Application materials; Stanislaus County Zoning Ordinance (Title 21); Stanislaus County 2016 General Plan EIR; Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation¹.

¹Stanislaus County General Plan and Support Documentation adopted in August 23, 2016, as amended. *Housing Element* adopted on April 5, 2016.

Executive Summary

Table ES-2. Summary of Impacts and Mitigation Measures

	Level of Significance before	Mitigation	Level of Significance after
Impact	Mitigation	Measure	Mitigation
3.1 Aesthetics			
Impact AES-1: Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the county and its surroundings, including scenic vista	Less than significant	1	1
Impact AES-2: Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings along a scenic highway	Less than significant	1	ı
Impact AES-3: Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect daytime or nighttime views in the area	Significant	No mitigation available	Significant and unavoidable
3.2 Agricultural Resources			
Impact AGR-1: Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance, as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the FMMP of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use	Less than significant	ı	1
Impact AGR-2: Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use or a Williamson Act contract	Less than significant	ı	ı
Impact AGR-3: Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forestland (as defined in Public Resources Code Section 12220[g]), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code Section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code Section 51104[g])	Less than significant	1	1
Impact AGR-4: Result in the loss of forestland or conversion of forestland to non-forest use	Less than significant	I	ı
Impact AGR-5: Involve other changes in the existing environment that, because of their location or nature, could result in the conversion of farmland to non-agricultural use or the conversion of forestland to non-forest use	Less than significant	1	1

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APPENDIX A

Executive Summary	
Stanislaus County	

Impact	Level of Significance before Mitigation	Mitigation Measure	Level of Significance after Mitigation
3.3 Air Quality			
Impact AQ-1: Generate construction-related emissions in excess of SJVAPCD thresholds	Significant (individual and	No mitigation available	Significant and unavoidable
Impact AQ-2: Generate on-road mobile source criteria pollutant emissions in excess of SJVAPCD thresholds	cummany c) Less than significant	ı	ı
Impact AQ-3: Expose sensitive receptors to substantial concentrations of carbon monoxide	Less than significant	ı	ı
Impact AQ-4: Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations	Less than significant	1	ı
Impact AQ-5: Expose sensitive receptors to substantial odors	Less than significant	ı	ı
3.4 Biological Resources			
Impact BIO-1: Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special-status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	Less than significant	1	I
Impact BIO-2: Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	Less than significant	1	ı
Impact BIO-3: Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marshes, vernal pools, coastal wetlands, etc.) or waters of the State through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means	Less than significant	I	1
Impact BIO-4: Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory (wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites	Significant (individual and cumulative)	No mitigation available	Significant and unavoidable

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Impact	Level of Significance before Mitigation	Mitigation Measure	Level of Significance after Mitigation
Impact BIO-5: Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources	No Impact	ſ	1
Impact BIO-6: Conflict with the provisions of an adopted habitat conservation plan, natural community conservation plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan	No impact	1	1
Impact BIO-6: Introduce or spreadinvasive species	Less than significant	I	1
3.5 Cultural Resources			
Impact CUL-1: Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in Section 15064.5	Significant	No mitigation available	Significant and unavoidable
Impact CUL-2: Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to Section 15064.5	Significant	No mitigation available	Significant and unavoidable
Impact CUL-3: Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries	Less than significant	I	1
3.6 Geology, Soils, and Paleontological Resources			
Impact GEO-1: Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving fault rupture	Less than significant	1	I
Impact GEO-2: Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving strong seismic ground shaking; seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction; or landslides	Less than significant		I
Impact GEO-3: Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil	Less than significant	1	ı
Impact GEO-4: Location on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable or that would become unstable as a result of the project and potentially result in an onsite or offsite landslide	Less than significant	I	I
Impact GEO-5: Location on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property	Less than significant	ı	1

Stanislaus County			Executive Summary
Impact	Level of Significance before Mitigation	Mitigation Measure	Level of Significance after Mitigation
Impact GEO-6: Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems in areas where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater	Less than significant	ı	1
Impact GEO-7: Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature	Less than significant	1	I
3.7 Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Energy Impact EGY-1: Result in inefficient, wasteful, and unnecessary consumption of energy, including transportation energy use	Less than significant	ı	I
Impact GHG-1: Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment	Less than significant	I	I
Impact GHG-2: conflict with an applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases	Less than significant	I	1
3.8 Hazards and Hazardous Materials			
Impact HAZ-1: Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials	Less than significant	1	1
Impact HAZ-2: Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment	Less than significant	ſ	I
Impact HAZ-3: Emit hazardous emissions or involve handling hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school	Less than significant	1	1
Impact HAZ-4: Be located on a site that is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment	Less than significant	1	1
Impact HAZ-5: Be located within an airport land use plan area or, where such a plan has not been adopted, be within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, and result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area	Less than significant	ı	1
Impact HAZ-6: Be located within the vicinity of a private airstrip and result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area	Less than significant	I	ı
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Impact	Level of Significance before Mitigation	Mitigation Measure	Level of Significance after Mitigation
Impact HAZ-7: Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan	Less than significant	ı	1
Impact HAZ-8: Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands	Less than significant	1	1
3.9 Hydrology and Water Quality			
Impact HYD-1: Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements	Less than significant	1	1
Impact HYD-2: Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge, resulting in a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level that would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)	Significant (individual and cumulative)	No mitigation available	Significant and unavoidable
Impact HYD-3: Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner that would result in substantial erosion or siltation onsite or offsite	Less than significant	ı	1
Impact HYD-4: Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner that would result in flooding onsite or offsite	Less than significant	1	1
Impact HYD-5: Create or contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff	Less than significant	1	1
Impact HYD-6: Otherwise substantially degrade water quality	Less than	I	I

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significant

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or redirect flood flows

delineation map

Impact HYD-8: Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures that would impede Less than

Impact HYD-7: Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area, as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard

Less than significant

significant

Executive Summary	
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Impact	Level of Significance before Mitigation	Mitigation Measure	Level of Significance after Mitigation
Impact HYD-9: Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam	Less than significant	1	1
Impact HYD-10: Contribute to inundation by seiche, tsunami,or mudflow	Less than significant	ı	1
3.10 Land Use and Planning			
Impact LAN-1: Physically divide an established community	Less than significant	ı	1
Impact LAN-2: Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to, a general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect	Less than significant	1	I
Impact LAN-3: Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan	No impact	ı	I
3.11 Mineral Resources			
Impact MIN-1: Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state	Beneficial impact	1	I
Impact MIN-2: Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan, or other land use plan	Beneficial impact	1	1
3.12 Noise			
Impact NOI-1: Expose persons to or generate noise levels in excess of standards established in a local general plan or noise ordinance or applicable standards of other agencies	Significant (individual and cumulative)	No mitigation available	Significant and unavoidable
Impact NOI-2: Expose persons to or generate excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels	Less than significant	ı	I
Impact NOI-3: Result in a substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project	Less than significant	1	ı
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Impact	Level of Significance before Mitigation	Mitigation Measure	Level of Significance after Mitigation
Impact NOI-4: Result in a substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise I levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project	Less than significant	1	1
Impact NOI-5: Be located within an airport land use plan area, or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport and expose speople residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels	Less than significant	1	I
Impact NOI-6: Be located in the vicinity of a private airstrip and expose people residing I or working in the project area to excessive noise levels	Less than significant	1	1
3.13 Population and Housing			
Impact POP-1: Induce substantial population growth, either directly, by proposing new I homes and businesses, or indirectly, through the extension of roads and other sinfrastructure	Less than significant	1	I
Impact POP-2: Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the I construction of replacement housing elsewhere	Less than significant	1	1
Impact POP-3: Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere	Less than significant	ı	1
3.14 Public Services			
Impact SER-1: Result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities or a need for new or sphysically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times, or other performance objectives: Fire protection	Less than significant	1	I
Impact SER-2: Result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities or a need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times, or other performance objectives: Police protection	Less than significant	1	1

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Stanislaus County			Executive Summary
Impact	Level of Significance before Mitigation	Mitigation Measure	Level of Significance after Mitigation
Impact SER-3: Result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities or a need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times, or other performance objectives: Schools	Less than significant	I	ı
Impact SER-4: Result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities or a need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times, or other performance objectives:Parks	No impact	1	ı
Impact SER-5: Result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities or a need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times, or other performance objectives: Other public facilities	Less than significant	1	ı

3.15 Recreation			
Impact REC-1: Increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facilities would occur or be accelerated	Significant	No mitigation available	Significant and unavoidable
Impact REC-2: Include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities that might have an adverse physical effect on the environment	Less than significant	-	1
3.16 Transportation and Traffic			
Impact TRA-1: Result in increased VMT on a per capita basis	Less than significant	I	ı
Impact TRA-2: Result in traffic operations below LOS C for Stanislaus County roadways, which is the minimum acceptable threshold according to the General Plan	Less than significant	I	I

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Stanislaus County

Impact	Level of Significance before Mitigation	Mitigation Measure	Level of Significance after Mitigation
Impact TRA-3: Result in traffic operations below the minimum acceptable thresholds on roadways outside Stanislaus County's jurisdiction (i.e., Caltrans facilities)	Significant	No mitigation available	Significant and unavoidable
Impact TRA-4: Create demand for public transit unable to be met by planned services and facilities or disrupt existing, or interfere with planned, transit services or facilities	Less than significant	I	ı
Impact TRA-5: Disrupt existing, or interfere with planned, bicycle orpedestrian facilities	Less than significant	I	I
Impact TRA-6: Result in transportation network changes that would prevent the efficient movement of goods within the county	Less than significant (individual) Significant N (cumulative)	- ll) No mitigation available	- Significant and unavoidable
Impact TRA-7: Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks	Less than significant	I	ı
Impact TRA-8: Create additional vehicle, bicycle, or pedestrian travel on roadways or other facilities that do not meet current county design standards	Significant	No mitigation available	Significant and unavoidable
Impact TRA-9: Substantially conflict with applicable plans, policies, and regulations of other agencies and jurisdictions where such conflict would result in an adverse physical change in the environment	Less than significant	ı	ı

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Stanislaus County

Impact	Level of Significance before Mitigation	Mitigation Measure	Level of Significance after Mitigation
3.17 Utilities and Service Systems			
Impact UTL-1: Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board	Less than significant	ı	ı
Impact UTL-2: Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects	Significant	No mitigation available	Significant and unavoidable
Impact UTL-3: Require or result in the construction of new stormwater drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects	Less than significant	1	1
Impact UTL-4: Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or would new or expanded entitlements be needed?	Less than significant	1	ı
Impact UTL -5: Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider that serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments	Significant	No feasible mitigation available	Significant and unavoidable
Impact UTL-6: Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs	Less than significant	ı	I
Impact UTL-7: Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste	Less than significant	1	1

Draft ES-14

CENTRAL CALIFORNIA INFORMATION CENTER



California Historical Resources Information System

Department of Anthropology – California State University, Stanislaus

One University Circle, Turlock, California 95382

(209) 667-3307

Alpine, Calaveras, Mariposa, Merced, Mono, San Joaquin, Stanislaus & Tuolumne Counties

Date: 1/14/2025 **Records Search File #:** 13186N

Project: Hart Family Trust Parcel Map, 2619 Maze Boulevard, Modesto, CA 95358

David L. Harris Aspen Survey Company, Inc. 1121 Oakdale Road, Suite 6 Modesto, CA 95355 209-526-9724

davidh aspen@sbcglobal.net

We have conducted a non-confidential extended records search as per your request for the above-referenced project area located on the Salida USGS 7.5-minute quadrangle map in Stanislaus County.

Search of our files includes review of our maps for the specific project area and the immediate vicinity of the project area, and review of the following:

National Register of Historic Places (NRHP)

California Register of Historical Resources (CRHR)

California Inventory of Historic Resources (1976)

California Historical Landmarks

California Points of Historical Interest listing

Office of Historic Preservation Built Environment Resource Directory (BERD) and the

Archaeological Resources Directory (ARD)

Survey of Surveys (1989)

Caltrans State and Local Bridges Inventory

General Land Office Plats

Other pertinent historic data available at the CCaIC for each specific county

The following details the results of the records search:

Prehistoric or historic resources within the project area:

- There are no formally reported prehistoric or historic archaeological resources or historic buildings or structures within the project area.
- The General Land Office survey plat for T3S R8E (dated 1854) does not show any historic features within the SW ¼ of Section 25.
- The Official Map of the County of Stanislaus, California (1906) shows Maze as the landowner of the S ½ of Section 25, T3S R8E.

• The 1915 edition of the Salida USGS quadrangle references Maze Boulevard and Rosemore Avenue alignments as well as Lateral #4 (see below). The 1953 edition also shows three buildings in the 2.58-acre segment of the project area. These buildings would be 72 years in age (or older). We have no further information on file regarding these possible historical resources. The 1969 edition shows an additional three buildings in the same area that would be 56 years in age (or older). No further information on file.

Prehistoric or historic resources within the immediate vicinity of the project area: One historic structure, Lateral #4, has been formally recorded as P-50-000078, immediately north of the project area.

Resources that are known to have value to local cultural groups: None has been formally reported to the Information Center.

Previous investigations within the project area: No project-specific survey has been formally reported to the Information Center. An investigation of a small portion of the project area along the California Department of Transportation right-of-way on the north side of Maze Boulevard (SR 132) has been surveyed, referenced as follows:

Johnston, S. E. (Caltrans District 10)

2003 Positive Archaeological Survey Report, State Route 132/99 Four-Lane Project, Franklin Avenue to Dakota Avenue, West of Modesto, Stanislaus County, California, 10-STA-132-K.P. 16.1/23.7 (P.M. 10.0/14.7), E.A. 10-403500.

CCaIC Report ST-05636

Recommendations/Comments:

Please be advised that a historical resource is defined as a building, structure, object, prehistoric or historic archaeological site, or district possessing physical evidence of human activities over 45 years old. Since the entire project area has not been subject to previous investigations, there may be unidentified features involved in your project that are 45 years or older and considered as historical resources requiring further study and evaluation by a qualified professional of the appropriate discipline.

If the current project does not include ground disturbance, further study for archaeological resources is not recommended at this time. If ground disturbance is considered a part of the current project, we recommend further review for the possibility of identifying prehistoric or historic-era archaeological resources.

If the proposed project contains buildings or structures that meet the minimum age requirement (45 years in age or older) it is recommended that the resource/s be assessed by a professional familiar with architecture and history of the county. Review of the available historic building/structure data has included only those sources listed above and should not be considered comprehensive.

If at any time you might require the services of a qualified professional the Statewide Referral List for Historical Resources Consultants is posted for your use on the internet at http://chrisinfo.org

If archaeological resources are encountered during project-related activities, work should be temporarily halted in the vicinity of the discovered materials and workers should avoid altering the materials and their context until a qualified professional archaeologist has evaluated the situation and provided appropriate recommendations. Project personnel should not collect cultural resources.

If human remains are discovered, California Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5 requires you to protect the discovery and notify the county coroner, who will determine if the find is Native American. If the remains are recognized as Native American, the coroner shall then notify the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC). California Public Resources Code Section 5097.98 authorizes the NAHC to appoint a Most Likely Descendant (MLD) who will make recommendations for the treatment of the discovery.

Due to processing delays and other factors, not all of the historical resource reports and resource records that have been submitted to the State Office of Historic Preservation are available via this records search. Additional information may be available through the federal, state, and local agencies that produced or paid for historical resource management work in the search area. Additionally, Native American tribes have historical resource information not in the CHRIS Inventory, and you should contact the California Native American Heritage Commission for information on local/regional tribal contacts.

The California Office of Historic Preservation (OHP) contracts with the California Historical Resources Information System's (CHRIS) regional Information Centers (ICs) to maintain information in the CHRIS inventory and make it available to local, state, and federal agencies, cultural resource professionals, Native American tribes, researchers, and the public. Recommendations made by IC coordinators or their staff regarding the interpretation and application of this information are advisory only. Such recommendations do not necessarily represent the evaluation or opinion of the State Historic Preservation Officer in carrying out the OHP's regulatory authority under federal and state law.

We thank you for contacting this office regarding historical resource preservation. Please let us know when we can be of further service. Thank you for submitting the signed **Access Agreement Short Form.**

Note: Billing will be transmitted separately via email from the Financial Services office (\$150.00), payable within 60 days of receipt of the invoice.

If you wish to include payment by Credit Card, you must wait to receive the official invoice from Financial Services so that you can reference the CMP # (Invoice Number), and then contact the link below:

https://commerce.cashnet.com/ANTHROPOLOGY

Sincerely,

E. G. Greathouse

E. A. Greathouse, Coordinator Central California Information Center California Historical Resources Information System

* Invoice Request sent to: ARBilling@csustan.edu, CSU Stanislaus Financial Services

STANISLAUS COUNTY

Date

DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT 1010 10th Street, Suite 3400 Modesto, California 95354

NOTICE OF EXEMPTION

Project Title: Parcel Map Application No. PLN2025-0020 – Whitby Applicant Information: Sandra G. Whitby, Trustee of The Hart Family Trust, Survivor's Trust, and the Hart Family Trust, Exemption Trust, P.O. Box 581650, Modesto, CA 95358 (209) 988-6848. Project Location: 2619 Maze Boulevard, between North Dakota Avenue and North Carpenter Road, in the Modesto area. Stanislaus County APNs: 007-038-007 and 007-038-014. **Description of Project:** The project is a request to subdivide a 22.76± acre parcel into two parcels, 10± and 12.76± acres in size, in the General Agriculture (A-2-10) zoning district. Name of Agency Approving Project: Stanislaus County Planning Commission **Lead Agency Contact Person:** Shante Ruiz, Staff Services Technician **Telephone:** (209) 525-6330 Exempt Status: (check one) П Ministerial (Section 21080(b)(1); 15268); П Declared Emergency (Section 21080(b)(3); 15269(a)); П Emergency Project (Section 21080(b)(4); 15269(b)(c)); П Categorical Exemption. State type and section number: Statutory Exemptions. State code number: |X|Common Sense Exemption. (Section 15061) (b)(3) Reasons why project is exempt: The project is considered to be a minor land division of already disturbed land. No construction is proposed as part of this request. The use of the property for single-family dwellings will remain unchanged. There is also no evidence in the record that this action will have a direct or significant physical impact on the environment.

Shante Ruiz

Staff Services Technician

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SUMMARY OF	RES	SPO	NSES F	OR E	NVIR	ONMENTA	L REVIEV	V REFERF	RALS			
PROJECT: PM APP. NO. PLN	1202	25-0	020 – W	HITB'	Y							
REFERRED TO:				RESPONDED		RESPONSE			MITIGATION MEASURES		CONDITIONS	
	2 WK	30 DAY	PUBLIC HEARING NOTICE	YES	ON	WILL NOT HAVE SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	MAY HAVE SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	NO COMMENT NON CEQA	YES	NO	YES	ON
CA DEPT OF FISH & WILDLIFE	Х		Х		Х							
CA DEPT OF TRANSPORTATION DIST 10	Х		Х		Х							
CA OPR STATE CLEARINGHOUSE	Х		Х		Х							
CA RWQCB CENTRAL VALLEY REGION			Х	Х				Х		Х	Х	
CA STATE LANDS COMMISSION ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT DIVISION			х		х							
CENTRAL VALLEY FLOOD PROTECTION	Х		Х		Х							
CITY OF: MODESTO			Х		Х							
COOPERATIVE EXTENSION			Х		Х							
DER - GROUNDWATER RESOURCES DIVISION	х		Х		х							
DEPARTMENT OF TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL					х			Х		х	Х	
DISPOSAL DIST: TURLOCK SCAVENGER MANDATORY AREA 3	Х		х		х							
FIRE PROTECTION DIST: WOODLAND	Х		Х		Х							
GSA: STANISLAUS & TUOLUMNE RIVERS	X		X		Х							
IRRIGATION DIST: MODESTO STANISLAUS COUNTY EMERGENCY	Х		Х		Х							
MEDICAL SERVICES MUNICIPAL ADVISORY COUNCIL: WOOD	Х		х		х							
COLONY	х		х		Х							
PACIFIC GAS & ELECTRIC	Х		X		Х							
RAILROAD: SOUTHERN PACIFIC	Х		X		Х							
SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY APCD	Х		Х	Х				Х		Х	Х	
SCHOOL DIST 1: MODESTO UNION	Х		Х		Х							
STAN CO AG COMMISSIONER	Х		Х		Х							
TUOLOMNE RIVER TRUST	Х		Х		Х							
STAN CO BUILDING PERMITS DIVISION	Х		Х		Х							
STAN CO CEO	Х		Х		Х							
STAN CO DER	Х		Х	Х		х				Х	Х	
STAN CO FARM BUREAU	Х											
STAN CO HAZARDOUS MATERIALS	Х		Х	Х				Х		Х		Х
STAN CO PUBLIC WORKS	Χ		Х		Х							
STAN CO PUBLIC WORKS SURVEY	Χ		Х		Х							
STAN CO SHERIFF	Χ		Х		Х							
STAN CO SUPERVISOR DIST THREE: WITHROW	Х		х		Х							
STAN COUNTY COUNSEL	Χ		Х		Х							
BUREAU	Χ		Х		Х							
STANISLAUS LAFCO	Χ		Х		Х							
STATE OF CA SWRCB DIVISION OF												
DRINKING WATER DIST. 10	Х		Х		Х							
SURROUNDING LAND OWNERS			X		Х							
TELEPHONE COMPANY: AT&T	X		X		Х							
US FISH & WILDLIFE	Χ		Χ		Χ							

 $I:\Planning\Staff\ Reports\PM\2025\PM\ PLN2025-0020\ -\ Whitby\Planning\ Commission\August\ 21,\ 2025\Staff\ Report\Exhibit\ F\ -\ Environmental\ Review\ Referrals.xls$

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COUNTY OF STANISLAUS CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTION DISCLOSURE FORM PLANNING & COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

Application Number: PLN 2025-0020
Application Title: Whithy Application Address: 2619 Maze Blvd Modes to, CA 95358
Application APN:
Was a campaign contribution, regardless of the dollar amount, made to any member of a decision-making body involved in making a determination regarding the above application (i.e. Stanislaus County Board of Supervisors, Planning Commission, Airport Land Use Commission, or Building Code Appeals Board), hereinafter referred to as Member, during the 12-month period preceding the filing of the application, by the applicant, property owner, or, if applicable, any of the applicant's proposed subcontractors or the applicant's agent or lobbyist? Yes No
If no, please sign and date below.
If yes, please provide the following information:
Applicant's Name:
Contributor or Contributor Firm's Name:
Contributor or Contributor Firm's Address:
Is the Contributor: The Applicant The Property Owner The Subcontractor The Applicant's Agent/ Lobbyist Note: Under California law as implemented by the Fair Political Practices Commission, campaign contributions made by the Applicant and the Applicant's agent/lobbyist who is representing the Applicant in this application or solicitation must be aggregated together to determine the total campaign contribution made by the Applicant.
Identify the Member(s) to whom you, the property owner, your subcontractors, and/or agent/lobbyist made campaign contributions during the 12-month period preceding the filing of the application, the name of the contributor, the dates of contribution(s) and dollar amount of the contribution. Each date must include the exact month, day, and year of the contribution.
Name of Member:
Name of Contributor:
Date(s) of Contribution(s):
Amount(s):
(Please add an additional sheet(s) to identify additional Member(s) to whom you, the property owner, your subconsultants, and/or agent/lobbyist made campaign contributions)
By signing below, I certify that the statements made herein are true and correct. I also agree to disclose to the County any future contributions made to Member(s) by the applicant, property owner, or, if applicable, any of the applicant's proposed subcontractors or the applicant's agent or lobbyist <u>after</u> the date of signing this disclosure form, and within 12 months following the approval, renewal, or extension of the requested license, permit, or entitlement to use.
3/5/2025 Date Signature of Applicant
Sandra G Whithy
Print Firm Name if applicable Print Name of Applicant 61 EXHIBIT G