Appendix B California Environmental Quality Act Checklist

Supporting documentation of all CEQA checklist determinations is provided in Chapters 3 and 4 of this EIR/EIS. Documentation of "No Impact" determinations is provided at the beginning of Chapters 3 and 4. Discussion of all impacts, avoidance, minimization, and/or mitigation measures is under the appropriate topic headings in Chapters 3 and 4.

The proposed project would have potentially significant impacts to:

\boxtimes	Aesthetics	\boxtimes	Agriculture Resources	\boxtimes	Air Quality
\boxtimes	Biological Resources	\boxtimes	Cultural Resources		Geology/Soils
	Energy		Greenhouse Gas Emissions	\boxtimes	Hazards & Hazardous Materials
\boxtimes	Hydrology/Water Quality		Land Use/Planning		Mineral Resources
\boxtimes	Noise	\boxtimes	Population/Housing		Public Services
	Recreation		Transportation		Tribal Cultural Resources
	Utilities/Service Systems		Wildfire	\boxtimes	Mandatory Findings of Significance

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
I. AESTHETICS: Except as provided in Public Resources Code S	Section 21099, v	vould the projec	ot:		
a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				\boxtimes	
b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?					
c) In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from a publicly accessible vantage point). If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality?			\boxtimes		
d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?					
II. AGRICULTURE AND FOREST RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Dept. of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment Project; and the forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. Would the project:					
a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?					
b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?					
c) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?					
d) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?					
e) Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?					
III. AIR QUALITY: Where available, the significance criteria estabor air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the follows:	lished by the apwing determina	oplicable air quations. Would the	ality manageme e project:	ent district	
a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				\boxtimes	
b) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non- attainment			\boxtimes		

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard?		9		
c) Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?			\boxtimes	
d) Result in other emissions (such as those leading to odors) adversely affecting a substantial number of people?			\boxtimes	
IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES: Would the project:				
a) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, or NOAA Fisheries?				
b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
c) Have a substantial adverse effect on state or federally protected wetlands (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?		\boxtimes		
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				\boxtimes
e) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				\boxtimes
f) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				\boxtimes
V. CULTURAL RESOURCES: Would the project:				
a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource pursuant to in §15064.5?		\boxtimes		
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?			\boxtimes	
c) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated cemeteries?				\boxtimes
VI. ENERGY: Would the project:				
a) Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?			\boxtimes	

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
b) Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?				\boxtimes
VII. GEOLOGY AND SOILS: Would the project:				
a) Directly or indirectly cause potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:				
i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				\boxtimes
ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?				\boxtimes
iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				\boxtimes
iv) Landslides?				\boxtimes
b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?				
c) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?				\boxtimes
d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial direct or indirect risks to life or property?				\boxtimes
e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				
f) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?		\boxtimes		
VIII. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS: Would the project:				
a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?	to the extent print information, to	oossible on scie o describe, calc	vailable informa entific and factual sulate, or estima missions that m	al te the
b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?	related to this climate chang public and de the project as that in the abs GHG emissio significance d project's direct global climate implementing of the project.	project. The a ge section of thi cision-makers a possible. It is sence of statew ns limits, it is to letermination re tt and indirect in change. Caltr measures to re	nalysis included as document pro as much informations as much information and	d in the vides the ation about nination esholds or o make a vidual pect to mmitted to tial effects

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
IX. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS: Would the project	ect:			
a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?				
b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				
c) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				
d) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				
e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard or excessive noise for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes
f) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
g) Expose people or structures, either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires?				\boxtimes
X. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY: Would the project:				
a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or ground water quality?				
b) Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin?				\boxtimes
c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces, in a manner which would:				
(i) result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site;			\boxtimes	
(ii) substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or offsite;			\boxtimes	
(iii) create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff; or				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
(iv) impede or redirect flood flows?				\boxtimes		
d) In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk release of pollutants due to project inundation?				\boxtimes		
e) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan?				\boxtimes		
XI. LAND USE AND PLANNING: Would the project:						
a) Physically divide an established community?				\boxtimes		
b) Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?						
XII. MINERAL RESOURCES: Would the project:						
a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				\boxtimes		
b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				\boxtimes		
XIII. NOISE: Would the project result in:						
a) Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?	\boxtimes					
b) Generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?			\boxtimes			
c) For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				\boxtimes		
XIV. POPULATION AND HOUSING: Would the project:						
a) Induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?						
b) Displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?	\boxtimes					

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
XV. PUBLIC SERVICES:					
a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:					
Fire protection?					
Police protection?					
Schools?					
Parks?					
Other public facilities?					
XVI. RECREATION:					
a) Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?					
b) Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				\boxtimes	

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
XVII. TRANSPORTATION: Would the project:				
a) Conflict with a program, plan, ordinance, or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle and pedestrian facilities?				
b) Would the project conflict or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines section 15064.3, subdivision (b)?				\boxtimes
c) Substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				
d) Result in inadequate emergency access?			\boxtimes	
XVIII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES: Would the project car tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the a California Native American tribe, and that is:	21074 as eithe	r a site, feature	, place, cultural	landscape
a) Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or				
b) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.				
XIX. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS: Would the project:		<u>'</u>	-	
a) Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment or storm water drainage, electric power, natural gas, or telecommunications facilities, the construction or relocation of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
b) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry and multiple dry years?				
c) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
d) Generate solid waste in excess of State or local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure, or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals?				\boxtimes
e) Comply with federal, state, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid waste?				\boxtimes
XX. WILDFIRE: If located in or near state responsibility areas or lawould the project:	ands classified	as very high fire	e hazard severit	y zones,

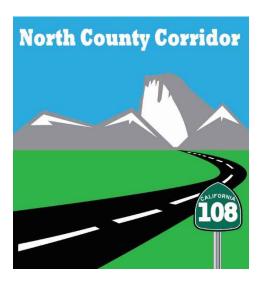
	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
b) Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire?				
c) Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?				
d) Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?				
XXI. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE				
a) Does the project have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?		\boxtimes		
b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				
c) Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?	\boxtimes			

Appendix C Section 4(f) Finding

North County Corridor New State Route 108 Project

STANISLAUS COUNTY, CALIFORNIA DISTRICT 10 – STA – 108 (SR-108 [PM 27.5/44.5], SR-219 [PM 3.7/4.8], SR-120 [PM 6.9-11.6]) EA: 10-0S8000 & Project ID: 1000000263

Final Section 4(f) De Minimis Finding



Prepared by:

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Prepared for:

California Department of Transportation District 6 855 M Street, Suite 200 Fresno, CA 93721

The environmental review, consultation, and any other action required by applicable Federal environmental laws for this project are being, or have been, carried-out by Caltrans pursuant to 23 USC 327 and the Memorandum of Understanding dated December 23, 2016 and executed by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and Caltrans.

January 2020

INTRODUCTION

This section of the document discusses *de minimis* impact determinations under Section 4(f). Section 6009(a) of SAFETEA-LU amended Section 4(f) legislation at 23 United States Code 138 and 49 United States Code 303 to simplify the processing and approval of projects that have only *de minimis* impacts on lands protected by Section 4(f). This amendment provides that once the U.S. Department of Transportation determines that a transportation use of Section 4(f) property, after consideration of any impact avoidance, minimization, and mitigation or enhancement measures, results in a *de minimis* impact on that property, an analysis of avoidance alternatives is not required and the Section 4(f) evaluation process is complete. FHWA's final rule on Section 4(f) *de minimis* findings is codified in 23 Code of Federal Regulations 774.3 and Code of Federal Regulations 774.17.

Responsibility for compliance with Section 4(f) has been assigned to the Department pursuant to 23 United States Code 326 and 327, including *de minimis* impact determinations, as well as coordination with those agencies that have jurisdiction over a Section 4(f) resource that may be affected by a project action.

Section 4(f) of the Department of Transportation Act of 1966, codified in federal law at 49 United States Code (USC) 303, declares that "it is the policy of the United States Government that special effort should be made to preserve the natural beauty of the countryside and public park and recreation lands, wildlife and waterfowl refuges, and historic sites."

Section 4(f) specifies that the Secretary [of Transportation] may approve a transportation program or project . . . requiring the use of publicly owned land of a public park, recreation area, or wildlife and waterfowl refuge of national, state, or local significance, or land of an historic site of national, state, or local significance (as determined by the federal, state, or local officials having jurisdiction over the park, area, refuge, or site) only if:

- · there is no prudent and feasible alternative to using that land; and
- the program or project includes all possible planning to minimize harm to the park, recreation area, wildlife and waterfowl refuge, or historic site resulting from the use.

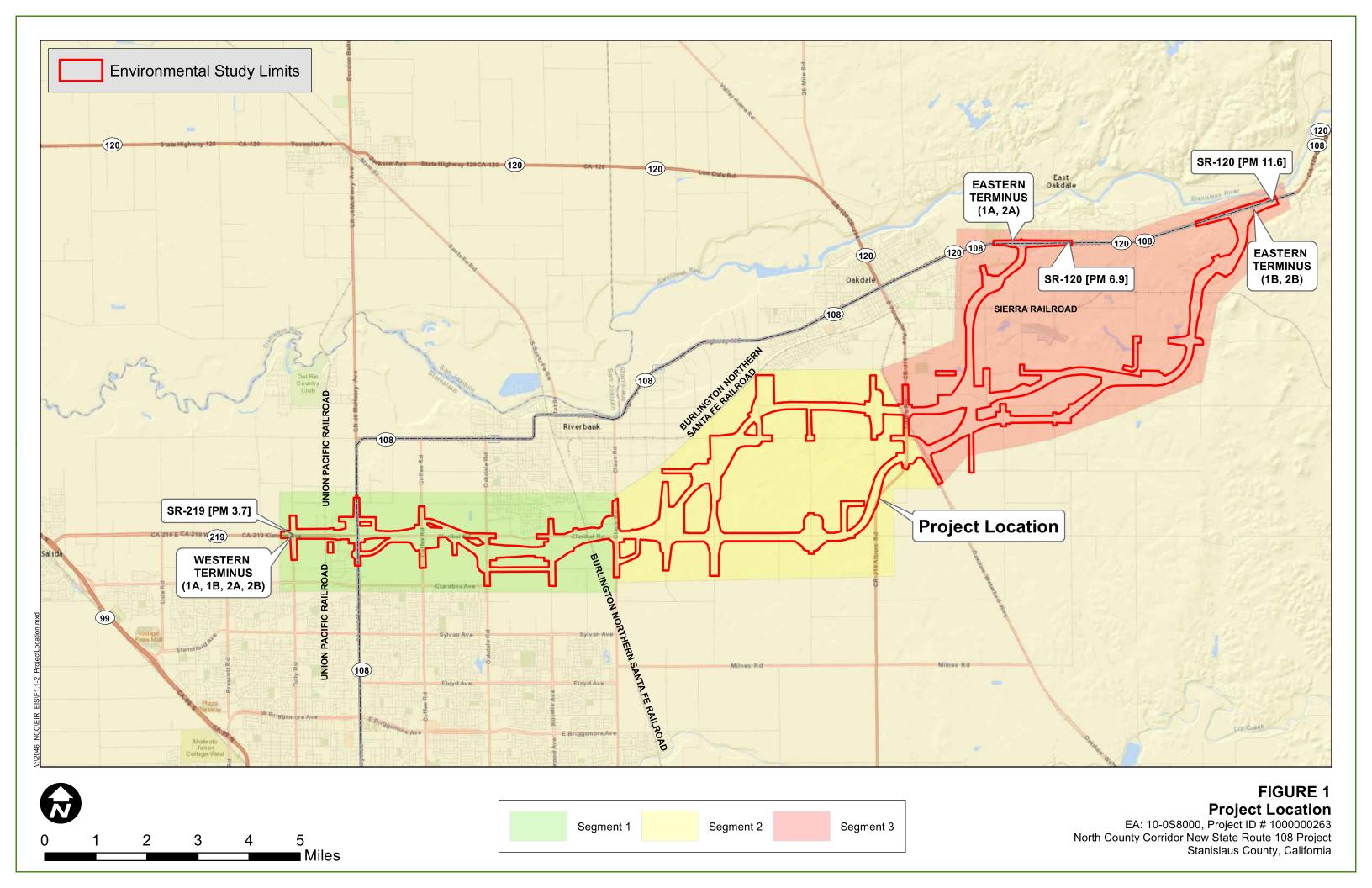
Section 4(f) further requires consultation with the Department of the Interior and, as appropriate, the involved offices of the Department of Agriculture and the Department of Housing and Urban Development in developing transportation projects and programs that use lands protected by Section 4(f). If historic sites are involved, then coordination with the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) is also needed.

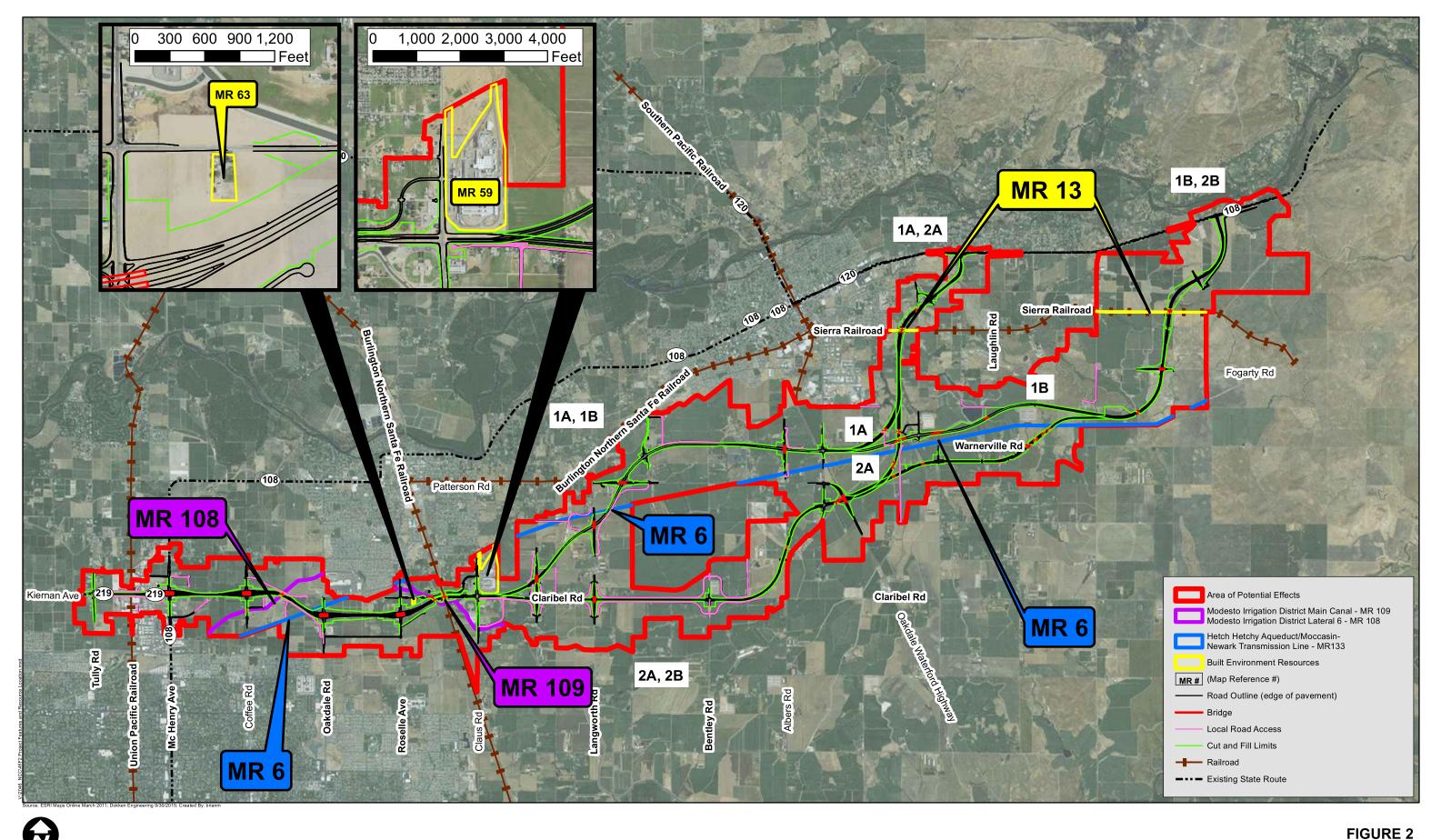
PROJECT DESCRIPTION

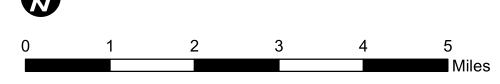
The North County Corridor New State Route 108 (SR-108) Project proposes to build a new and realigned SR-108 from the intersection of State Route 219 and Tully Road to State Route 120 and the existing SR-10 facility east of the City of Oakdale. The Project is located in Caltrans District 10 within portions of the Oakdale, Riverbank, and Modesto communities, Stanislaus County, California (**Figure 1**). The proposed project consists of Build Alternative 1A, 1B, 2A, and 2B and the No-Build Alternative (see Figure 2). For additional details on the project description, please see Section 2.1 of the Final Environmental Impact Report/Environmental Impact Statement (EIR/EIS).

The alternatives are best understood in three main segments (Figure 1). Segment 1 begins with the western terminus of all alternatives at the SR-219 (Kiernan Avenue)/Tully Road intersection. The alternatives proceed along the same alignment to the vicinity of the Claus Road/Claribel Road intersection. At that point, Segment 2 begins and the alternatives separate into two different alignments (1 and 2). Alignment 1, which includes Alternatives 1A and 1B, veers northeast near the Claus Road/Claribel Road intersection and passes through the southern boundary of Oakdale. Alignment 2, which includes Alternatives 2A and 2B, continues easterly along Claribel Road and turn northeastward past the intersection of Claribel Road/Bentley Road. As the two alignments enter Segment 3, each of the alternatives then break into two possible alignments based on two potential eastern termini (A and B). Alternatives 1A and 2A veer north and converge until the eastern terminus along SR-108/120 just east of the City of Oakdale boundary. Alternatives 1B and 2B converge and end farther east, along SR-108/120 in the vicinity of Lancaster Road. For additional details on the alternatives, please see Section 2.2 of the Final EIR/EIS.

The purpose of the project is to reduce average daily traffic volumes and current traffic congestion and accommodate anticipated future traffic on the existing SR-108 and the surrounding regional transportation network in Stanislaus County and the cities of Modesto, Riverbank, and Oakdale; to support the efficient movement of goods and services throughout the region for the benefit of the regional economy by providing a more direct and dependable truck route, increasing the average operating speeds of all vehicles, and reducing the number of areas of conflict between motorized traffic and non-motorized means of travel; and to improve the efficiency of interregional travel by reducing travel times for long distance commuters, recreational traffic, and interregional goods movement. For additional detail on the purpose and need, please see Section 1.2 of the Final EIR/EIS.







Project Alternatives and Section 4(f) Resource Location Map EA: 10-0S8000, Project ID # 1000000263 North County Corridor New State Route 108 Project Stanislaus County, California

DESCRIPTION OF SECTION 4(F) PROPERTIES

This section discusses all known Section 4(f) properties; however, as access to the entirety of the Direct Area of Potential Effects was not possible due to right-of-entry limitations; archaeological site identification and evaluation are not complete at this time. As additional cultural resource identification and evaluation efforts are needed, and as the Direct Area of Potential Effects has areas of moderate to high buried site sensitivity, Caltrans has prepared a Programmatic Agreement to implement a phased approach to complete identification, evaluation of potential historic properties, effect finding determinations, and mitigation requirements (if applicable), after right-of-entry to the remaining parcels that have not yet been surveyed has been obtained. Once these surveys and any necessary evaluations have been conducted, any impacted resources protected under Section 4(f) will be evaluated at that time in a supplemental document.

A description of each of the known Section 4(f) properties is as follows:

Riverbank Army Ammunition Plant District (P-50-001747) - Map Reference #59

The Riverbank Army Ammunition Plant District (P-50-001747) is located at 5300 Claus Road in Riverbank, near the intersection of Claus Road and Claribel Road (**Figure 3**). As of 2010, the district consisted of 158 buildings constructed between 1942 and 1975. The Riverbank Army Ammunition Plant was constructed in 1942 as an aluminum reduction plant during World War II but closed in 1944. It was converted to a cartridge case manufacturing plant during the Korean War, and during this time was at its peak of production, operating as the largest shell casing plant in the country. It closed again from 1958 until the Vietnam War when it operated as a cartridge case and mortar projectile manufacturing plant. It remained as a cartridge case manufacturing plant until 2009, four years after the Department of Defense's Base Realignment and Closure decision to dispose of the facility. Because of its continued operation as an ammunition plant, it retains much of its original character and therefore conveys its significance as a historic resource. Even today, a portion of the complex is used for weapon manufacturing.

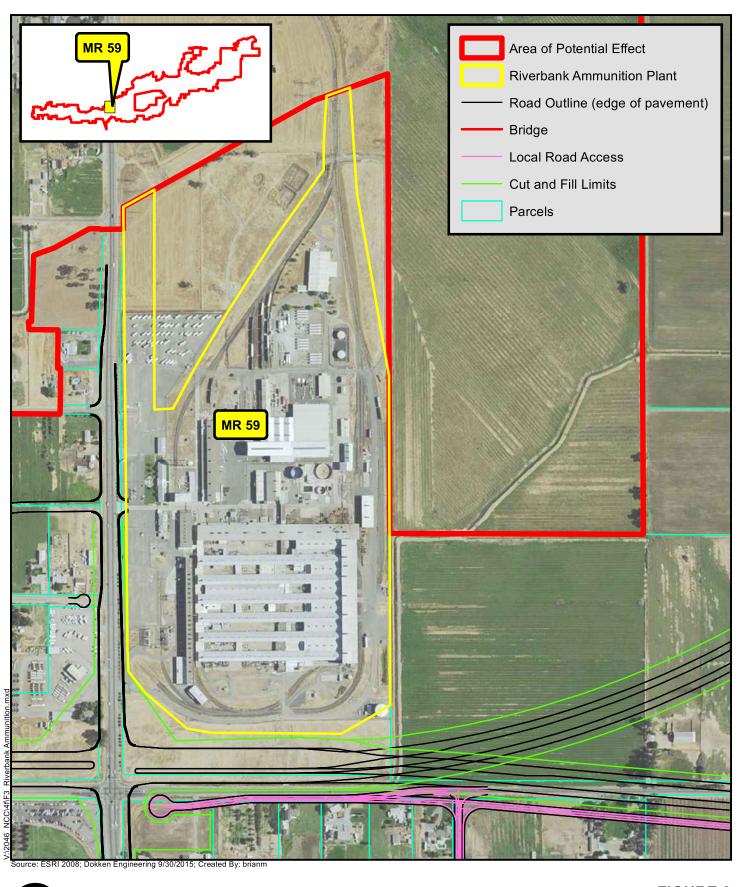
The ammunition plant is eligible for inclusion on the National Register of Historic Places based on Criterion A for its role in munitions production for wartime activity and Criterion C as a prime example of Industrial/Functionalism architectural style in Riverbank. The property is located within the boundaries of APN 062-031-005. Since the Riverbank Army Ammunition Plant District is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP, it is also considered a Section 4(f) resource.

3212 Claribel Road - Map Reference #63

The property at 3212 Claribel Road is a farm complex in Modesto near the intersection of Claribel Road and Rosselle Avenue (**Figure 4**). The farm complex contains an adobe shop building constructed in 1936. This adobe structure is a rare local representative of a Depression-era adobe farm building. The rectangular, one-story building's adobe walls are clad in plaster or smooth-finish stucco. Its side-gabled roof includes corrugated metal cladding and a ridge monitor. On the northern end, the roof slopes downward to meet a pent-roof shed area with a wood frame that is open on the east and west. The east and west gable ends open via vertical wood plank suspended sliding doors and include open, triangular gaps at the gable peak. There are three other buildings within the farm complex that were built in the 1940s and 1950s and are not contributors to the significance of the adobe shop building.

Section 4(f) De Minimis Report North County Corridor Project Cities of Modesto, Oakdale, and Riverbank Stanislaus County, California

This 1936 adobe shop building is eligible for inclusion on the NRHP based on Criterion C as an example of vernacular adobe construction methods. The property is located within the boundaries of APN 084-001-025. Since the 1936 adobe shop building at 3212 Claribel Road is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP, it is also considered a Section 4(f) resource.



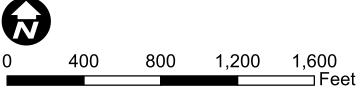


FIGURE 3 Section 4(f) Resource Riverbank Ammunition Plant

EA: 10-0S8000, Project ID # 1000000263 North County Corridor New State Route 108 Project Stanislaus County, California

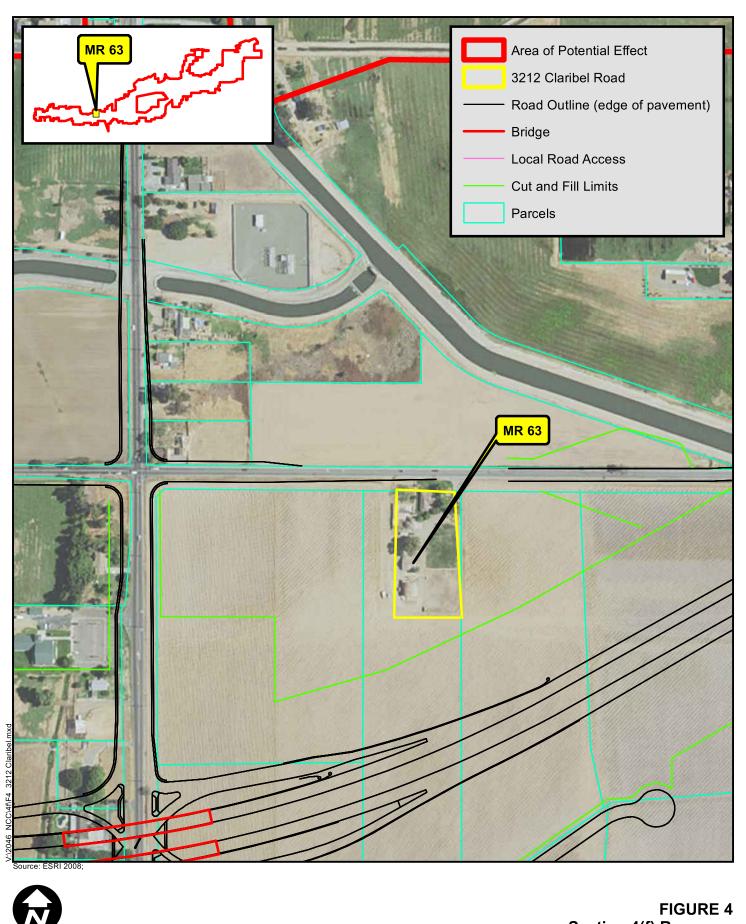




FIGURE 4 Section 4(f) Resource 3212 Claribel Road

EA: 10-0S8000, Project ID # 1000000263 North County Corridor New State Route 108 Project Stanislaus County, California

Historic Resource: Sierra Railroad Mainline (P-50-000364/CA-STA-0281H) – Map Reference #13

The Sierra Railroad Mainline (P-50-000364/CA-STA-0281H) (also known as P-55-000347/CA-TUO-774H in Tuolumne County) is an active railway that runs between Oakdale and Sonora and is a contributing element to the Sierra Railroad Historic District (**Figure 5**). Approximately 20 miles of the railway is within Stanislaus County (from Oakdale to the county line), while the remaining approximately 28 miles of extant track are in Tuolumne County (from county line to Standard). There is an additional approximately 7 miles of abandoned track between Standard and Tuolumne City.

The railway consists of two flat bottom rails, pressure treated wood ties soaked in creosote, baseplates and spikes, splice bars, ballast, and berms. The railroad was first constructed in 1897 and was completed two years later. The rail line not only carried gold ore and lumber from the hills to the east, but also provided transportation, mail, and freight service to multiple large-scale projects happening in the area.

In 1999, a passenger service began operating called the Sierra Railroad Dinner Train. This train offers passengers a scenic tour of the historic spots located along the railroad while serving them dinner. These historic locations are located outside and east of the project area, near the Stanislaus/Tuolumne County line. The Sierra Railroad and its locomotives have also been utilized in over 200 film productions since the late 1930s, including *High Noon, Pale Rider,* and *Back to the Future III.* Most of the filming occurs within Tuolomne County, outside the Area of Potential Effects (APE) due to the association with the Railtown 1997 State Historic Park located in Jamestown.

This railway played a significant role in the economic development in neighboring Tuolumne County to the east from 1897 to 1932, and has been determined eligible for inclusion on the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) under Criterion A for its social and economic impact to Tuolumne County and as a contributor to the Sierra Railroad Historic District in Jamestown, CA. Since the Sierra Railroad Mainline is eligible for inclusion in the NRHP, it is also considered a Section 4(f) resource.

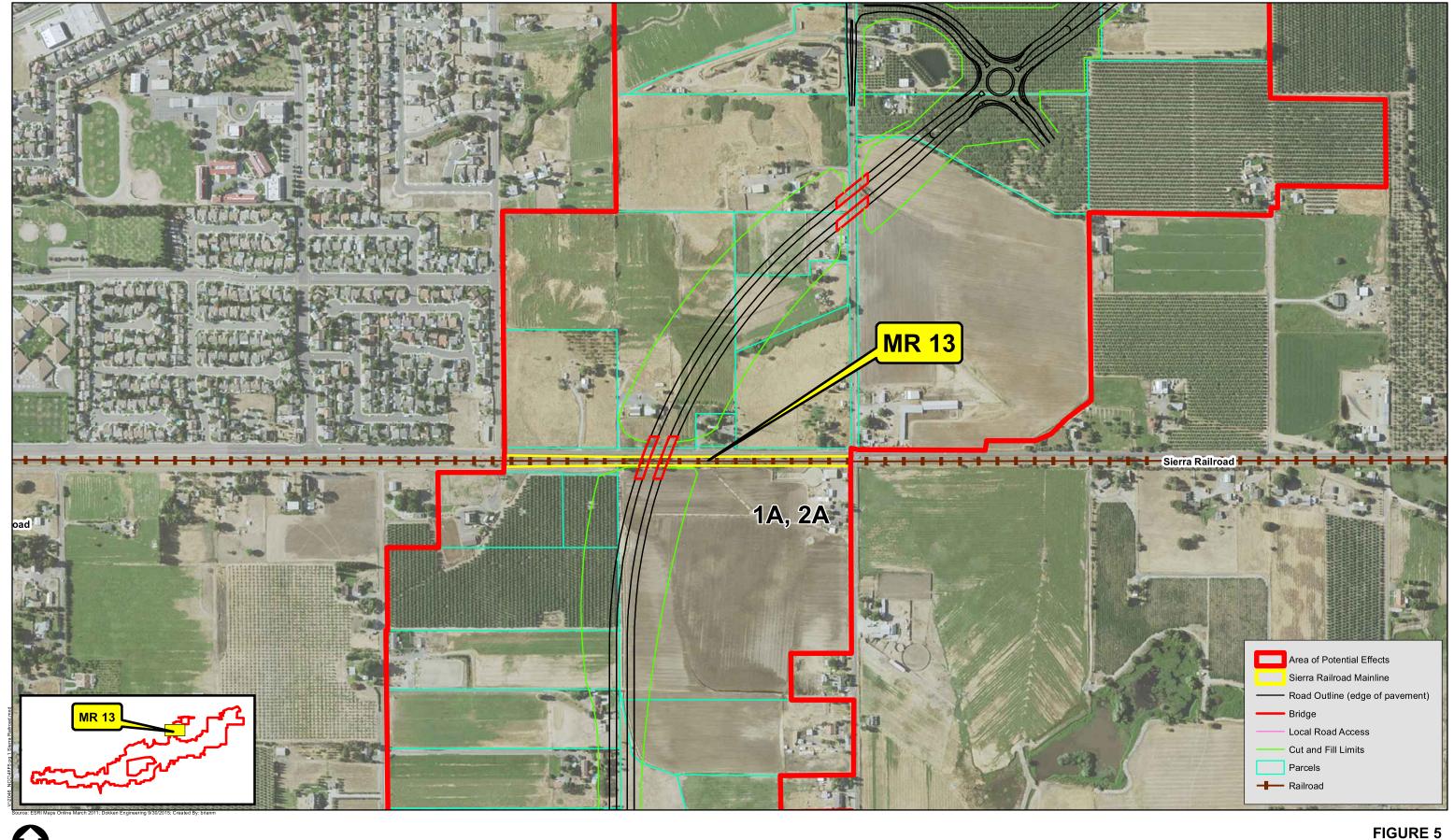
Hetch-Hetchy Aqueduct, Moccasin-Newark Transmission Line (P-50-000074)– Map Reference #6

Within the APE, the Hetch-Hetchy includes an aqueduct, transmission tower line, and an electrical substation. The aqueduct includes three pipelines known as the San Joaquin Pipelines. The aqueduct, transmission tower line, and substation are owned by the City of San Francisco and are an outgrowth of the Hetch-Hetchy Water Project. The project began construction in 1919 and finally delivered water and power to San Francisco in 1934. Currently, the Hetch-Hetchy provides water and power to 2,500,000 San Francisco Bay Area residents (**Figure 6**).

The Moccasin-Newark Transmission Line (Map Reference #6) of the Hetch-Hetchy Water Project carries power from their Moccasin Powerplant to PG&E's Newark Substation in Alameda County, where it is then transmitted to consumers in San Francisco. The transmission line was constructed between 1923 and 1924. There are 506 steel towers along the line, each of which is 97 feet tall and together conduct 115-kV power 98.5 miles to their terminus at Newark. Within the same right-of-way as the transmission lines are the undergrounded San Joaquin Pipelines, which carry water from the Hetch-Hetchy reservoir to its ultimate destination in the San Francisco Bay Area. The

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Hetch-Hetchy resource also includes the Warnerville Substation (Map Reference #13), a switching yard that manages power transmitted through the system. Since the Hetch-Hetchy is assumed eligible for inclusion in the NRHP for this project only, it is also considered a Section 4(f) resource.

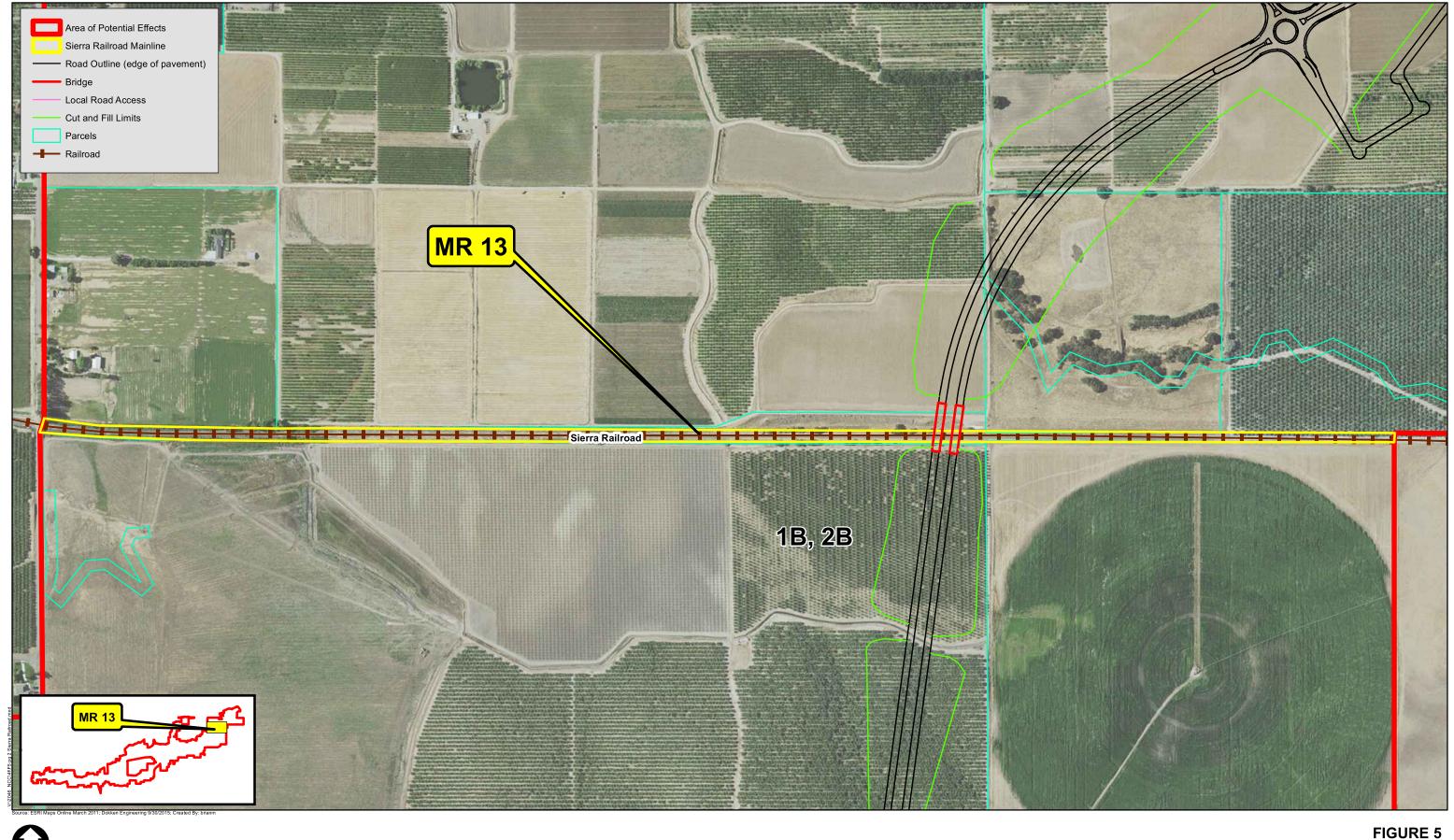




1,000 2,000 3,000 4,000 5,000 Feet

FIGURE 5 Page 1 of 2 Section 4(f) Resources Sierra Railroad Mainline

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