Appendix I-A8

SALIDA COMMUNITY PLAN

Adopted by the Stanislaus County Board of Supervisors

AUGUST 7, 2007

*A technical update clarifying the integration of the 2007 Salida Area Planning, Road Improvement, Economic Development, and Farmland Protection Initiative and the terms of the development agreements governing the amended area was adopted on August 23, 2016, as part of the 2015 General Plan Update.
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SALIDA COMMUNITY PLAN

The Salida Community Plan ("Community Plan" or "Plan") provides land use planning and guidance for development of approximately 4,600 acres of land in the Salida area. The Community Plan encompasses the existing community of Salida, which was part of the previously approved Salida Community Plan (the "Existing Plan" or "Existing Plan Area"), and an amendment area encompassing approximately 3,383 acres (the "Amendment Area"). The Amended Area consists of the Salida Area Planning, Road Improvement, Economic Development, and Farmland Protection Initiative (the "Initiative") approved by the Board of Supervisors on August 7, 2007, and adopted by ordinance on August 17, 2007. The ordinance specifies that until the terms of the Development Agreement governing the Amended Area expire, the Initiative may be amended or repealed, to the extent permitted by law, by a majority of the voters of the County voting in an election held in accordance with state law. The terms of the Development Agreement expires twenty-five (25) years from the effective date of August 7, 2007 (Expires: August 7, 2032).

The Existing Plan Area

The land use plan for the Existing Plan Area reflects both existing land use patterns and gathered information to guide future land use decisions. In formulating this plan, it was apparent that a substantial portion of the community had already developed in a way which has produced few areas of potential land use conflicts. The designations included within this plan are intended to, whenever possible, mitigate those impacts, or prevent them from occurring in the future. This will, hopefully, result in an attractive and efficient pattern of living and working areas. In the event that development is proposed within the redevelopment area of Salida, Appendix I-B3 – Salida Design Guidelines of the Land Use Element of the General Plan should be consulted for development standards.

The Amendment Area

The Community Plan provides land use and development guidance for the Amendment Area that promotes harmonious integration of the Existing Plan Area with new development planned within the Amendment Area. The land uses, goals, and policies of the Community Plan promote job creation, retail opportunities, and tax generation, while providing for improved vehicular and non-vehicular circulation, expanded recreational amenities, expanded housing choice, preservation of open space, effective transitions between urban and agricultural environments, and substantial infrastructure improvements within the Amendment Area. New development within the Amendment Area will be implemented through the Salida Community Plan Zoning District, which requires the adoption of a discretionary non-legislative Development Plan ("Development Plan") prepared according to the regulatory zoning requirements of the District.

Amendment Area Purpose

One of the primary purposes of the Amendment Area is to provide for a mix of land uses that can facilitate the Salida community’s financial and fiscal self-sufficiency. Building upon this purpose, and other goals and policies, the Amendment Area strives to create local jobs and commercial opportunities with significantly improved regional vehicular circulation and infrastructure, supported by complementary and integrated housing that expands the community’s range of residential offerings. Capital facility, and service needs generated by new development in the Amendment Area should be financed by new development. To allow sufficient time for proper infrastructure planning and development, no new residential units in the Amendment Area shall be occupied prior to January 1, 2010.
**Land Use and Land Use Designations**

Land uses shown for the Amendment Area are consistent with designations contained in the County General Plan. However, a new land use designation, Business Park, has been added for this area. The General Plan land use designations applicable within the Amendment Area include: Low-Density Residential, Medium-Density Residential, Medium High-Density Residential, Commercial, Planned Industrial, Business Park, and Agriculture. Table 1, Salida Community Plan Amendment Area Land Use Designations, shows the proposed Amendment Area land uses and their associated acreages. Refer to the Salida Community Plan map for a map of land uses within the Amendment Area. The Amendment Area represents a blueprint for the expansion of Salida and is meant to take a comprehensive view of land uses in order to prevent piecemeal planning. In order to offer a long-term planning approach, non-agricultural land use designations are applied to lands which may still be subject to Williamson Act contracts. However, the provisions of the Salida Community Plan Zoning District should require that until such time as contracts are terminated, lands encumbered by a Williamson Act contract shall remain subject to the zoning restrictions found within the County’s A-2 zoning regulations.

The Board of Supervisors may, at its discretion, approve minor modifications to the boundaries and location of the land designated Low-Density Residential, Medium-Density Residential, Medium High-Density Residential, or Agriculture within the Amendment Area, and approve rezonings which implement such modifications, provided such modifications preserve the overall intent of the Community Plan and the total acreage devoted to the Low-Density, Medium-Density and Medium High-Density Residential land use designations, as set forth in Table 1, does not increase or decrease by more than ten percent (10%).

In addition, the Business Park designation, as created herein, is intended to provide land use flexibility in order to support the creation of a first-class modern business park. Therefore, the Board of Supervisors may, at its discretion, re-designate land within the Amendment Area from Planned Industrial to Business Park along with rezonings to implement said modifications without limitation. This discretion is reserved for the Board of Supervisors in acknowledgment that the market demand for Business Park uses may increase over time, thereby warranting the broader range of uses and land use configurations offered by the Business Park designation.

To effectively implement the Planned Industrial, Business Park, or Commercial Land Use designations within the Amendment Area, the Board of Supervisors may also, at its discretion, rezone land zoned as SCP-C-1, SCP-C-2, SCP-PI, or SCP-IBP, to Planned Development. The Planned Development district as provided for in Chapter 21.40 of the County Code would allow for modification of requirements established by the SCP district and diversification in the relationship of different uses, buildings, structures, lot sizes and open spaces, while ensuring compliance with, and implementation of, the Community Plan. Such flexibility would be used to promote development of modern retail, business park, and industrial park developments.

Finally, if the potential adverse environmental impacts associated with the current Planned Industrial or Business Park land use designations, as identified in an Environmental Impact Report, could be reduced or eliminated by alternative land use designations, the Board of Supervisors retains the discretion to make changes to the Planned Industrial or Business Park land uses, including conforming rezonings.

An illustrative conceptual plan for the Amendment Area is included in the Community Plan as Illustration 1 and is provided for illustrative purposes only. The precise design, location of uses, and amenities will be established by discretionary non-legislative Development Plan approval.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Land Use Designation</th>
<th>Zoning</th>
<th>Total Acreage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Planned Industrial</td>
<td>SCP-PI</td>
<td>1,259</td>
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<tr>
<td>Business Park</td>
<td>SCP-IBP</td>
<td>490</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commercial</td>
<td>SCP-C-1 SCP-C-2</td>
<td>280</td>
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<tr>
<td>Low-Density Residential</td>
<td>SCP-R-1</td>
<td>802</td>
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<tr>
<td>Low-Density Residential-Special Treatment Area</td>
<td>SCP-R-1- ST</td>
<td>64</td>
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<tr>
<td>Medium-Density Residential</td>
<td>SCP-R-2</td>
<td>187</td>
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<tr>
<td>Medium High-Density Residential</td>
<td>SCP-R-3</td>
<td>57</td>
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<tr>
<td>Agriculture</td>
<td>SCP-A-2</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total Acres</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>3,383</strong></td>
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Planned Industrial. As part of an inter-jurisdictional effort, the County of Stanislaus and the City of Modesto developed the North Gateway Business Complex Master Development Plan in 2003. The goal of the plan is to help alleviate the existing jobs-housing imbalance in the County by promoting development of employment-generating industrial/business park uses in the area roughly bound by Ladd Road on the north, Dale Road on the east, Pelandale Expressway on the south, and Sisk Road on the west. The Planned Industrial designations shown to the east of Sisk Road within the Amendment Area are consistent with the intent of the North Gateway Business Complex Master Development Plan.

Approximately 1,259 acres of land are designated as Planned Industrial. This represents approximately 37.2 percent of the Amendment Area. The majority of these lands are located in the northeastern portion of the Amendment Area. An area designated as Planned Industrial is located in the southwestern portion of the Amendment Area on land that includes an existing industrial use. Intended uses within the Planned Industrial designation are consistent with those defined in the General Plan.

Business Park. The Community Plan includes 490 acres that are designated Business Park. This represents approximately 14.5 percent of the total Amendment Area. This use is concentrated largely in the eastern portion of the Amendment Area, but two notable areas in the northwest portion of the Amendment Area, near the Hammett Road/State Route 99 interchange, also carry this designation.

The Business Park designation is intended to accommodate development of a full range of uses, including modern, employment-intensive uses. Principal development and employment-generating uses allowed within this designation include research, product development, professional office, commercial, and business services.

Commercial. The Community Plan includes 280 acres of land designated Commercial within the Amendment Area. This represents approximately 8.3 percent of the Amendment Area. The Commercial designation applies to Regional Commercial, Neighborhood Commercial, and Highway Commercial uses as described in the General Plan. A major regional commercial area is planned in the northwest corner of the Amendment Area on the east side of State Route 99. Neighborhood-serving commercial uses are located at the southwest corner of the Covert Road/Toomes Road intersection and between Sisk Road and Stoddard Road just south of the planned expressway. New highway commercial uses are located west of State Route 99 near the Hammett Road/State Route 99 interchange.
Table 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Land Use</th>
<th>Acres</th>
<th>Jobs/Acre&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt;</th>
<th>Total Jobs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Park</td>
<td>490</td>
<td>25&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>12,250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturing/Industrial/Warehousing, etc.</td>
<td>1,259</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>8,813</td>
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<tr>
<td>Neighborhood, General, and Highway Commercial</td>
<td>280</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>6,720</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>2,029</td>
<td>13.7</td>
<td>27,783</td>
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<sup>1</sup> Source: Stanislaus County Economic and Workforce Alliance

<sup>2</sup> Weighted average number of jobs per acre between Business Park and High-Visibility Business Park
**Residential.** The Amendment Area affords substantial opportunity for new residential development with a neighborhood orientation. The Amendment Area includes 866 acres of land designated Low-Density Residential, 187 acres designated Medium-Density Residential, and 57 acres designated Medium High-Density Residential, for a total of 1,110 acres of new residential development. Land designated for residential uses represents approximately 32.8 percent of the total Amendment Area. The new residential areas are generally located in the southwestern and northern portions of the Amendment Area.

Public facilities, parks, and schools are conditional uses within areas designated as Low-Density Residential. Accordingly, approximately 118 acres of the land designated Low-Density Residential within the Amendment Area are either occupied by existing schools or owned by a school district for which a school is planned and are therefore not expected to result in additional units beyond the 5,000 units shown in Table 3. Additionally, 64 acres of land now owned by the Salida Sanitation District on which it operates the Salida Wastewater Treatment Plant are designated Low-Density Residential. Build-out of this land with residential uses may or may not occur. If the Salida Sanitation District determines that it will continue to operate the existing plant, modify the plant, and/or expand the plant in the future to meet its needs, this could preclude build-out of all 64 acres with residential units, though some portion of the land may retain capacity for residential development. As a result, the maximum number of units and the total projected population increase shown in Table 3 could be incrementally lower.

Single-family homes at a density of up to eight dwelling units per net acre may be developed on land designated Low-Density Residential. The actual development density is likely to be about 4.5+/- dwelling units per net acre. Detached single-family homes, duplexes, and triplexes at densities of up to 14 units per net acre are permitted on land designated Medium-Density Residential. An average density of about 10+/- dwellings units per net acre is anticipated. Densities up to approximately 25 dwelling units per net acre are permitted on land designated Medium High-Density Residential. An average density of about 23+/- dwelling units per net acre is anticipated. Table 3, Projected Residential Build-Out and Population, shows that a total of approximately 5,000 new dwelling units could be accommodated within areas designated Low-, Medium- and Medium High-Density Residential use at build-out. The local population would increase by about 15,063 people with build-out of the residential designated portions of the Amendment Area. Including the population of the existing community, the projected total population within the Community Plan boundary would be 29,063 persons at build-out of the Amendment Area.

**Table 3**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Land Use Designation</th>
<th>Total Gross</th>
<th>Average Dwelling</th>
<th>Total Dwelling Units</th>
<th>Population Accommodated</th>
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<tr>
<td>Low-Density Residential</td>
<td>866</td>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>2,754</td>
<td>8,299</td>
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<tr>
<td>Medium-Density Residential</td>
<td>187</td>
<td>10.0</td>
<td>1,306</td>
<td>3,933</td>
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<tr>
<td>Medium High-Density Residential</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>23.4</td>
<td>940</td>
<td>2,831</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,110</strong></td>
<td><strong>5,000</strong></td>
<td><strong>15,063</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Net acreage is approximate based on an assumption that 30% of the gross acreage will be occupied by parks, roads, school sites, sidewalks, and utilities.

2. Based on average of 3.01 persons per household.
Agriculture. The County currently applies the Agriculture land use designation to areas identified as suitable for open space or recreational use. Within the Amendment Area, this designation applies solely to the proposed Stanislaus River Park, which comprises 244 acres, or approximately 7.2 percent of the Amendment Area. This designation is not intended to accommodate agricultural activities within the Community Plan boundary.

The Stanislaus County Parks Development Plan states that regional parks are an important component of the County-wide parks program. The Stanislaus County Parks Development Plan suggests that parks which preserve river and riparian areas, which are significant natural resources, should be a focus. Though the Stanislaus County Parks Development Plan states that the overall acreage of existing regional parks in the County is adequate to serve future populations, to meet the intent of the Community Plan for providing expanded recreation resources and to help preserve valuable natural resources, the Amendment Area includes an approximately 244-acre river park along the Stanislaus River. The river park comprises lands within habitat and flood easements along the river that are controlled by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. The river park concept is to preserve and restore natural conditions close to the river and to locate passive recreational activities such as picnicking, bird-watching, walking, jogging, bicycling, and supporting structures such as restrooms and parking facilities, etc. at distances that are progressively farther from the river. Active recreational facilities could be considered.

It is expected that developers of new projects within the Amendment Area would prepare a park plan, as part of the Development Plan process, for the river park and would fund improvements needed to implement the park plan.

Circulation

Circulation Concept. Existing and planned roadways should comprise a roadway network that serves the existing community and provides connectivity to regional transportation corridors. The existing circulation system and proposed circulation facilities and improvements should be fully integrated. Roadway segments and alignments should promote even dispersal of traffic throughout the Community Plan area. For example, industrial traffic should be routed from the eastern portion of the Amendment Area to a new expressway. Right-of-way for the Hammett Road interchange is needed to accommodate interchange improvements required to accommodate additional traffic generated by new development. A Project Study Report for the Hammett Road Interchange is currently under preparation. A Project Study Report shall be approved for the Hammett Road Interchange prior to approval of tentative maps and development permits for lands located within the interchange study area of the Project Study Report. Right-of-way for any interchange improvement is required to be protected and incorporated into any Development Plan for lands contained within the interchange study area.

The new vehicular circulation system should include a number of major improvements:

- Construction of that portion of a new expressway located within the Amendment Area to facilitate traffic flow east to west and which connects to the State Route 99 / Hammett Road interchange;
- Modification of an existing State Route 99 interchange at Hammett Road;
- Extension of Pirrone Road east from Sisk Road;
- Widening and improvement of Sisk, Stoddard, Kiernan, Dale, Toomes, Hammett, and Bacon roads;
• Facilitation of circulation to the area designated Planned Industrial that is located south of Kiernan Avenue; and

• Construction of local roadways and collectors throughout the Amendment Area to promote efficient and safe circulation.

**Conceptual Roadway Classifications/Sections.** New roadways within the Amendment Area must be designed to accommodate a variety of vehicle types, volumes, speeds, and safety conditions. To this end, several roadway types are proposed. These range from an expressway road classification, where the proposed right-of-way width is up to 224 feet, to a local street classification with a right-of-way width of approximately 50 feet. Several of the roadway types incorporate Class II bicycle or Class I separated dual-use pedestrian/bicycle paths to provide for non-motorized transportation connectivity throughout the Amendment Area. In most cases, the conceptual sections differ from standard road sections utilized by the County and where different, the conceptual road standards are unique to the Amendment Area. Conceptual roadway classifications and types are as follows:

- **Expressway:** An expressway running east to west that connects the eastern portion of the Amendment Area and the communities of Oakdale, Riverbank, Modesto, and beyond with access to the State Route 99 / Hammett Road interchange is planned. The expressway would improve access to State Route 99 from the noted communities and link new development within the Amendment Area to the highway. New development within the Amendment Area is expected to provide funding needed to construct the portion of the expressway located within the Amendment Area. Funding to construct portions of the expressway that extend east from the eastern Amendment Area boundary must be acquired and improvements constructed by other parties. The expressway could ultimately be 10 lanes wide, with a right-of-way width of approximately 224 feet. The expressway would likely be constructed in phases and widened over time to respond to demand for increased capacity, as determined by traffic studies, and available funding.

- **Hammett Road:** The right-of-way width for Hammett Road north of Ciccarelli Road would measure 105 feet and would include 6 travel lanes (3 in each direction). A 12-foot Class I dual-use pedestrian/bicycle trail would be located within a 50-foot landscape buffer to the east. The total separation between new development and agriculture to the west of the Amendment Area would total 155 feet, inclusive of the landscape buffer. The right-of-way width for Hammett Road from Ciccarelli Road to Bacon would measure 81 feet and include 4 travel lanes (2 in each direction). A 12-foot Class I dual-use pedestrian/bicycle trail would be located within a 50-foot landscape buffer to the east. The total separation between new development and agriculture to its west inclusive of the right-of-way width and landscape buffer would be 131 feet.

- **4-Lane Backbone Roads:** The following roadways are classified as 4-Lane Backbone Roads: Dale Road, Stoddard Road, Quinturn Lane and Pirrone Road. Right-of-way width for these road segments measures 125 feet and includes either an 8-foot Class I dual-use bike trail and sidewalk or a 6-foot Class II bike lane and 5-foot separated sidewalk on each side of the street.

- **Sisk Road:** Sisk Road would measure 110 feet in total public right-of-way width. The current public right-of-way width for Sisk Road totals 50 feet. New development would improve 60 feet of new right-of-way width on the eastern side of the street.
• Kiernan Avenue Parkway: Kiernan Avenue west of Hwy. 99 from Hammett Road to the west property line of Salida Middle School would measure 81 feet in width and include 4 travel lanes. An 8-foot Class I dual-use bike trail and sidewalk would be located within a 31-foot landscape buffer to the south. Kiernan Avenue Parkway from the west property line of Salida Middle School to Toomes Road would measure 81 feet in width and include three travel lanes and a 5-foot separated sidewalk to the north. An 8-foot Class I dual-use pedestrian/bicycle trail would be located within a 31-foot landscape buffer.

• Bacon Road: Bacon Road right-of-way width would measure 72 feet and include four travel lanes and an 8-foot Class II dual-use bike path and sidewalk to the north.

• Arborwood Road: Arborwood Road right-of-way would measure 82 feet in width and include two travel lanes, a 5-foot Class II bike lane in each direction, and a 4-foot separated sidewalk on both sides of the street.

• Toomes, Ciccarelli, Covert, and Finney: Right-of-way for the named streets would measure 62 feet in width and include an 8-foot Class II bike lane, a 5-foot separated sidewalk on one side of the street, and an 8-foot Class I dual-use pedestrian/bicycle trail on one side of the street.

• Industrial Collectors: Right-of-way width for collector streets within land areas designated for planned industrial or business park land uses would total 80 feet and consist of 34 feet of travel lanes and a 6-foot attached sidewalk on each side of the centerline.

• Right-of-way width for local residential streets serving more than 50 homes would measure 56 feet and include a 5-foot separated sidewalk on both sides of the street. Right-of-way width for local residential streets serving fewer than 50 homes would measure 50 feet and include a 10-foot travel lane, an 8-foot parking lane, and a 4-foot attached sidewalk on each side of the street.

The Development Plans for new development shall specify the roadway classifications and standards required within each Development Plan boundary to ensure that the overall circulation network functions efficiently and effectively. Development Plans may include modifications or additions to the conceptual road standards noted above, with such modifications and additions subject to review and approval of County staff.

Neighborhood Parks and Trails

Neighborhood Parks. Neighborhood parks are intended to serve residents within one-quarter to one-half mile, be within an appropriate walking or cycling distance, and be connected by a multi-use trail system where possible. The Stanislaus County Parks Development Plan suggests that neighborhood parks be provided at a ratio of at least three acres of park land for every 1,000 people. A population increase of 15,063 people is projected should the designated Low-Density, Medium-Density, and Medium High-Density new residential areas build-out within the Amendment Area to their maximum potential. If maximum build-out were achieved, 45 acres of neighborhood parks would be needed to meet County standards. Satisfaction of park provision requirements may also be met through payment of park in-lieu fees. However, given the need for local park facilities within local neighborhoods in the Amendment Area, it is anticipated that park requirements will be largely met through provision of park land. The Community Plan illustrates the general location of potential neighborhood park sites. Where possible, neighborhood parks are placed adjacent to new or existing schools. Co-location of parks and school facilities maximizes the recreational utility of both types of facilities; a full range of complementary recreational opportunities can be provided in one location.
Neighborhood park land may also be designed to serve the dual-uses of recreation and temporary storm water detention. This approach improves land use efficiency.

**Trails.** Community Plan policy requires that new development incorporate multi-use trails, pedestrian corridors, and bicycle facilities. Development Plans for new development must incorporate such improvements to demonstrate that new development is meeting the intent of the Community Plan that significant alternative transportation opportunities be provided to maximize community interconnectedness. Priority should be placed on linking neighborhoods with local neighborhood parks, the Stanislaus River Park, school facilities, and major employment centers. The Development Plans must include policy and guidance for the location and standards of trails, pedestrian facilities, and bicycle facilities.

A regional trail spanning the length of the Stanislaus River Park is planned and would be a valuable asset. Class I or Class II bicycle lanes should be incorporated into the design of new arterial and major collector roadways. Separated dual-use Class I pedestrian/bicycle facilities should also be considered for inclusion in the design of such roadways.

**Schools**

With the increase in population in the Salida community, new schools will be needed to serve new local residents. It is anticipated that up to three new elementary schools and one new middle school will be required. The Community Plan shows the general locations proposed for new elementary school and middle school sites. These schools would complement the new Joseph Gregori High School, the Modesto Christian School, and the Salida Middle School, each of which is located within the Amendment Area. Each of the new schools is planned to include active recreational playfields and other amenities that will substantially expand availability of recreation facilities within the community.

**Public Utilities and Facilities**

New public services and facilities will be needed to support new development within the Amendment Area and may also provide benefit to the existing Salida community. Examples of new public utilities include wastewater treatment service and water service. Facilities include sheriff or fire stations, utility substations, or other utility improvements such as water or wastewater treatment facilities. While provisions have been made for the location of such facilities within the Amendment Area, the Board of Supervisors retains discretion to allow such facilities to be located outside the Amendment Area.

**Emergency Response.** Emergency response and law enforcement services are provided by the Salida Fire Protection District and the Stanislaus County Sheriff’s Department respectively. An additional fire station site may be needed to adequately serve emergency response needs of the community. A new fire station site has been generally designated for a location on Stoddard Road north of Pirrone Road as shown on the Community Plan. Final determination of a fire station site is within the purview of the Salida Fire Protection District and Stanislaus County.
**Wastewater Treatment.** The existing Salida Wastewater Treatment Plant must be expanded or upgraded and/or a new plant constructed to provide treatment capacity for new development. The existing plant site is designated for residential use, but is considered a special treatment area within which continued operation and expansion of the plant is permitted. If an additional treatment plant is needed, it could be located nearly anywhere within the Amendment Area. New wastewater treatment plants can be designed to substantially reduce the types of nuisances normally associated with more traditional facilities (i.e. odors, noise, etc.) and to be very land use efficient. A new plant with capacity to accommodate the new development could be constructed on about 8-12 acres of land. This enables flexibility in locating a new treatment facility because potential land use incompatibility concerns are substantially reduced. Given current requirements of the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, new wastewater treatment facilities must meet stringent environmental standards.

Because water is a limited resource, it is likely that a new plant (and possibly any upgrade to the existing wastewater treatment plant) would be designed to treat wastewater to a tertiary level. A significant volume of recycled water will be produced. Recycled water may be used for a variety of applications such as landscape irrigation, toilet flushing, etc. Use of recycled water would reduce demand for ground or surface water, thereby reducing the impact of new development on existing water sources.

The precise location of a new wastewater treatment facility, if one is needed, will be identified and incorporated into the Development Plan which guides development for that location. The Development Plan must address land use compatibility issues and identify measures to avoid or substantially reduce incompatibilities should incompatibilities be identified.

**Water Supply.** An adequate water supply must be secured and demonstrated for development in accordance with applicable law.